

# Instructions for Form IR-25J

## Joint Economic Development District (JEDD) Individual Return

Use to prepare returns for tax year

2019

\*\*Please Note: On March 31, the City announced the extension of the 2019 filing and payment deadline to July 15, 2020. Instructions have not been updated; rather, see the Deadline Extension FAQ at the back of these instructions for more information.\*\*

#### **Table of Contents**

What's New?	1
Do I Need to File?	1
How do I File?	1
Filing Forms IR-21J and IR-18J	2
Completing Form IR-25J	
Taxpayer Information	2
Part A	3
Part D	3
Part B	4
Part C	4
Net Operating Loss Carry-Forward Worksheet	5
Schedule Y	5
Finishing and Filing Your Return	
Paying Tax Due or Requesting a Refund	6
Mailing Addresses	6
Appendix A: Taxable and Non-Taxable Income	7
Appendix B: Deadline Extension FAQ	8

#### What's New?

**Madison Township JEDD added to JEDD filing forms.** Effective 8/20/2019, Columbus now administers the income tax for the Madison Township JEDD.

## Federal Schedules C, E, and F required to be attached to return.

Individuals who earn income reported on Federal Schedules C, E, and/or F are required to attach these schedules to their JEDD return. See Part C instructions on page 5 for more information.

#### Net Operating Loss Carry-Forward Worksheet.

Individuals who are carrying forward a Net Operating Loss from a prior year are required to complete the new Net Operating Loss Carryforward Worksheet on page 2 of Form IR-25J. See Net Operating Loss Carry-Forward Worksheet line instructions on page 6.

#### Do I Need to File?

Columbus does not require all JEDD residents to file. You only need to file if any of the following apply:

- You earned income in the North Pickaway County, Prairie Township, or Madison Township JEDDs from which income tax was not fully and/or correctly withheld. (Multiply the largest wage figure shown on your W-2 in Box 5 or 18 by the tax rate of the appropriate JEDD above. If the withholding is correct, your result should equal the withholding shown in Box 19 of your W-2).
- 2. You engaged in a business or profession in any of the JEDDs listed above, whether the business showed a profit or loss.

#### **How Do I File?**

#### Should I use Form IR-25J?

You should use Form IR-25J if you are an individual who earned taxable income in one of the JEDDs for which Columbus administers the income tax.

The following businesses should also file using Form IR-25JJ:

- Sole proprietorships Schedule C, Federal Form 1040.
- 2. Rental properties Schedule E, Federal Form 1040.
- 3. Partnerships, Joint Ventures and other types of associations.
  - a. These businesses file their own returns using Form BR- 25; however, if you are a resident who is a partner, you must report your share of the taxable income on your individual return.
- 4. Farm Net Income Schedule F, Federal Form 1040.

Corporations, including S-corporations, partnerships, joint ventures, and fiduciaries (estates and trusts), must file using Form BR-25J.

#### When is Form IR-25J due?

For most taxpayers, the return is due April 15. If you file on a fiscal year other than the calendar year, your return is due on the 15th day of the fourth month following the close of the tax year.

#### What if I need more time?

If you have requested an extension for filing your federal income tax return, you will automatically receive the same extension for filing your JEDD return. If you are not requesting a federal extension but need to request an extension for your JEDD return, you must file Columbus Form IR-42J, Application for Filing Extension, by April 15.

An extension of time to file is not an extension of the time to pay any tax due. If you are unable to pay any taxes owed, you must still file your annual return timely with the Division.

#### What if I file or pay late?

Columbus charges penalty and interest on taxes that are unpaid after April 15, or where timely and sufficient estimated tax payments have not been made (see Filing Forms IR-21J and IR-18J below). If you are unable to pay the full amount of the tax you owe, you must still file your return and pay as much of the tax due as possible by April 15.

#### Can I file Form IR-25J online?

Online filing of Form IR-25J is not available at this time. All forms and instructions are available online at <a href="https://www.columbus.gov/IncomeTaxDivision">www.columbus.gov/IncomeTaxDivision</a>.

#### Filing Forms IR-21J and IR-18J

#### Filing a Declaration of Estimated Tax

You must file Form IR-21J, Declaration of Estimated Tax if:

- You expect to owe more than \$200 to one of the JEDDs in 2020,
- You are a nonresident who has taxable income in one of the JEDDs, or
- You had taxable income in a JEDD in 2019 but will not have taxable income in a JEDD in 2020. Complete Form IR-21J showing zero in Column G.

#### Making estimated payments

Your 2020 Form IR-21J is due on April 15, along with your estimated payment for the first quarter. No extensions of time to file or pay will be granted.

After filing Form IR-21J, you will use Form IR-18J, Quarterly Statement of Estimated Income Tax, to file remaining quarterly payments. Payments are due:

- June 15, 2020
- September 15, 2020
- January 15, 2021

Each estimated tax payment must include a payment of at least 25% of the total estimated tax shown on Form IR-21J or include a credit carryforward.

All 2020 quarterly estimated payments must total at least 90% of the total tax liability shown on your 2020 tax return <u>or</u> at least 100% of the total tax liability shown on your 2019 tax return. If all estimated payments total an amount less than either of these criteria, or if payments are not made by the due dates listed above, you will be subject to penalty and interest.

Form IR-21J, Form IR-18J, and complete instructions for all forms are available on our website at **www.columbus.gov/incometaxdivision.** 

#### **Completing Form IR-25J**

#### Taxpayer Information

- Enter name, current home address, phone number, and social security number in the spaces provided. If you are filing a joint return, provide your spouse's name and social security number.
- If you are filing for a refund, place an "X" in the box marked REFUND located in the upper right section. The requested amount of the refund must appear on Line 6B.

If you are amending an already-submitted return, place an "X" in the box marked **AMENDED** and be sure to indicate the tax year that you are amending in the space provided. If you are amending the City return based upon an amended return that you filed with the I.R.S., you <u>must</u> include a copy of your amended Federal return, including any schedules that pertain to the amendment. If you are filing an amended City return based upon an audit that the I.R.S. conducted, you <u>must</u> include documentation pertaining to the audit and note any changes that were made by the I.R.S. to reduce or increase your taxable income.

- 3. Indicate your filing status.
- 4. If you are requesting that your account be inactivated, indicate the reason (taxes fully withheld by employer, sold business or rental property, etc.) and attach supporting documentation such as Federal Form 1040, W-2 or Statement of Social Security Earnings.
- 5. If you moved during the tax year, enter the date of your move and your previous address. If you are allocating your income as a result of your move, you will need to attach documentation to your return explaining the allocation (such as a copy of a paystub dated close to your move date). If you are requesting that your account be inactivated because you moved from Columbus with no intent to return but are maintaining a Columbus address of record, please attach supporting documentation.
- Enter your occupation. If you are self-employed, enter the nature of your business and your trade name.
- Enter the names of the JEDD(s) or cities in which you worked. If you worked in more than two (2) jurisdictions, attach a list of all the JEDDs/cities to the back of your return.
- 8. Enter JEDD(s) or cities of residence for the year. This should be your city for municipal tax purposes, not

your city for postal purposes. For residency clarification, please call (614) 645-7370.

#### Part A: Taxable Wages

Use Part A to report income from W-2 wages and salaries and W-2G earnings. If you had rental income, net profit income from a sole proprietorship, 1099 income, or other income, please see instructions for Part C.

#### You must:

- a. Attach a copy of your W-2 from each employer,
- b. Attach a copy of your W-2G statement(s), and
- c. Attach a statement listing all employers and associated taxable wages if you had more than two employers.
- List your employer(s) and the address(es) where you
  actually reported for work (this may differ from your
  employer's address printed on your Form W-2). If you
  worked from home, please list the percentage of time
  you worked from home. If you run out of space,
  please attach an additional page.
- 2. For a refund or adjustment to taxable wages, complete Part D. See Part D instructions below.
- 3. Indicate JEDD taxable wages from each employer. If you adjusted any of your taxable wages using Part D, enter the adjusted wages next to the appropriate employer. Be sure to attach copies of any applicable Federal Forms to the back of the return that pertain to your adjustments (days out listing, birth certificate or driver's license).
- 4. Wages for city tax purposes may differ from the Federal Medicare wages reported in Box 5 of your W-2 as adjusted under §718.03 of the Ohio Revised Code. City taxable wages include all wages that may be deferred or excluded from Federal and State taxable wages under §401 of the Internal Revenue Code. These deferrals appear in Box 12 of your W-2 with codes D, E, F, G and S. You may be subject to additional tax due to residency if your employer does not collect and remit courtesy withholding or your employer has incorrectly reported taxable income.

### Part D: Adjustments to Taxable Wages

Complete Part D to reduce your taxable wages (reported in Part A) by amounts in one or more of the following categories:

#### **Under Age 18**

If you turned 18 during the tax year, you may reduce your taxable wages by what you earned while under the age of 18. To do so, enter your date of birth on Line 5.

#### You must:

i. Attach a copy of your driver's license, or

- ii. a copy of your birth certificate, or
- iii. A notarized statement from either parent stating your date of birth.

Do not send originals of your driver's license or birth certificate; they will not be returned.

#### Improperly Withheld Tax

Complete these lines only if your employer withheld tax in error to the JEDD. For example, non-residents who:

- iv. are air carrier, motor carrier, or railroad employees;
- v. are regularly assigned duties in two or more states; and
- vi. had tax withheld to a city other than the city where they live.

#### You must:

- i. attach W-2s and supporting documentation; and
- ii. have your employer complete the certification at the bottom of page 3.

#### **Improperly Withheld Tax from Disability Payments**

Complete these lines only if your employer withheld tax on short-term or long-term disability payments in error to the JEDD.

#### You must:

i. have your employer complete the certification at the bottom of page 3.

## Nonresidents who are Truck Drivers, Air Carrier Employees, or Railroad Employees

Complete these lines only if you are a nonresident employee working in one of these industries and are regularly assigned duties within Ohio only.

If you are a nonresident employee in these industries and are regularly assigned duties in two or more states, complete Lines 4-6.

#### You must:

i. have your employer complete the certification at the bottom of page 3.

#### **Nonresident Days Worked Out**

Complete these lines only if you are a nonresident employee who worked part of the year outside of the JEDD but your employer withheld JEDD tax.

Lines 13-21 are based on a work year of 260 days (representing five (5) days per week times 52 weeks). If your schedule differs from this, adjust the formula accordingly. Sick, vacation and holiday pay are taken into account by the formula.

#### You must:

i. attach a list of all dates and addresses you worked out of the JEDD; and

ii. have your employer complete the certification at the bottom of page 3.

Beginning in tax year 2018, Federal Form 2106 business expenses are no longer deductible on the city return. Qualified performing artists, fee-basis state or local government officials, and employees with impairment related work expenses who use Form 2106 and Federal Schedule 1 to claim these expenses on their Federal Form 1040 should attach their Form 2106 and Schedule 1 to their City return in order to claim this adjustment to income.

#### Part B: Tax Calculation

Complete Parts A, C, and D before entering amounts into Part B.

**Column B:** Enter amount from Part A – Net Wages.

Column C: Enter total amount from Part C (Income from Sources other than Wages,

Salaries, Commissions, etc.), Column K. If a loss, enter 0

If a loss, enter 0.



Columbus does not allow the net loss from an unincorporated business to be used to offset wages, salaries, commissions or other compensation. The amount in Column C **cannot** be less than zero.

Column D: Add Column B and Column C.

Column E: Multiply the figure in Column D by the

appropriate tax rate.

**Column F:** Enter total amount of:

a. JEDD tax shown as withheld on the W-2(s);

- Tax correctly paid to another city on income earned in that city (attach a copy of the return filed with that city).
   This amount is limited to:
  - i. that city's tax rate multiplied by that job's city taxable income; or
  - ii. the appropriate JEDD tax rate multiplied by that job's taxable income.
- c. JEDD tax paid on your behalf by a partnership.

Do not enter declaration payments in Column F. They are entered on Line 2.

Column G: Subtract Column F from Column E.

**Line 1:** Add all Column G amounts.

Line 2: Enter all declaration payments made during the current tax year and any

overpayment carried forward from the prior year.

Do not enter tax withheld or paid by a partnership on your behalf (see Column F).

Line 3: Subtract Line 2 from Line 1. If the result is a negative number, include the number in parentheses and carry to Line 5.

Line 4: Enter penalty and interest, if applicable.

All taxes unpaid after April 15 are subject to a 15% penalty. Taxes remaining unpaid after April 15 are subject to interest at a rate of .583% per month (7% annually).

Line 5: Enter total amount due - Line 3 plus Line 4. If tax due is \$10.00 or less, no payment is necessary.

Line 6: Enter overpayment, if applicable, from Line 2 as a positive number (do not use parentheses).

- a. Line 6A: Enter amount of the overpayment from Line 6 you want credited to your next year's tax estimate.
- Line 6B: Enter the amount of the overpayment from Line 6 you want refunded. Refunds must be greater than \$10.00.

#### You must:

- a. sign your return, and
- b. attach all documentation (see part D) for your refund to be issued.

Part C: Income from Sources Other than Wages, Salaries, etc.

Complete Part C if you have income from a source other than W-2 wages or W-2G income.

#### You must:

- a. Attach Federal Schedules C, E, and/or F and Forms 1099, 4835, etc. to the back of the return,
- Complete the Net Operating Loss Carry-Forward Worksheet if you are carrying forward a net operating loss amount from a prior year return, and
- c. Complete Schedule Y if you are allocating income for a business conducted in more than one city.

Column H: Enter net income (or loss) from your Federal Schedule C or from Schedule Y if you are allocating your income.

Complete Schedule Y only if you engaged in business in more than one taxing district.

#### Column I:

Enter net income (or loss) from your Schedule Federal E. Separate accounting is required to be used when calculating net rental profit subject to city tax. Common or shared rental real estate expenses shall be allocated equally among all rental properties. operating losses are to be applied using separate accounting.

#### Column J:

Enter your share of city taxable income from your Federal Schedules E or F. Passive activity loss carry forwards are not allowed for city tax purposes.

#### Column K:

Total the amounts in columns H through



Net operating loss means a loss incurred by a person in the operation of a trade or business. "Net operating loss" does not include unutilized losses resulting from basis limitations, at-risk limitations, or passive activity loss limitations.

Net Operating Loss: Enter the total amount from the "Carry-forward amount used on this return" column in the Net Operating Loss Carry-Forward Worksheet.

> Net operating loss carry-forwards are limited to the lesser of 50% of the available net operating loss or 50% of your taxable income.

#### Total:

Subtract net operating loss carry-forward from total other income (or loss) and enter total in Part A. Column C.

### Net Operating Loss Carry-Forward Worksheet

You must complete this worksheet if you are carrying forward a net operating loss from a previous tax return to this year's return.



Net operating loss carry-forwards are limited to the lesser of 50% of the available net operating loss or 50% of your taxable income.

Amount available for carry-forward: Enter total net operating losses reported for each prior tax year.

Carry-forward amount used prior to 2019: Enter portion of each year's total net operating loss used prior to tax year 2019.

Carry-forward amount used on this return: Enter portion of each year's loss being used in current tax year. Carry the total of this column to Part C, Net Operating Loss Carry-Forward, above.

Remaining carry-forward: Subtract "carry-forward amount used prior to 2019" and "carryforward amount used on this return" from "amount available for carry-forward".

#### Schedule Y – Business Allocation Formula

Complete Schedule Y to allocate taxable income for business conducted in more than one jurisdiction. In order to promote uniformity and consistency in the calculation of net profits, it is the City of Columbus's policy to strictly interpret Ohio Revised Code §718.02. Commencing with tax year 2004, the use of Separate Accounting in the calculation of Net Profits is no longer an available option.

#### Column A:

Line a- List the average original cost of all real and tangible personal property owned or used that was situated within the city limits.

Include on each line the annual rental on rented and leased real property situated within the JEDD limits multiplied by 8.

Line b- Divide Column A, Line a, by the amount of Line 3. If the amount of Line 3 is zero, enter "n/a" on this line.

#### Column B:

Line a- List the gross receipts from sales made or services performed within the JEDD limits.

Line b- Divide Column B, Line a by the amount of Line 4. If the amount of Line 4 is zero, enter "n/a" on this line.

#### Column C:

Line a- List the wages, salaries and other compensation paid to W-2 employees for services performed within the JEDD limits except compensation exempt from municipal taxation under O.R.C. §718.11.

Line b- Divide Column C, Line a, by the amount of Line 5. If the amount of Line 5 is zero, enter "n/a" on this line.

#### Column D:

Average the three percentages reported in line b. If a percentage for a column is zero but there is still a dollar amount listed in line a, divide by three instead of two.

**Example 1:** Schedule Y Line 5 shows no wages companywide. If Line b for the JEDD shows 30%, 60%, and n/a for Columns A-C respectively, you would divide 90% (30% + 60%) by 2 (since only two columns had numbers).

**Example 2:** Schedule Y Line 5 reports wages companywide. None of those wages are earned in Columbus. If Line b for the JEDD shows 30%, 60% and 0%, for columns A-C respectively, you would divide 90% (30% + 0% +60%) by 3 (since all three columns had numbers, even though Column C's number was zero).

#### Column E:

Multiply the amount shown on the taxable form (Example Schedule C, Schedule E, etc.) by the percentage shown in Column D. If the amount is zero or less, enter zero on the appropriate city line on Form IR-25J, Page 1, Column H. If Column D is more than zero, enter the amount on the appropriate city line on Form IR-25J, Column H.

#### **Finishing and Filing the Return**

#### Sign Your Return

Form IR-25J is not considered a complete return unless you sign it and attach all W-2 statements and required federal tax documents. If you are filing a joint return, your spouse must also sign.

Anyone you pay to prepare your return must sign and date it in the space provided and provide their Paid Preparer Tax Identification Number (PTIN).

#### Third Party Designee

To allow a friend, family member, or any other person of your choosing to discuss your tax return with the City of Columbus, you must:

- a. check "YES" in Third Party Designee area, and
- enter the designee's name, phone number, and SSN.
  - a. if you want to allow the paid preparer who signed your return to discuss it with the City of Columbus, just enter "Preparer" in the space for the designee's name. You do not have to provide the other information requested.

By checking "YES", you (and your spouse if filing a joint return) authorize the City of Columbus to call the designee to answer any questions that may arise during the processing of your return.

You also authorize the designee to:

- a. give the City of Columbus any information that is missing from your return,
- b. call the City of Columbus for information about the processing of your return or the status of your refund or payment(s).
- c. receive copies of notices or transcripts related to your return, upon request, and

d. respond to certain City of Columbus notices about math errors, offsets, and return preparation.

You are not authorizing the designee to receive any refund check, bind you to anything (including any additional tax liability), or otherwise represent you before the City of Columbus.

The authorization will remain in effect for the specific return and tax year on which it appears, unless rescinded on a subsequent return for the same tax year or in writing by the taxpayer.

### Paying Tax Due or Requesting a Refund

#### Paying tax due

If the full amount of the tax liability as reported on Form IR-25J has not been paid by quarterly estimated payments, the unpaid balance must be filed and paid by the due date unless the balance due is \$10 or less. Make your check payable to City Treasurer, and staple your check/money order to the front of page 1 of Form IR-25J.

#### Requesting a refund

If the total of your estimated payments is greater than your actual tax liability, you may use Form IR-25J to request the amount overpaid to be credited to a future tax year or to request a refund of the amount. To request a refund, check the refund box in the upper right section of Form IR-25J and record the refund amount properly on Line 6B. Refunds cannot be less than \$10.

There is a three year statute of limitations for claiming a refund or credit of any overpayment of city tax.

#### Mailing Addresses

Mail your completed Form IR-25J and all attachments to:

#### Refund Requested or No Payment Enclosed:

Mail to: Columbus Income Tax Division

PO Box 182437

Columbus, Ohio 43218-2437

#### **Payment Enclosed:**

Payable to: CITY TREASURER

Mail to: Columbus Income Tax Division

PO Box 182158

Columbus, Ohio 43218-2158

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#### Appendix A

### **Taxable "Other Compensation"**

- 1. Bonuses.
- Compensation paid in property or the use thereof at fair market value to the same extent as taxable for federal tax purposes and so indicated on the W-2 form.
- Contributions made by or on behalf of employees to a qualified deferral plan (401K and the like) - taxed in year earned, deferral not permitted.

Exception: employer matching contributions offered under a cafeteria plan are not taxable. Deferrals even under a cafeteria plan are always taxable.

- Contributions made by or on behalf of employees to a tax-deferred annuity or stock purchase plan (includes any plan where employee has the option to defer).
- 5. Contributions made by or on behalf of employees to a non-qualified deferred compensation plan.
- 6. Cost of group term life insurance over \$50,000 (unless part of a cafeteria plan).
- 7. Director's fees.
- 8. Adoption assistance payments (unless part of a cafeteria plan).
- 9. Excess employee discounts.
- 10. Golden parachute payments. **NOTE:** beginning in tax year 2020, Supplemental Executive Retirement Plans will no longer be taxable at the municipal level.
- 11. Income from guaranteed annual wage contracts.
- 12. Income from jury duty.
- 13. Income from wage continuation plans (includes retirement incentive plans and buy-outs).
- 14. Income received as a result of a covenant or agreement not to compete, which relates to employee wages.
- 15. Interest on below market loans.
- 16. Moving expense reimbursements (follow Federal rules but non-reimbursed expenses are not deductible).
- 17. Pre-retirement distributions from retirement plans (except previously taxed income from deferred plans).
- 18. Prizes, awards and gifts if connected with employment.
- 19. Profit Sharing.
- 20. Royalties (unless derived from registered copyrights, patents or trademarks).
- 21. Severance pay.
- 22. Sick and/or vacation pay.
- 23. Stipends if work required (vow of poverty not recognized).
- 24. Stock bonus incentive plans.
- 25. Stock options.
- 26. Strike benefits paid by employer.
- 27. Supplemental unemployment paid by employer.
- 28. Taxes paid by employer on employee's behalf.
- 29. Tips.
- 30. Union steward fees.
- 31. Clergy income per Ohio Revised Code §718.01(R)(2)(e).
- 32. Gambling Winnings. Losses may not offset winnings.
- 33. Prizes and winnings from sweepstakes.

#### Non-taxable Income

- 1. Alimony.
- 2. Annuities at time of distribution.
- 3. Capital gains.
- 4. Dividends.
- 5. Exempt rental allowance for clergy per IRS.
- 6. Fellowships (unless work/services required).
- 7. Gambling winnings prior to 5/31/12.
- 8. Government allotments.
- 9. Income earned while under 18 years of age.
- 10. Income from Foster Grandparent Program.
- 11. Income of religious, fraternal, charitable, scientific, literary or educational institutions to the extent that such income is derived from tax-exempt real estate, tax-exempt tangible or intangible property or tax-exempt activities.
- 12. Insurance benefits unless your employer paid the premiums. (Pro-rating is allowed if you paid a portion of the premiums).
- 13. Interest.
- 14. Long-term disability payments paid after 1/1/04.
- 15. Meals and lodging required on premises.
- 16. Military pay including reserve pay.
- Nonresident subchapter S corporation income to a resident shareholder (effective 1/1/03) is no longer subject to the tax.
- 18. Patent and copyright income.
- 19. Pension income includes lump sum distributions.
- 20. Prizes unless connected with employment.
- 21. Royalties if derived from intangible property.
- 22. Salaries of the developmentally disabled while working in a government funded workshop for less than minimum wage City of Columbus only.
- 23. Short-term disability payments paid after 7/1/07.
- 24. Social Security benefits.
- 25. State unemployment benefits.
- 26. Welfare payments.
- 27. Worker's Compensation.
- 28. Income from serving as a precinct election official less than \$1,000.
- 29. Non-wage income from motor vehicle transportation companies regulated by the PUCO, including schedule C motor vehicle transportation income.



This list is intended for reference purposes only. It may not be all inclusive and is subject to revision without notice.

## Appendix B Deadline Extension FAQ

On March 31, 2020, the Columbus Division of Income Tax announced an extension of the filing and payment deadlines for 2019 individual income tax and corporate net profit annual returns from April 15 to July 15. Individuals and businesses required to make quarterly estimated payments will also have additional time to make first and second quarter payments. Payments normally due on April 15 and June 15 will now be due on July 15.

The following information is provided to address potential questions regarding the extension.

Who is eligible for this deadline extension?

Any person with a City income tax return or payment due on April 15, 2020, is eligible for an extension deadline. "Person" includes any type of taxpayer, such as an individual, a trust, an estate, a corporation, or any type of unincorporated business entity. The payment due refers to both 2019 City income tax payments (including payments of tax on self-employment income) and first and second quarter 2020 estimated City income tax payments (including payments of tax on self-employment income), regardless of the amount owed.

Do I have to actually be sick, or quarantined, or have any other impact from COVID-19 to qualify for payment relief?

No, you do not have to be sick, or quarantined, or have any other impact from COVID-19 to qualify for relief. You only need to have a City income tax return or payment due on April 15, 2020, as described above.

What are the form numbers of the specific City income tax returns whose filing deadlines have been postponed, from April 15 to July 15?

The deadline extension applies to the filing and payment of City income taxes reported on the following forms:

- Form IR-25, Annual City Return for Individuals
- Form IR-21, Declaration of Estimated Tax
- Form IR-42, Application for Filing Extension
- Form BR-25, Annual City Return for Businesses
- Form BR-21, Declaration of Estimated Income Tax
- Form BR-42, Application for Filing Extension

Additionally, the following forms normally due on June 15 are now due on July 15:

- Form IR-18, Quarterly Statement of Estimated Tax Due
- Form BR-18, Quarterly Statement of Estimated Tax Due

What about businesses or other entities that have filing due dates on some other date besides April 15. Have their filing and payment deadlines been postponed?

> No, any taxpayers who have filing or payment due dates other than April 15 have not been granted deadline extensions at this time.

I haven't filed my 2019 income tax return that would have been due on April 15 yet, but I expect to file it by July 15. What do I need to do?

Nothing, except file and pay any tax due with your return by July 15. You don't need to file any additional forms or call the City to qualify for this automatic City tax filing and payment deadline extension. If you expect a refund, you are encouraged to file your return as soon as you can so that you can receive your refund. If you need more time beyond July 15 to file your return, request an automatic extension of time to file as described next.

What if I am unable to file my 2019 income tax return that would have been due on April 15 by July 15, 2020?

If you are an individual, you can request an automatic extension to file your City income tax return if you can't file by the July 15 deadline. To request an extension, please file form IR-42 by July 15.

You must request the extension by July 15, 2020. If you properly estimate your 2019 tax liability using the information available to you and file an extension form by July 15, 2020, your tax return will be due on October 15, 2020. To avoid interest and penalties when filing your tax return after July 15, 2020, pay the tax you estimate as due with your extension request.

I already filed my 2019 income tax return that would have been due on April 15 and I owe taxes, but I haven't paid yet. What do I need to do to avoid interest and penalties?

To avoid interest and penalties, pay your taxes in full by July 15, 2020. If you filed form IR-25, the tax payment amount can be found on line 5. For a corporation filing Form BR-25, the tax payment amount can be found on line 5. Interest and penalties will begin to be charged after July 15 for any amount remaining unpaid by that date.

I already scheduled a payment of taxes for April 15, 2020 in the Division's Payment Portal. Will this payment be automatically rescheduled to July 15, 2020?

No. You must work with your bank to cancel your scheduled electronic check payment.

The deadline extension applies to first quarter 2020 estimated income tax payments due on April 15, 2020. What about second quarter estimated tax payments due on June 15? Have they been postponed as well?

Yes, second quarter 2020 estimated income tax payments are now due on July 15, 2020. First quarter 2020 estimated income tax payments are also postponed from April 15 to July 15, 2020.

I want to file a claim for a refund for 2016, which must be filed by April 15, 2020 to be timely. Does this relief give me more time to claim my 2016 refund?

No, the relief provided for filing City income tax returns applies only to City income tax returns for the 2019 taxable year. The Notice does not extend relief to any filings or payments for taxable year 2016.

I failed to make the required installments of estimated tax in the required amounts during 2019 for my 2019 taxable year. Does this relief apply to an estimated tax penalty for 2019?

No, the relief does not change the estimated tax requirements or estimated tax penalty for 2019. Individuals and businesses who have not yet received an abatement of penalty and wish to request a one-time penalty abatement should send a written request to the Division.

Does the deadline extension apply to employer withholding or hotel/motel/short-term rental or admissions excise taxes?

No. Normal filing, payment, and deposit due dates continue to apply to employer withholding and excise taxes.

Employers should mail Forms IT-15 and IT-11 with payment to:

The Columbus Income Tax Division PO Box 182489 Columbus, Ohio 43218-2489