# CITY OF COLUMBUS

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## **COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT**

For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2003

Issued by

CITY AUDITOR HUGH J. DORRIAN

# City of Columbus, Ohio Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2003

Issued by: City Auditor's Office

Hugh J. Dorrian, CPA City Auditor



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# Introductory Section

#### COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

#### For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2003

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HUGH J. DORRIAN CITY AUDITOR 614/645-7615



ROBERT L. MCDANIEL
DEPUTY CITY AUDITOR
FAX 614/645-8444

# CITY OF COLUMBUS

90 WEST BROAD STREET COLUMBUS, OHIO 43215

May 4, 2004

To the Citizens of the City of Columbus, Ohio

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Columbus, Ohio (the City) for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2003 is hereby presented to its citizens by their City Auditor, statutorily described as the City's chief accounting officer.

#### INTRODUCTION

The City's Charter states, "The auditor shall be an elector of the City, and be elected for a term of four years . . ." The Charter also sets forth the auditor's powers and duties and states, in part:

The auditor shall be the city's chief accounting officer. He shall keep, in accurate, systematized detail a record of the receipts, disbursements, assets, and liabilities of the city, and the recorded facts shall be presented periodically to officials and to the public in such summaries and analytical schedules as shall be necessary to show the full effect of such transactions for each fiscal year upon the finances of the city and in relation to each department of the city government, including distinct summaries and schedules for each public utility owned or operated.

This report fulfills these duties and is distributed to approximately 500 recipients, which include civic associations, banks, brokers, rating agencies, schools, libraries, university students and city, state and federal officials. This report is also available on the City's website. The Internet address is http://www.cityofcolumbus.org.

The City's management, defined and described in the following paragraph, is responsible for the accuracy of the data contained in this report. The responsibility for completeness, fairness of presentation, and full disclosure of the data also rests with the City's management.

#### The management:

The City's management consists of a Mayor, seven-member Council, City Auditor, and City Attorney. These officials are elected for four-year terms on an at-large basis. The Mayor and four Council members are elected in an odd numbered year. Three Council members, the City Auditor, and the City Attorney are elected in the following odd numbered year. The City's Charter also provides for appointments and elections of successors to these officials if they should, for any reason, vacate their office. All are chosen through a non-partisan election process.

In addition to the elected officials, certain others are major participants in the City's management. The Director of the Department of Recreation and Parks, the Health Commissioner, the Civil Service Executive Secretary, and the Secretary of the Sinking Fund are appointed by, and report to, independent Commissions. All of these Commission members are appointed by the Mayor and are subject to confirmation by the Council. The financial activities of these Commissions (budgets, expenditures, etc.) are subject to approval by the Council and are, therefore, included in this report. The City's Treasurer and Clerk to the Council are appointed by, and serve at, the pleasure of the Council.

The Mayor's cabinet, appointed by him and serving at his pleasure, is not subject to confirmation by the Council. In 2003 the cabinet consisted of the directors of the departments of Public Safety, Public Service, Finance, Public Utilities, Development, Technology, Equal Business Opportunity, Human Resources, and Community Relations.

The City Auditor believes that, to the best of his knowledge, the data contained in this report present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds of the City. All necessary disclosures are included in this report to enable the citizens and other readers to understand the City's financial activities.

#### The report:

This transmittal letter is designed to provide historical information about the City, as well as compliment the required Management's Discussion and Analysis. Generally accepted accounting principles require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). The City's MD&A, which focuses on the government-wide statements, can be found in the Financial Section of this report.

This Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) is designed in a manner to assist and guide the reader in understanding its contents. The report consists of four sections:

- The Introductory Section, which includes this letter of transmittal, contains information pertinent to the City's management and organization. References in this section to Note A, Note B, etc., are to Notes to the Financial Statements contained in the Financial Section of this report.
- The Financial Section contains the Independent Auditor's Report, Management's Discussion and Analysis, Basic Financial Statements, Required Supplementary Information and various other Statements and Schedules pertaining to the City's funds and activities.
- The Statistical Section contains numerous tables of financial and demographic information. Much of this information is shown with comparative data for the ten-year period from 1994 through 2003. Also in this section are data necessary to meet the disclosure requirements of Rule 15c2-12(b)(5)(i)(C) and (D) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC).
- The Single Audit Section, in accordance with the federal Single Audit Act of 1996, includes the following:
  - Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based on the Audit Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*
  - Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and Internal Control Over Compliance and Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal, State, and County Awards
  - Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal, State, and County Awards
  - Notes to Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal, State, and County Awards
  - Schedule of Findings and Ouestioned Costs

#### The reporting entity:

Columbus was first organized as a borough in 1816 and subsequently became a city on March 3, 1834. The City is a home-rule municipal corporation operating under the laws of Ohio. The City's Charter, its constitution, can only be amended by a majority of the City's voters. It has been amended many times since its original adoption in 1914, most recently on November 2, 1999. The laws of the State of Ohio prevail when conflicts exist between the Charter and the state constitution and in matters where the Charter is silent.

Columbus, Ohio's capital city, is located in the central part of the state, approximately 150 miles south of Cleveland and 110 miles northeast of Cincinnati. The City's elevation is approximately 777 feet above sea level. Inter and intra state highways I-70, I-71, I-270, and I-670 serve as some of the City's major transportation arteries. The Ohio State University, with 50,731 students on its Columbus campus, is located near the center of the City. Columbus was ranked as the nation's 15th largest city as a result of the 2000 census.

Some comparative data for Ohio's six largest cities follow. Population estimates for 1980, 1990 and 2000 are from the U.S. Bureau of Census. The Mid Ohio Regional Planning Commission estimates Columbus' population at 743,343 at December 31, 2003. The respective cities' management provided area data as of December 31, 2003.

	<u>Area</u>	Population		
<u>City</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2000</u>	<u>1990</u>	<u>1980</u>
Columbus	222.5 sq. mi.	711,470	632,910	565,021
Cleveland	77.9 sq. mi.	478,403	505,616	573,822
Cincinnati	78.8 sq. mi.	331,285	364,040	385,410
Toledo	84.2 sq. mi.	313,619	332,943	354,635
Akron	62.4 sq. mi.	217,074	223,019	237,177
Dayton	56.3 sq. mi.	166,179	182,044	193,536

The accompanying financial statements comply with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity* and Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*. On this basis, the reporting entity of the City includes the following services to its citizens as authorized by its charter: public service (refuse collection, street engineering and construction, traffic engineering and parking, etc.), public safety (fire, police, etc.), development, health, recreation and parks, and public utilities. In addition, the City owns and operates four enterprise activities: a Water system, a Sanitary sewer system, a Storm sewer and drainage system, and an Electricity distribution system; financial activities for which are contained in this report. Water and sanitary sewer services are metropolitan in nature and reach far beyond the City's corporate boundaries. The City does not operate schools or hospitals, nor is it responsible for public assistance programs.

Other entities included in this report and further explained in Notes A and Q are:

Joint Ventures:

- The Franklin Park Conservatory Joint Recreation District
- Columbus/Franklin County Affordable Housing Trust Corporation
- Columbus Regional Airport Authority

On December 12, 2002 the City of Columbus, Ohio, the Columbus Municipal Airport Authority and the County of Franklin, Ohio entered into the *Port Authority Consolidation and Joinder Agreement*. The effective date of the agreement was January 1, 2003. The agreement unites the operations of Columbus Municipal Airport Authority, created by the City in 1990, and the Rickenbacker Port Authority, created by the County in 1979 and dissolved by the County Commissioners via this action. The new entity is titled the *Columbus Regional Airport Authority (CRAA)*. The board of directors of the CRAA is its governing body and consists of nine (9) members; four (4) appointed by the Mayor of the City of Columbus, four (4) by the County Commissioners of Franklin County and one (1) jointly by the Mayor and the County Commissioners.

Beginning January 1, 2003 the Columbus Regional Airport Authority (CRAA) is characterized as a joint venture of the City and the County whereas, the Columbus Municipal Airport Authority (CMAA) was reported as a component unit of the City through December 31, 2002.

#### The reporting standards:

The City's accounts are organized as funds. Each fund is a separate accounting entity with its own self-balancing set of accounts, assets, liabilities, and fund equity. In 2003 the City had 88 governmental funds (3 major and 85 non major); 10 business type funds (4 enterprise and 6 internal service) and 19 agency funds. Following are the titles of these funds with a brief description.

#### Governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources traditionally associated with government which are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for revenues derived from specific taxes, grants, or other restricted revenue sources. City ordinances or Federal or State statutes specify the uses and limitations of each Special Revenue Fund. During 2003 the City had 43 Special Revenue Funds.

*Debt Service Funds* - Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs. During 2003 the City had 12 Debt Service Funds.

Capital Projects Funds - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds. During 2003 the City had 32 Capital Projects Funds.

*Permanent Funds* – Permanent funds are for the purpose of accounting for resources that are legally restricted to the extent that earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting governments. The City does not have any permanent funds.

#### Proprietary funds:

*Enterprise Funds* - Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises; where the intent of the governing body is that the costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The City has four separate enterprise funds for its Water, Sanitary Sewers, Storm Sewers and Electricity distribution services.

*Internal Service Funds* - Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one division or agency to other divisions or agencies of the government, generally on a cost reimbursement basis. The City has 6 internal service funds.

#### Fiduciary funds:

Agency Funds - Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the government as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds. The City had 19 Agency Funds during 2003. The City does not have any trust funds.

#### Bases of accounting:

Except for budgetary purposes, the bases of accounting used by the City conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units and are consistent with GASB Cod. Sec. 1600, *Basis of Accounting*. All governmental funds are accounted for using a current financial resources-current assets and current liabilities-measurement focus. The modified accrual basis of accounting is utilized for governmental and agency funds. Revenues are recognized when they are susceptible to accrual (both measurable and available). Expenditures are recognized when the related liability is incurred, except for interest on long-term debt which is recorded when due.

The measurement focus on the City's proprietary funds is on the flow of total economic resources (all assets and liabilities). The accrual basis of accounting (revenues are recognized when earned and expenses when incurred) is utilized by the City in its proprietary funds.

The City's basis of accounting for budgetary purposes differs from GAAP in that revenues are recognized when received, rather than when susceptible to accrual (measurable and available), and encumbrances are included as expenditures rather than as reservations of fund balances.

The government-wide financial statements are presented on the full accrual basis of accounting in order to comply with GASB Statement No. 34. Upon implementing GASB Statement No. 34 for the year ended December 31, 2001, infrastructure assets at historical cost (retroactive to 1979) were included as part of the governmental capital assets reported in the government-wide statement. Thus, the depreciated value of construction costs for roads, curbs and gutters and streets and sidewalks is reported.

#### ECONOMIC CONDITIONS AND EMPLOYMENT

The traditional stability of the City's economy continued to be tested in 2003. Average annual unemployment rates (4.7%) for 2003 continued to be well below the State of Ohio (5.9%) and the United States (6.0%) rates. The following data from the Ohio Department of Job and Family Services is a five-year history of unemployment rates for Franklin County (by month) and the Annual Average Rates for Franklin County, the State of Ohio and the United States.

		Unemployment Rates				
	(%,	(%, except for Average Columbus MSA employment base)				
Franklin County:	2003	2002	<u>2001</u>	<u>2000</u>	<u>1999</u>	
January	4.8	4.0	2.6	2.5	2.6	
February	5.0	4.2	2.4	2.7	2.6	
March	5.0	4.4	2.2	2.6	2.5	
April	4.8	4.3	2.1	2.2	2.3	
May	5.0	4.5	2.3	2.3	2.4	
June	5.5	5.0	3.0	2.8	2.8	
July	4.8	4.5	2.7	2.4	2.5	
August	4.5	4.6	2.9	2.5	2.6	
September	4.7	4.8	3.2	2.7	2.8	
October	4.2	4.5	3.0	2.4	2.6	
November	4.2	4.4	3.3	2.3	2.4	
December	4.0	4.1	3.1	2.1	2.1	
Annual Average Rates:						
Franklin County	4.7	4.4	2.8	2.4	2.5	
State of Ohio	5.9	5.7	4.3	4.1	4.3	
United States	6.0	5.8	4.8	4.0	4.2	
Average Columbus MSA employment	848,100	843,900	850,900	847,100	808,000	

The February 2004 Franklin County unemployment rate was 4.9%; the most recent data available.

The City's General Fund balance (budget basis) reached an all time historic high at calendar year 1999 of \$70.880 million. It declined in 2000 to \$65.838 million, rebounded in 2001 to \$67.216 million, but declined again in 2002 to \$50.368 million and in 2003 to \$39.382 million.

The City continues to maintain assets within the General Fund designated for future year's expenditures. This portion of the General Fund consists of unencumbered cash in two subfunds contained in the General Fund. These subfunds, available for General Fund purposes at the discretion of Council, are the Economic Stabilization Fund (the "rainy day" fund) and the Anticipated Expenditure Fund. Council determined in 1994 that the Economic Stabilization Fund is entitled to a proportionate share of interest earnings from the City's investment pool described in this letter under Cash Management and in Note C. The amounts in these subfunds over the last ten years follow:

		Budget Basis in Thousands				
		Economic	Anticipated	Total		
Year	Undesignated	stabilization	expenditure	General		
Ended	<u>subfund</u>	<u>subfund</u>	<u>subfund</u>	<u>fund</u>		
1994	\$ 11,559	\$ 8,478	\$ 300	\$ 20,337		
1995	25,245	10,022	1,050	36,317		
1996	18,064	11,725	1,800	31,589		
1997	26,000	13,515	2,550	42,065		
1998	37,949	22,583	8,920	69,452		
1999	37,557	23,807	9,516	70,880		
2000	30,811	25,250	9,777	65,838		
2001	29,794	26,870	10,552	67,216		
2002	11,060	28,006	11,302	50,368		
2003	8,958	18,372	12,052	39,382		

The Economic Stabilization Fund was established in 1988. The first usage of the fund occurred in 2003. The Anticipated Expenditure Fund was established in 1994.

Employment in the Greater Columbus Area continues to be service oriented. Eight of the twelve (12) largest employers in the Columbus area are government or government-oriented (the State of Ohio, The Ohio State University, United States Postal Service, Defense Supply Center – Columbus, Defense Finance and Accounting Service – Columbus, Columbus Public Schools, City of Columbus and Franklin County). The fifty largest employers in the Greater Columbus area are shown in the Statistical Section of this report. These major employers, representing government, insurance, public utilities, manufacturing, retail, banking, research, medical and services, provide a broad and diverse employment base.

#### **Employee relations:**

The City's employee relations are established largely in association with the following labor organizations:

American Federation of State, County, and Municipal Employees (AFSCME), Locals 1632 and 2191. (www.afscme.org)

AFSCME has approximately 2,381 members among the City's 5,153 civilian employees. AFSCME has, however, bargaining rights for approximately 2,765 of these employees. The current labor agreement between the City and AFSCME was effective April 1, 2002 and continues through March 31, 2005.

Fraternal Order of Police (FOP) (www.fop9.org)

FOP has bargaining rights for all of the City's police officers except for the chief and his five deputy chiefs. Of the City's 1,843 police officers, 1,773 are members of the FOP. The contract between the City and FOP has an expiration date of December 3, 2005.

• International Association of Firefighters (IAFF) (www.iaff.org)

IAFF has bargaining rights for all the City's firefighters except for the chief and one of his five assistant chiefs. Membership in the IAFF includes 1,490 of a total 1,539 firefighters. The current contract was effective June 1, 2001 and continues through May 31, 2004.

- Columbus Municipal Association of Government Employees; Communication Workers of America, Local 4502 (CMAGE/CWA).
- CMAGE/CWA has approximately 746 members and has bargaining rights for approximately 1,251 of the 5,153 civilian employees. The current contract was effective August 24, 2002 and continues through August 23, 2005.

Under Ohio's Collective Bargaining Act, if members of the police or fire division cannot reach agreement with the City they "shall submit the matter to a final offer settlement procedure." This requirement of Ohio law is referred to as a "no-strike" or "binding arbitration" provision. Other employees are permitted to strike under Ohio law after giving proper notification.

#### **MAJOR INITIATIVES**

#### **Current Projects and Service Efforts and Accomplishments**

#### **Cost containment efforts**

The City continues its cost containment efforts, particularly in light of the modest economic results in the region. Expenditures and transfers out of the General Fund in 2003; \$530.552 million (GAAP); were 2.1% less than the comparable expenditures and transfers out in 2002. This represents the first decrease in year to year expenditures and transfers out the General Fund has experienced since the City began GAAP reporting in 1979.

This cost containment resulted primarily from personnel reductions. The number of civilian employees of the City; not police officers or firefighters; at December 31, 2003 was 5,153; 271 less than the 5,424 at December 31, 2002 and 481 less than the 5,634 at December 31, 2001. The following table demonstrates the decline in hours worked, fulltime equivalent employees based on a 2,080 hour work year and changes since 2001.

	<u>2001</u>	<u>2002</u>	2003
Hours worked (in thousands):			
General Fund (includes police and fire)	12,593	12,180	11,687
Health funds	905	875	830
Recreation and parks funds	1,592	1,526	1,348
All other funds	4,665	4,848	4,942
Total	19,755	19,429	18,807
Full time equivalent employees:			
General fund (includes police and fire)	6,054	5,856	5,619
Health funds	435	421	399
Recreation and parks funds	765	734	648
All other funds	2,243	2,330	2,376
Total	9,497	9,341	9,042
Year to year change, increase (decrease),			
of fulltime equivalent employees:			
General Fund (includes police and fire)	-	(198)	(237)
Health funds	-	(14)	(22)
Recreation and parks funds	-	(31)	(86)
All other funds	-	87	46
Total		(156)	(299)

#### The Columbus Health Department

The Columbus Health Department protects and promotes the health of the public. This takes on a variety of forms from inspecting restaurants to providing prenatal care to pregnant women. During 2003, the department faced both traditional and emerging public health infections. This included an unprecedented demand for flu vaccine this past December. Mounting media attention around the early onslaught of influenza in the western states coupled with the announcement by vaccine manufacturers that they had run out of vaccine for the year motivated a much higher number of people in Columbus to seek protection from the flu. Whereas in December

the clinic typically serves about 60 people per day, at the peak this year, the clinic was serving 500-600 people. To respond, the department set up an incident command system, pulled staff from various areas and served more than 3,000 people in a 10 day period.

In a time of mounting need for public health services and diminishing resources, the department is also working to maximize revenues for clinical services. Late in 2003, the department finalized a contract to establish a clinical information system that will enable comprehensive third party billing for a range of clinical services for which the department previously has not billed. It is anticipated that this system will also enable other clinical efficiencies and enhance operations and our ability to serve vulnerable populations well into the future.

#### **Development Department**

The Downtown Business plan began in 2002 with a goal of developing 10,000 downtown housing units in 10 years. Currently there are 2,900 housing units in production with private investments of more than \$142 million. Four hundred eighty-six units have opened; 1,068 are under construction; 435 have been approved and await groundbreaking; and 916 have been proposed. The average price of new downtown condos sold in the last year was \$174,000. The average price of downtown condos proposed or under construction is \$328,000.

The Department of Development's Economic Development Division helped create 1,093 full-time jobs, retained 1,989 jobs and triggered over \$116 million in private sector investment. Through the use of tax incentives there has been over \$1.58 billion invested in new real and personal property investment since 2000.

#### PROSPECTS FOR THE FUTURE

While the recent economy has brought its challenges, the City continues as a strong provider of public service.

- On May 4, 2004, the City received \$55.1 million from the Solid Waste Authority of Central Ohio (SWACO). These monies resulted from a bond issue by SWACO and have been paid to the City in partial satisfaction of lease rental payments due the City as fully described in Note H. SWACO is a separate and distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio. Its primary task is to dispose of garbage. As fully described in Note H, SWACO leased, in 1993, a trash burning power plant from the City. After the plant's closure in 1994 SWACO became in arrears in lease payments to the City. These monies have been deposited in the Economic Stabilization component (rainy day fund) of the City's General fund.
- The economic strength of Columbus lies in the imagination and inventiveness of its people. The presence in Columbus of
  institutions of education such as The Ohio State University, Columbus State Community College, Ohio Dominican College,
  Capital University, Franklin University, Otterbein College, DeVry Institute, Columbus College of Art and Design and others,
  assure Columbus of a talented work force for continued economic development.
- Unemployment continues to be low when compared to state and national levels. Stability of the City's work force, due to its
  high government, education and other service-oriented employment, would indicate a continuance of this comparison. The
  Ohio Bureau of Jobs and Family Services indicates an increase of 4,200 jobs in Franklin County in 2003 in contrast with a
  decrease of 7,000 jobs in 2002.
- The City continues to enjoy major developments, both residential and commercial, in the downtown and throughout the City, indicative of continued economic activity and a quality living experience.
- Population continues to grow. The U.S. Bureau of the Census indicated 711,470 inhabitants in Columbus in 2000 compared to 632,910 in 1990, an increase of 12.4% in the decade. The Mid Ohio Regional Planning Commission estimates the population of Columbus at December 31, 2003 to be 743,343, an increase of 14.2% since 1993.

#### FINANCIAL INFORMATION

#### Accounting system and budgetary control:

The City's Charter states that the Mayor and the Auditor, officials separately elected and independent of each other, shall supervise all departmental expenditures and shall keep such expenditures within appropriations. The Auditor performs a pre-audit of the City's expenditures. Post-audits are performed by independent certified public accountants, not only of the City's financial activities, but also of grant monies expended by various private and quasi-public agencies acting as subgrantees of the City.

The Charter mandates other checks and balances. The most important of these, as it relates to the City's financial stability and credit worthiness, states that no contract, agreement, or other obligation involving the expenditure of money shall be entered into, nor shall any legislation be passed by the Council, unless the Auditor first certifies that money required for the obligation is in the Treasury to the credit of the fund from which the expenditure is to be paid, or is in the process of collection. The City's fiscal accounting system also provides for checks and balances between the Auditor and the Treasurer.

Budgetary control is maintained at Object Level One for each division within each fund via legislation approved by the Council. The various objects are:

01	Personal services	05	Other
02	Materials and supplies	06	Capital outlay
03	Contractual services	07	Interest on debt
04	Debt principal payments	10	Transfers

Lower object levels two and three are accounted for and reported internally. Estimated amounts must be encumbered prior to release of purchase orders or other contracts to vendors. Encumbrances in excess of the available object level one appropriation are not approved unless additional appropriations are authorized. Except for Capital Projects Funds and grants (initial appropriations continue until expended or modified by Council), unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal (calendar) year.

The City's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the government are protected from loss, theft, or misuse, and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met.

The Council authorizes appropriations, both original and supplemental. Supplemental appropriations are common. Appropriations are further explained in Notes to Required Supplementary Information.

#### **Internal controls:**

Internal controls begin with separation of powers; separately elected officials such as Mayor, Council, City Attorney, and City Auditor. A structure of departments and divisions where duties are separated to the extent practicable also provides controls. An independent Civil Service Commission establishes hiring (and firing) policies for classified employees. Disbursements by the Treasurer can only be pursuant to a warrant of the City Auditor. Warrants can only be issued pursuant to written authorization of a department director. These and other control features are prescribed by the City's Charter.

#### **General Fund:**

The growth in both population and land area that the City experiences continue to exert demands for its services. The General Fund balance at December 31, 2003 equates to 10.0% (GAAP) of expenditures and transfers out for 2003. A five-year comparison of its General Fund activity follows. Five-year comparisons, as compared to a shorter period, will assist the reader in more meaningful analyses. The revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance shown in these comparisons are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting as applicable to government.

General Fund
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
1999-2003
(in thousands)

		2003	2002	<u>2001</u>	2000	<u>1999</u>
Revenues:						
Income taxes	\$	329,077	326,612	326,259	315,610	308,223
Property taxes		45,660	41,520	40,881	39,049	34,403
Investment earnings		7,783	13,260	27,060	32,745	17,821
Licenses and permits		957	1,150	11,538	10,700	11,972
Shared revenues		57,170	56,679	61,932	61,982	56,661
Charges for services		33,961	27,794	26,758	27,099	24,420
Fines and forfeits		17,091	15,522	12,924	12,591	12,468
Miscellaneous		5,445	8,575	5,651	11,234	4,339
Total revenues		497,144	491,112	513,003	511,010	470,307
Expenditures:						
General government		61,776	67,059	65,781	58,116	53,327
Public service		47,816	51,411	54,860	49,003	46,971
Public safety		360,893	352,147	339,129	319,831	287,800
Development		16,497	20,486	29,800	27,165	25,567
Health		267	163		-7,100	-
Recreation and parks		501	420	_	_	_
Capital outlay		1,273	2,958	3,181	7,552	8,486
•	•					
Total expenditures		489,023	494,644	492,751	461,667	422,151
Excess of revenues over expenditures		8,121	(3,532)	20,252	49,343	48,156
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in (out):						
Cash returned from over funded employee						
benefits fund		14,157	-	-	-	-
Tipping fees		13,450	13,659	15,701	11,343	10,878
Helicopters		-	651	-	1,270	1,002
Other		73	112	-	-	-
Health		(16,204)	(17,420)	(19,499)	(20,560)	(19,027)
Recreation and parks		(25,122)	(27,167)	(29,760)	(29,586)	(27,739)
Other		(203)	(2,810)	(3,242)	(4,109)	(4,967)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(13,849)	(32,975)	(36,800)	(41,642)	(39,853)
Excess (deficit) of revenues and						
other financing sources over						
expenditures and other financing uses		(5,728)	(36,507)	(16,548)	7,701	8,303
Fund balance at beginning of year		58,858	95,365	111,913	104,212	95,909
Fund balance at end of year	\$	53,130	58,858	95,365	111,913	104,212

#### Revenue narrative:

Brief descriptions of the City's major revenue components follow.

#### **Income taxes:**

The City's income tax continues to be its primary source of revenue. The tax applies to all wages, salaries, commissions, and other compensation paid by employers and/or the net proceeds from the operation of a business, profession, or other enterprise activity. The initial tax rate of .5%, collected in 1948, was increased to 1% in 1956, 1.5% in 1971, and to the current 2% in 1983. Income tax rates of cities and villages within the State of Ohio are limited to a maximum of 1%, unless specifically approved by a majority of the resident voters of the respective city or village. There are 565 cities and villages within the State of Ohio that now levy a local income tax. Rates range from .30% to 2.75%.

Local school districts in the State of Ohio are also permitted to levy an income tax, but only with the approval of a majority of voters within the district. Ohio has 611 school districts; 126 have an income tax. Rates range from 0.5% to 2.0%.

Approximately 85.3% of the City's income tax collected in 2003 was via employers withholding the tax from employees' earnings and remitting the tax to the City on a statutorily prescribed schedule. Approximately 9.8% of collections originated from business accounts and 4.9% from independently employed individual taxpayers. Depending on the amount withheld, employers must remit to the City on a semi-monthly, monthly, or quarterly frequency, with the largest amounts being remitted semi-monthly.

One quarter of the revenue from this tax is accounted for in a Debt Service Fund and is primarily used for servicing debt pertaining to non-enterprise type capital improvements. Tipping fees for disposal of garbage collected by the City are also paid from this fund on the City's budget basis of accounting. On the modified accrual basis of accounting, such tipping fee amounts are transferred to the General Fund and expended as public service expenditures. Three-quarters of income tax revenues are used for General Fund purposes. Income tax revenues on the budget basis represent 2003 collections of \$454.3 million less refunds of \$15.0 million for a net amount of \$439.3 million. Beginning in 2002 the City began designating certain collections to defray collection agency fees on delinquent accounts. Income tax revenues on the modified accrual basis of accounting, net of refunds, were \$438.993 million and are reported in the following funds:

(in thousands)

<u>Fund</u>		<u>2003</u>	<u>2002</u>	<u>2001</u>	<u>2000</u>	<u>1999</u>
General General Bond Retirement Special Income Tax Other governmental-special revenue	\$	329,077 97,325 12,368 223	326,612 90,837 18,060 58	326,259 94,439 14,288	315,610 87,335 17,867	308,223 89,778 12,963
Total	\$ _	438,993	435,567	434,986	420,812	410,964
% increase (decrease) over prior year		.79	.13	3.37	2.40	7.76 %

A ten-year history of the income tax revenue and cash collections, net of refunds, appears in the Statistical Section of this report. The City acts as collection agent for 9 other cities and villages in the central Ohio area. Fees collected by the City for these services totaled \$421,423 in 2003, and are accounted for in the General Fund as charges for services.

#### **Property taxes:**

Property taxes in Ohio are levied and collected by its 88 counties. The City lies partially within three of these counties: Franklin, Fairfield, and Delaware. After collection, the counties distribute portions of these taxes to the political subdivisions (school districts, cities, villages, townships, etc.) located within their geographic borders. Property taxes for the City represent a tax rate of approximately 3.14 mills (\$3.14 per \$1,000 of taxable valuation) applied to the assessed value of property located in the City. Assessed values represent approximately 35% of appraised values. This rate, 3.14 mills, has remained unchanged since 1956.

Increases in this rate can only occur with approval of the City's voters. Revenues from property taxes are used for General Fund operations, including a partial provision, 0.60 mills, for current police and fire pension costs. Revenues produced by this millage for the General Fund were:

	(in thousands)								
		<u>2003</u>	<u>2002</u>	<u>2001</u>	<u>2000</u>	<u>1999</u>			
General Fund	\$	45,660	41,520	40,881	39,049	34,403			
% increase (decrease) from prior year		9.97	1.56	4.69	13.50	2.71	%		

Assessed values of taxable property at December 31, 2003 within the City, in the counties in which the City is located, were as follows:

	(in thousands)				
Franklin	\$	14,199,724			
Fairfield		122,830			
Delaware		166,320			
Total	\$_	14,488,874			

Total assessed values in the City over the past ten years are shown below. Values of Franklin, Fairfield, and Delaware counties are included in years where applicable.

Fiscal	For Tax Collection In	Assessed Value	% Increase From
<u>Year</u>	Fiscal Year	(in thousands)	Prior Year
1994	1995	\$ 9,266,927	0.96 %
1995	1996	9,483,390	2.34
1996	1997	10,130,785	6.83
1997	1998	10,483,853	3.49
1998	1999	10,972,327	4.66
1999	2000	12,397,530	12.99
2000	2001	12,939,074	4.37
2001	2002	13,107,854	1.30
2002	2003	14,551,080	11.01
2003	2004	14,488,874	(.43)

Property assessed values steadily increased over the period 1994 to 2002, with larger increases evident every three years. These three-year increases result from comprehensive reappraisals of property that take place every six years, and less formal triennial updates that occur the third year in between the six year reappraisals. Six-year reappraisals took place in 1999, with the resulting increases in property tax collections occurring in 2000. In 1996 and 2002 triennial updates occurred. Property taxes levied in 2003 but not collectible until 2004 are accounted for in the General Fund as accounts receivable and deferred revenue at an estimated amount of \$45.1 million.

The decline in total assessed values for collections in 2004; shown in detail in Table 4 in the Statistical Section of this report; is due to legislated declining assessed values, as a percent of appraised values, of personal property. Personal property is defined as equipment and inventory used in business. Real property, land and buildings, assessed value continued to increase; by 2.39%.

Additional data on property values and taxes appear in the Statistical Section of this report.

#### **Investment earnings:**

The City's investment policies are discussed later in this letter under *Cash management* and in Note C. This source of revenue is not conducive to year-to-year comparisons. Investment earnings are only deposited to the General Fund after all statutorily directed earnings are deposited to the appropriate funds: enterprise funds, grant funds, etc. Earnings for the past five years have been:

				(in thousands)		
<u>Funds</u>		<u>2003</u>	<u>2002</u>	<u>2001</u>	<u>2000</u>	<u>1999</u>
General	\$	7,783	13,260	27,060	32,745	17,821
General Bond Retirement		57	81	125	244	136
Special Income Tax		-	-	108	-	-
Other governmental	_	356	854	2,086	3,253	2,658
Total governmental funds		8,196	14,195	29,379	36,242	20,615
Enterprise	_	2,975	6,393	8,024	7,544	7,700
Total	\$_	11,171	20,588	37,403	43,786	28,315

#### Licenses and permits:

Licenses and permits are issued by the City to regulate activities related to building, health, and other business enterprises. Increased collections in 1999 are indicative of several major building projects in Columbus in addition to increases in the rate of fees in May 1998. Over the past five years, revenues in the General Fund resulting from licenses and permits amounted to:

	<u>2003</u>	<u>2002</u>	<u>2001</u>	<u>2000</u>	<u>1999</u>
Amount	\$ 957	1,150	11,538	10,700	11,972
% increase (decrease) from prior year	(16.78)	(90.03)	7.83	(10.62)	23.52 %

In 2002 revenues and expenditures of the Building Services division of the Department of Development were accounted for in a nonmajor governmental (special revenue) fund. Prior to 2002 this activity was accounted for in the General Fund. The activity is now intended to be self sustaining with no other support from the General Fund. In 2003 activity accounted for in the Development Services special revenue fund was \$22.492 million in revenue and \$22.050 million in expenditures.

#### **Shared revenues:**

Shared revenues in the General Fund include the taxes listed below which are levied and collected by the state or counties and partially redistributed to the City and other political subdivisions. Provided below is a five-year history of the City's share of these revenues as reported in the governmental fund financial statement on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

	(in thousands)						
		<u>2003</u>	<u>2002</u>	<u>2001</u>	<u>2000</u>	<u>1999</u>	
State income, sales, corporate							
franchise, and public utility taxes:							
Local government fund	\$	43,075	43,677	46,881	44,867	41,750	
Local government revenue assistance fund		3,830	3,879	4,080	3,984	3,822	
Estate tax		9,272	8,105	9,972	12,125	10,152	
State liquor fees		960	982	964	968	901	
Cigarette tax and other		33	36	35	38	36	
Total	\$	57,170	56,679	61,932	61,982	56, 661	
% increase (decrease) from prior year		.87	(8.48)	(.08)	9.39	(1.14) %	

The decline in revenues from the 2000 levels of the Local government fund and the Local government revenue assistance fund is directly attributable to effects of the nationwide and Ohio-wide economic recession, thereby reducing the level of support from the state of Ohio to its cities.

#### Charges for services:

The City performs certain services for its citizens and other municipalities for which it charges various amounts. These services include impounding, storing and selling abandoned autos; fire and police protection provided to certain suburbs; parking meter fees; and various other services. Additionally the City's General Fund allocates certain citywide costs initially borne by the General Fund to certain other funds. These costs (pro rata charges) are allocated by charging certain other funds a statutorily approved rate of 4 1/2%, as determined by the City's most recent cost allocation plan, of their gross revenue.

These revenues in the General Fund over the past five years have produced:

	(in thousands)						
		<u>2003</u>	<u>2002</u>	<u>2001</u>	<u>2000</u>	<u>1999</u>	
Parking meters and fees	\$	3,125	3,394	3,413	3,199	2,981	
City Attorney charges		1,067	739	707	683	587	
City Auditor charges		421	580	573	593	521	
Police services		4,963	4,039	3,361	3,179	3,128	
Fire services		6,612	1,913	1,840	1,760	1,711	
Pro rata charges		16,433	16,352	15,402	14,912	14,215	
All other		1,340	777	1,462	2,773	1,277	
Total	\$_	33,961	27,794	26,758	27,099	24,420	
% increase (decrease) from prior year		22.19	3.87	(1.26)	10.97%	(1.39) %	

Police services in 2003 include \$1.035 million received from the local public school district for special police services in schools; the first year for such revenue.

Fire services in 2003 include \$4.619 million (\$3.573 million collected in 2003) representing charges for emergency medical transportation services; the first year for such revenue.

#### Fines and forfeits:

These revenues consist of fines and forfeits imposed by the Franklin County Municipal Court, and parking tickets issued by the City's parking violation's bureau. Increased "prices" for parking tickets and various fines in 2002 resulted in the significant increase in this revenue source during 2002 and 2003.

			(in thousands)		
	<u>2003</u>	<u>2002</u>	<u>2001</u>	<u>2000</u>	<u>1999</u>
Fines and forfeits	\$ 11,470	10,656	8,804	8,382	8,326
Parking ticket revenue	 5,621	4,866	4,120	4,209	4,142
Total	\$ 17,091	15,522	12,924	12,591	12,468
% increase (decrease) from prior year	10.11	20.10	2.64	0.98	(2.33) %

#### Miscellaneous:

Miscellaneous revenues in the General Fund on the modified accrual basis of accounting consist of the following:

				(in thousands)		
		<u>2003</u>	<u>2002</u>	<u>2001</u>	<u>2000</u>	<u>1999</u>
,		• 004				
Hotel/motel taxes	\$	2,804	2,707	2,735	3,764	3,571
Refunds and reimbursements		1,206	5,755	2,266	7,146	636
Other	_	1,435	113	650	324	132
Total	\$ _	5,445	8,575	5,651	11,234	4,339

Refunds and reimbursements in 2002 and 2000 include nonrecurring refunds from the Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation. Proportionate shares of the refund were returned to the respective funds from which the premium had been paid.

Expressed as percentages of total revenues, the major General Fund revenue components over the past five years are:

	<u>2003</u>	<u>2002</u>	<u>2001</u>	<u>2000</u>	<u>1999</u>
Income taxes	66.2	66.5	63.6	61.8	65.5 %
Property taxes	9.2	8.5	8.0	7.6	7.3
Investment earnings	1.6	2.7	5.3	6.4	3.8
Licenses and permits	.2	.2	2.2	2.1	2.6
Shared revenues	11.5	11.5	12.1	12.1	12.0
Charges for services	6.8	5.7	5.2	5.3	5.2
Fines and forfeits	3.4	3.2	2.5	2.5	2.7
Miscellaneous	1.1	1.7	1.1	2.2	0.9
Total revenue	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0 %

#### Transfers in narrative:

Transfers in in 2003 represent a non recurring transfer of cash (\$14.157 million) from an over funded employee benefits fund of monies previously paid into the fund from General Fund resources. The employee benefits fund remains fully funded as determined by independent actuaries. Transfers in also include \$13.450 million transferred from the Special Income Tax Debt Service Fund representing tipping fees expended therefrom on the City's budget basis of accounting. Tipping fee costs appear as public service expenditures.

#### Expenditure narrative:

The practice of transferring monies from the General Fund to the Health Department Fund and the Recreation and Parks Fund, both Special Revenue Funds, is a method used annually by the City to provide resources to these funds. It is appropriate, therefore, to consider transfers out in the following analysis of the General Fund. After combining transfers out with expenditures, the major General Fund components over the past five years are:

				(in thousands)		
		<u>2003</u>	<u>2002</u>	<u>2001</u>	<u>2000</u>	<u>1999</u>
General government	\$	61,776	67,059	65,781	58,116	53,327
Public service		47,816	51,411	54,860	49,003	46,971
Public safety		360,893	352,147	339,129	319,831	287,800
Development		16,497	20,486	29,800	27,165	25,567
Capital outlay and other		2,041	3,541	3,181	7,552	8,486
Total expenditures	_	489,023	494,644	492,751	461,667	422,151
Health		16,204	17,420	19,499	20,560	19,027
Recreation		25,122	27,167	29,760	29,586	27,739
Other (transfers out)	_	203	2,810	3,242	4,028	4,967
Total transfers out	_	41,529	47,397	52,501	54,174	51,733
Total	\$_	530,552	542,041	545,252	515,841	473,884
% increase (decrease) from prior year	_	(2.12)	(.59)	5.70	8.85	6.59 %

#### Transfers out narrative:

The City's General Fund provides financial support to its Health department (\$16.204 million) and to its Recreation and Parks operations (\$25.122 million). Financial activity of these services is primarily accounted for in Other Governmental Funds. Total expenditures reported in the fund financial statements for these services were \$37.106 million for the Health Department and \$71.290 million for the Recreation and Parks Department.

Expressed as percentages, the General Fund expenditures and transfers out over the past five years are:

	<u>2003</u>	<u>2002</u>	<u>2001</u>	<u>2000</u>	<u>1999</u>
General government	11.6	12.4	12.0	11.3	11.3 %
Public service	9.0	9.5	10.0	9.5	9.9
Public safety	68.0	65.0	62.2	62.0	60.7
Development	3.1	3.8	5.5	5.3	5.4
Capital outlay and other	.5	.6	.6	1.4	1.8
Total expenditures	92.2	91.3	90.3	89.5	89.1
Health (transfers out)	3.1	3.2	3.6	4.0	4.0
Recreation and parks (transfers out)	4.7	5.0	5.5	5.7	5.9
Other (transfers out)		5	0.6	0.8	1.0
Total transfers out	7.8	8.7	9.7	10.5	10.9
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0 %

Public safety, primarily police and fire services, continues to be the dominant expenditure function of the General Fund.

While not necessarily represented in each of the City's funds, expenditures by function used in this report represent the following City divisions:

#### **General government:**

- Mayor
- City Council
- City Treasurer
- City Attorney
- Real Estate
- City Auditor
- Income Tax
- Municipal Court Judges
- Municipal Court Clerk
- Civil Service Commission
- Community Relations Commission
- Equal Business Opportunity Director
- Office of Education
- Finance Director
- Purchasing
- Human Resources
- Technology Director
- Information Services
- Telecommunications

#### Public service:

- Service Director
- Construction Inspection
- Engineering and Construction
- Facilities Management
- Fleet Management
- Refuse Collection
- Traffic Engineering and Parking

#### **Public safety:**

- Safety Director
- Communications
- Fire
- Police

#### **Development:**

- Building and Development Services
- Department Administration
- Economic Development and Planning Services
- Housing and Community Services

#### **Capital Outlay:**

• Expenditures for capital assets with estimated useful lives of five years or more.

#### Health

• General Fund monies of \$16.204 million were transferred to the Health Department in 2003.

#### **Recreation and parks:**

 General Fund monies of \$25.122 million were transferred to the Recreation and Parks Department in 2003.

#### **Public utilities:**

- Public Utilities Director
- Storm Sewers

#### **General Fund balances:**

The City is required to maintain accounting records on a budget basis, as explained earlier in this letter. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund presented as Required Supplementary Information immediately following the notes to the financial statements show the actual results of the budgeted general fund for 2003. A contrast in the two accounting methods and their impact on General Fund balances is shown below. A reconciliation between the General fund changes in fund balance on the budget basis versus the modified accrual basis is also presented on the Budgetary Comparison Schedule for 2003.

General Fund balances at December 31,	<u>2003</u>	<u>2002</u>	2001 (in thousands)	<u>2000</u>	<u>1999</u>
Budget Basis:			·		
Designated for future years expenditures	\$ 30,424	39,308	37,423	35,027	33,323
Undesignated	8,958	11,060	29,793	30,811	37,557
Total fund balance	\$ 39,382	50,368	67,216	65,838	70,880
Modified Accrual - GAAP Basis:					
Reserved for encumbrances	\$ 14,539	11,633	17,347	27,317	21,148
Unreserved					
Designated for future years' expenditures	30,471	39,573	37,884	35,521	33,660
Undesignated	8,120	7,652	40,134	49,075	49,404
Total unreserved	 38,591	47,225	78,018	84,596	83,064
Total fund balance	\$ 53,130	58,858	95,365	111,913	104,212

#### **Grants and subsidies:**

Grants and subsidies received by the City are accounted for in the Special Revenue Funds, and Capital Projects Funds. The five-year history of the City's grants and subsidies reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting follow.

Funds		2003	<u>2002</u>	(in 2001	thousands)	1999
	ď	<u> </u>		<del></del>		
Special Revenue Capital Projects	\$	79,588 7,404	76,130 5,262	69,923 7,157	52,134 4,233	49,246 4,340
Total	\$ _	86,992	81,392	77,080	56,367	53,586
% increase (decrease) from prior year		6.9	5.6	36.7	5.19	(16.00) %
Certain significant grants received by	the Ci	ty in 2003 are s	shown below.	Gran .	th assaulta)	
Women's, Infants and Ch	ildren	Program via		(In	thousands)	
U.S. Department of Ag			557	\$	3,466	
Programs for the Aging-T	itle II	I-Parts C and A	. Nutrition			
Services via Ohio Dep					2,702	
Medical Assistance Programmer	am (P	ASSPORT) via	the Ohio			
Department of Aging -	,	,	tule onto	2	25,798	
Community Developmen	t Bloc	k Grant - non I	oan Program v	ia		
U.S. Department of Ho			-		10,381	
Empoyeement Zones Drogram via U.S. Deportment of Housing						
-	Empowerment Zones Program via U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development – CFDA 14.244 5,318					
Franklin County Saniors	Eronklin County, Soniore Ontione via Eronklin County, Ohio					
Trankini County Semois	• Franklin County Seniors Options via Franklin County, Ohio 2,234					

#### Capital assets:

Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of five years. Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, and infrastructure (e.g. roads, curbs, and gutters, streets and sidewalks, and drainage systems) are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost (for certain assets acquired prior to 1960). Pursuant to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 34, the historical cost of infrastructure assets (retroactive to January 1, 1979) is included as part of the governmental capital assets reported in the government-wide statements. Contributed capital assets are recorded at their market value at the time of contribution. Capital assets are further described in Note F.

#### **Enterprise funds:**

The City operates four enterprise activities: a Water system, a Sanitary Sewer system, a Storm Sewer system and an Electricity distribution system, which are accounted for in separate enterprise funds. Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises—where the City intends that the costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The City accounts for its enterprise funds on the full accrual basis of accounting.

Following are the annual charges and rate increases (decreases) for the average Columbus resident/user of water and sewers over the last ten years. An average Columbus resident/user is defined as a customer using 12,000 cubic feet of water annually. Water and sanitary sewer charges are designed to provide resources for both capital and operating costs. Storm sewer charges are designed to provide resources for storm sewer operating costs (maintenance) and certain, but not all, capital costs.

	Wat	ter	Sanitary Sewers		Storm	Storm Sewers		<u>Total</u>		
<u>Year</u>	Annual charge	% increase (decrease)	Annual <u>charge</u>	% increase (decrease)	Annual charge	% increase (decrease)	Annual <u>charge</u>	% <u>increase</u>	Moving ten year % increase	
1995	\$ 162.12	5.5	\$ 217.81	5.0	\$ 29.27	(22.8)	\$ 409.20	2.5	92.0	
1996	168.12	3.7	224.35	3.0	19.68	(32.8)	412.15	0.7	83.6	
1997	173.16	3.0	231.10	3.0	19.68	0.0	423.94	2.9	84.2	
1998	179.64	3.7	228.70	(1.0)	19.68	0.0	428.02	1.0	85.9	
1999	183.36	2.1	228.60	0.0	19.68	0.0	431.64	0.8	79.4	
2000	183.36	0.0	228.60	0.0	26.52	34.8	438.48	1.6	68.9	
2001	183.36	0.0	228.60	0.0	29.88	12.7	441.84	0.8	46.3	
2002	183.36	0.0	228.60	0.0	32.70	9.5	444.66	0.6	30.8	
2003	192.60	5.0	240.12	5.0	34.35	5.0	467.07	5.0	26.1	
2004	206.52	7.2	262.92	9.5	36.14	5.2	505.58	8.2	26.7	

The City's enterprises are not subject to rate review or determination by the Public Utilities Commission of Ohio or any similar regulatory body. The City's Council has the necessary authority to establish appropriate user rates when needed. The rates are reviewed and established by the Council annually. The frequency and amounts of rate setting authority lies solely with the City's Council.

#### Water:

The City's Water enterprise serves the residents of the City and the majority of suburban communities in the Columbus vicinity. The population of the service area is estimated in excess of one million persons. The Water enterprise serves 260,875 customer accounts, owns and maintains 2,495 miles of water mains primarily within the City and maintains an additional 839 miles of mains beyond the City's borders.

The City obtains its raw water supply from rivers, reservoirs and wells. The enterprise conducted a regional water resource project titled *Water Beyond 2000* which is used as a guide to develop additional water supply, treatment facilities, and distribution components as dictated by increasing demand. Future supply requirements will be addressed through a combination of demand management efforts, expansion of the existing South Wellfield and construction of upground reservoirs along the Scioto River north of the City. All necessary land for the South Wellfield Expansion and the upground reservoirs has been purchased.

The Water enterprise operates three treatment plants. A summary of the historical pumpage over the last five years follows:

			(in millions of g	allons)	
	<u>2003</u>	<u>2002</u>	<u>2001</u>	<u>2000</u>	<u>1999</u>
Minimum day	110	111	109	119	110
Maximum day	189	216	203	184	209
Average day	141	146	143	139	145
Total year's pumpage	51,393	53,298	52,038	51,037	53,009

The enterprise operates one of the most sophisticated water laboratories in the nation. The lab has maintained its EPA certification continually since the certification process began in 1976 pursuant to the Safe Drinking Water Act of 1974. On a semiannual basis, the lab must conduct various water study sample tests. The certification covers both equipment and personnel and represents a measure of quality performance. The staff is fully supported with state of the art equipment. Their primary responsibility is to assure that the Water enterprise is, and will remain, in compliance with all federal, state and local requirements.

A five-year comparison of certain Water enterprise data is shown below:

	(iı	n thousands, ex	cept for number	r of employees)	
	<u>2003</u>	<u>2002</u>	<u>2001</u>	2000	<u>1999</u>
Assets	\$ 449,569	471,463	447,038	433,298	447,912
Net assets	168,814	165,087	156,901	147,990	139,156
Operating revenues	93,138	97,650	96,488	93,803	97,295
Operating expenses	(79,673)	(80,109)	(78,679)	(72,781)	(73,420)
Operating income	13,465	17,541	17,809	21,022	23,875
Nonoperating					
Investment income	1,075	2,323	4,018	2,106	2,818
Interest expense	(12,113)	(11,742)	(12,451)	(14,363)	(15,987)
Other, net	74	64	(465)	69	2,304
Transfers in	1,226	-	-	-	-
Change in net assets/net income	3,727	8,186	8,911	8,834	13,010
Number of employees	547	539	544	547	576

All bonds of the Water enterprise are paid from Water enterprise revenues.

#### **Sanitary Sewers:**

The City's Sanitary Sewer enterprise also serves the metropolitan area with approximately 256,647 customer accounts, both residential and commercial. Included in the total sewer system are 2,363 miles of sanitary sewers, 1,789 miles of storm sewers, and 205 miles of combined sanitary/storm sewers. The costs and related financial activities of sanitary and combined sewers are accounted for in the Sewer Enterprise Fund.

The Sanitary Sewer enterprise operates two treatment plants. During 2003 treatment data was as follows.

	(mi	llions of gallons per day	·)
	Southerly <u>Plant</u>	Jackson <u>Pike Plant</u>	<u>Total</u>
Minimum day	61.2	42.5	103.7
Maximum day	214.0	109.2	323.2
Average day	102.5	81.2	183.7
Maximum capacity	200.0	110.0	310.0

When the Jackson Pike plant reaches capacity the excess automatically flows through connectors to the Southerly plant. The Southerly plant has a design capacity that allows gallons treated to exceed, by approximately 20%, the maximum longer term sustainable maximum capacity for shorter periods of time. In 2003 gallons treated on six days; 5/11, 6/14, 8/30, 9/2, 9/3 and 9/27, exceeded the longer term sustainable capacity, with 6/14 being the maximum treatment day of 214.0 million gallons.

A five-year comparison of certain Sanitary Sewer enterprise data is shown below:

	(in thousands, except for number of employees)						
		<u>2003</u>	<u>2002</u>	<u>2001</u>	<u>2000</u>	<u>1999</u>	
Assets	\$	1,085,871	1,056,581	999.402	931,126	925,368	
Net assets	Ψ	470,824	462,967	444,199	431,509	412,821	
Operating revenues		115,506	121,904	115,652	116,570	117,041	
Operating expenses		(91,932)	(87,874)	(85,328)	(79,224)	(80,590)	
Operating income		23,574	34,030	30,324	37,346	36,451	
Nonoperating							
Investment income		1,222	3,409	3,585	4,488	4,069	
Interest expense		(18,189)	(19,598)	(20,757)	(23,145)	(25,110)	
Other, net		59	482	(462)	-	(79)	
Transfers in		1,191	445	-	-	-	
Change in net assets		7,857	18,768	12,690	18,689	15,331	
Number of employees (years prior to 2002							
(include storm sewer employees)		505	497	544	571	589	

All bonds and notes of the Sanitary Sewer enterprise are paid from Sanitary Sewer enterprise revenues.

#### **Storm sewers:**

Prior to 2002 the City's Storm sewer financial activity was accounted for in a governmental type special revenue fund. Beginning with 2002, Storm sewer assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses have been accounted for in a business type activity enterprise fund. The City intends that all costs of the Storm sewer enterprise be supported by user charges except for debt service, principal and interest, on bonds authorized by the voters in 1991 and prior. This debt service amount in 2003 was \$ 2.944 million and is included in the enterprise financial statements as Transfers in. Final maturity on these bonds, all general obligation type bonds, is 2018.

The City's Storm sewer enterprise owns and maintains 1,789 miles of such sewers and has 192,005 customer accounts, all within the City's borders. Certain Storm sewer enterprise data is shown below.

C (1 1		1 (	1 \
(in thousands.	except for n	umber of	employeesi

	2003	2002
Assets	\$ 107,365	106,095
Net assets	39,290	33,341
Operating revenues	20,943	21,218
Operating expenses	15,234	(14,903)
Operating income	5,709	6,315
Nonoperating		
Investment income	635	330
Interest expense	(3,409)	(3,395)
Transfers in	3,014	30,091
Change in net assets	5,949	33,341
Number of employees	34	34

#### **Electricity:**

The City owns and operates an Electricity distribution system and accounts for it in the Electricity Enterprise Fund. The system had its origin in the 1890's and generated electricity from burning coal. The initial sole purpose for its existence was to light the streets of the City. In response to environmental concerns, the City ceased burning coal in 1977 and ceased generating electricity. The City continued distributing electric power by purchasing all of its needed power from privately owned and other publicly owned utilities.

After a lengthy construction period, the City's solid waste resource recovery facility, a refuse derived fuel power plant, with capital costs of approximately \$200 million, began operations in the fourth quarter 1983. On April 1, 1993, the City leased the plant and related transfer stations (the Plant) to the Solid Waste Authority of Central Ohio (SWACO), a separate and distinct political sub-division of the State of Ohio. The annual lease payments to the City were to be in the amount of the related debt service requirements on bonds that were issued for the construction of the Plant. This lease resulted in the removal of certain real and personal property assets from the Electricity Enterprise Fund with original costs totaling \$205.5 million of which \$3.4 million was transferred to the then General Fixed Asset Account Group. The lease was accounted for in the Electricity Enterprise Fund as a capital lease in accordance with Statement No. 13 of the Financial Accounting Standards Board, *Accounting for Leases*. Due to a series of federal court decisions and U.S. EPA decisions the Plant ceased operations at the end of 1994. The City then began, in 1995, to buy all of its power from sources other than SWACO. The City's Electricity distribution system has 13,449 residential and commercial customers.

As indicated above the Plant ceased operations in December 1994. The Plant no longer burns garbage nor generates electricity and therefore does not receive any income. It provides no service and produces no product. SWACO continues, however, to operate a landfill. The City is SWACO's largest customer at the landfill for landfill tipping fees.

At the end of 1994, upon the closing of the Plant, its associated direct financing lease was no longer deemed to be an Electricity Enterprise Fund asset nor were the general obligation bonds related thereto considered an Electricity Enterprise Fund liability. The City, therefore, in December 1994 transferred the direct financing lease (the asset) and the general obligation bonds related thereto (the liability) to the Debt Service Fund and the then General Long-Term Obligations Account Group, respectively.

In 1984 the City issued \$70.0 million of Variable Rate Demand Electric System Revenue Bonds. Proceeds of the bonds were used toward the completion of the Plant. Bondholders, however, had first lien on all revenues of the Electric Enterprise. Even after the closure of the Plant in 1994, these bonds, because of the lien on all revenues of the enterprise, remained as liabilities of the enterprise. In 2001 these revenue bonds were converted, refunded, by the issuance of Governmental Type general obligation fixed rate unvoted bonds of the City. Since no claim on enterprise revenue remains and the related asset was long ago, 1994, transferred out of the enterprise, the remaining bonds of \$29.450 million outstanding at December 31, 2001 were transferred out of the enterprise in 2002 as a nonreciprocal interfund transfer.

As explained further in Note H the City and SWACO again amended the lease in 1998 and in 2004. The City agreed to continue to deliver its garbage to the SWACO landfill and to reduce the liability of SWACO to the City to 65%, as opposed to 100%, of the City's remaining Plant related debt service at January 1, 1995. SWACO agreed to ensure landfill capacity until the year 2025 and to institute a new garbage fee, which would be paid to the City. In 2003 the City recognized \$10.4 million of revenue from SWACO; accounted for as miscellaneous revenue (rent) in the Special Income Tax Debt Service Fund.

A detailed computation of the City's lease receivable at December 31, 2003 is shown in Note H.

Also see information regarding SWACO in the PROSPECTS FOR THE FUTURE section of this transmittal letter.

Rates charged to customers are determined solely by the City's Council after recommendation by the Electricity Enterprise management. Council's determination is final and is not subject to review or approval by any other regulatory body. Rates are, however, subject to market driven competition provided by the private electric utility in the area.

A five-year comparison of certain Electricity enterprise data is shown below:

	(in thousands, except for number of employees)					
		<u>2003</u>	<u>2002</u>	<u>2001</u>	<u>2000</u>	<u>1999</u>
•	Φ.	05.106	0.4.662	06.010	00.042	00.620
Assets	\$	85,106	84,662	86,818	99,943	99,639
Net assets		49,093	45,935	14,020	13,027	3,938
Operating revenues		57,608	56,168	52,560	50,590	47,378
Operating expenses		53,616	(53,176)	(50,758)	(44,122)	(49,860)
Operating income (loss)		3,992	2,992	1,802	6,468	(2,482)
Nonoperating						
Investment income		43	331	421	950	812
Interest expense		(1,260)	(1,015)	(3,138)	(3,840)	(3,460)
Other, net		2	7	(92)	-	(48)
Transfers in		381	29,600	2,000	5,511	10,100
Change in net assets		3,158	31,915	993	9,089	4,922
Number of employees		126	126	115	123	143

#### **Debt administration:**

#### Summary of outstanding notes and bonds payable:

The City's outstanding notes and bonds represent indebtedness for capital needs only, except for the Police and Firemen's Disability and Pension Fund Employers Accrued Liability Refunding Bond (P&F Bond), (\$20,675,000) an unvoted general obligation bond accounted for in governmental type debt, and the FNMA Single Family Mortgage Revenue Note (\$41,587). Notes payable and long-term obligations are explained further in Note G. Following are some pertinent data, both current and historical, regarding the City's outstanding notes and bonds.

#### **Ratings:**

In 1995 both Standard & Poor's Corporation and Moody's Investors Service, Inc. raised their credit ratings of the City's general obligation bonds to AAA and Aaa, respectively. The City's bond ratings are further described in MD&A in the financial section and on Table 29 in the Statistical Section of this report. More information on the City's outstanding bonds and notes appears in Note G.

#### **Sources of Repayment:**

Long-term Notes and Bonds and loans payable; exclusive of the obligation under capitalized lease (Note J) of \$1.740 million and the Electricity enterprise notes of \$1.693 million; in the total amount of \$1.672 billion will be repaid from the following sources:

Source/Description		Amount (in thousands)	<u>%</u>
Debt Service Fund:		()	
General obligati	\$ 453,155	27.1 %	
	Voted-unlimited variable interest rate	23,390	1.4
	Unvoted-limited	204,935	12.2
	Unvoted-limited/assessment	167	0.0
Revenue:	Fixed Interest Rate	30,455	1.8
	Variable Interest Rate	5,000	0.3
	Note-long-term fixed interest rate	3,058	0.2
Total I	Debt Service Fund	720,160	43.0
Housing mortgage revenu	ie payments:		
Single Family N	Mortgage Revenue Note (FNMA)	42	0.0
Total h	nousing mortgage revenue payments	42	0.0
Internal Service Funds:			
Information services			
	on: Unvoted-limited	3,165	0.2
Fleet management:			
General obligati	on: Unvoted-limited	480	0.0
	nternal Service Funds	3,645	0.2
Enterprise Funds:			
Water revenues:	Wated and incited firm distance and	127.947	7.6
General obligati	on: Voted-unlimited fixed interest rate  Voted-unlimited variable interest rate	127,847	7.6 2.5
	Unvoted-limited	41,415 53,394	3.2
Revenue:	Fixed interest rate	44,110	2.6
Total V		266,766	15.9
		200,700	13.9
Sanitary sewer reven		170.010	10.2
General obligati	on: Voted-unlimited fixed interest rate Unvoted-limited	170,810	10.2
	Unvoted-limited/assessment	22,825 462	1.4 0.0
Revenue:	Fixed interest rate	60,700	3.6
Revenue.	Variable interest rate	51,600	3.1
	OWDA/EPA loans	283,530	17.0
Total S	Sanitary Sewer	589,927	35.3
Storm sewer revenue	•		
	on: Voted-unlimited fixed interest rate	54,568	3.3
General obligati	Voted-unlimited trace interest rate  Voted-unlimited variable interest rate	4,610	0.3
	Unvoted-limited	6,825	0.4
Total 9	Storm Sewer	66,003	4.0
Electricity revenues:			
-	on: Voted-unlimited fixed interest rate	14,234	0.9
General congac	Voted-unlimited variable interest rate	5,460	0.3
	Unvoted-limited	5,076	0.3
	Unvoted-limited/assessment	1,310	0.1
Total I	26,080	1.6	
Total I	948,776	56.8	
Total		\$ 1,672,623	100.0 %
		<del></del> -	

#### A recap of the bonds and notes follows:

		Amount			
	_	(in thousands)	%	%	
General obligation:		_			
Voted-unlimited					
Fixed interest rate	\$	820,614	49.1%	68.7	%
Variable interest rate	_	74,875	4.5	6.3	
Total voted		895,489	53.6	75.0	
Unvoted-limited					
Fixed interest rate	_	298,639	17.8	25.0	
Total general obligation	_	1,194,128	71.4	100.0	%
Revenue:					
Fixed interest rate					
(including OWDA/EPA)		421,853	25.2	88.2	%
Variable rate		56,600	3.4	11.8	
Mortgage revenue note-fixed	_	42	0.0	0.0	
Total revenue	_	478,495	28.6	100.0	%
Total	\$_	1,672,623	100.0%		

The Columbus Regional Airport Authority (CRAA) formerly the Columbus Municipal Airport Authority; beginning January 1, 2003, is no longer a component unit of the City (See Note A) and is now considered a joint venture (See Note Q). The CRAA does continue, however, to pay debt service on certain general obligation bonds of the City issued in earlier years when airport operations were owned by and operated as a division of the City. \$13.500 million of such bonds remained outstanding at December 31, 2003 and are included in the above tables as General Obligation – Voted (\$1.875 million) and General Obligation – Unvoted (\$11.625 million).

Voted-unlimited general obligation debt represents debt authorized by a vote of the City's electors. The voters grant the City unlimited authority to levy property taxes to the extent necessary to pay this debt, both principal and interest. However, the City actually repays the debt, if Governmental Type debt from its Debt Service Funds and, if accounted for in an enterprise fund from the respective enterprise fund. Resources in the Debt Service Funds are primarily income tax with lesser amounts of certain recreation fees and special assessments.

Voted debt, therefore, carries a "double barreled" protection for its bond holders and represents, as indicated in the above table 75.0% of the City's general obligation debt; 53.6% of its total bonds and long-term notes. It has long been the City's policy not to rely on, or impose, property tax levies to service its debt. The City intends to continue this policy.

Unvoted-limited general obligation debt represents debt authorized by the City's Council without a direct vote of the electors. As explained later in the *Debt Limitations* section of this letter, the City is limited in its property tax levying authority regarding unvoted debt. This debt is also repaid from the City's debt service funds and from enterprise fund revenues in the same manner and from the same resources as the Voted debt described in the previous paragraph. All of the City's special assessment supported bonds and notes are Unvoted-limited general obligation debt.

The City may, at its option, convert the variable interest rate bonds to a fixed interest rate. Furthermore, these bonds may be called at the discretion of the City under specified procedures on any interest payment date. Note G describes various fundamentals of the variable rate bonds and the City's obligations thereunder. The City has complied with all requirements of the bond agreements.

The revenue bonds accounted for as Governmental Type represent the City's Tax Increment Financing (TIF) bonds. The City's liability for these bonds is limited to resources, money, collected via the TIF. Such monies are accounted for in Debt Service Funds.

In conjunction with the issuance of the Water and Sewer revenue bonds, the City entered into various trust agreements with commercial banks. These trust agreements require that the City establish various funds for the cost of construction and replacement of property and equipment and repayment of debt. Restricted assets, consisting of cash, investments and accrued interest receivable, relating to the revenue bonds and certain general obligation bonds were held by both the City and bond trustees. These assets and related liabilities are identified as restricted in the City's financial statements contained in this report and further identified in Note G.

#### **Bond and Note History:**

Outstanding bonds and notes consistently represent the largest of the City's liabilities. It is meaningful therefore to show a longer history of this debt. At December 31 of each of the last ten years outstanding bonds and notes are shown in the following table; restated in years prior to 2004 to properly eliminate revenue bonds of the Columbus Municipal Airport Authority, a component unit of the City prior to 2004.

		(in thousands)	
	Bonds and	Short-term	
<u>Year</u>	long-term notes	notes	<u>Total</u>
1994	\$ 1,383,920	1,919	1,385,839
1995	1,403,841	327	1,404,168
1996	1,435,790	313	1,436,103
1997	1,513,791	1,126	1,514,917
1998	1,603,983	81	1,604,064
1999	1,663,927	176	1,664,103
2000	1,697,710	1,541	1,699,251
2001	1,733,404	1,830	1,735,234
2002	1,776,312	-	1,776,312
2003	1,672,623	1,693	1,674,316

#### Per capita debt:

Data on the net general bonded debt of the City for the period 1994 through 2003 appears in the Statistical Section of this report. Such data at December 31 for the last five years is shown below. Population used in the calculations represents estimates by the Mid Ohio Regional Planning Commission for 1999, 2001, 2002, 2003 and the U.S. Census Bureau for 2000. Bonded debt includes long-term notes but excludes the capitalized lease of \$1.740 million and the short term Electricity enterprise notes of \$1.693 million.

	(dollar amounts in thousands, except per capita debt)					
		2003	<u>2002</u>	<u>2001</u>	<u>2000</u>	<u>1999</u>
Gross bonded debt	\$	1,672,623	1,776,312	1,733,404	1,697,710	1,663,927
Less Debt Service Funds for G.O. debt		(166,839)	(165,985)	(160,083)	(148,677)	(135,216)
Less TIF revenue bonds		(35,455)	(36,905)	(34,050)	(30,050)	(30,050)
Less TIF revenue long-term note		(3,058)	(1,221)	-	-	-
Less FNMA revenue note		(42)	(66)	(88)	(117)	(589)
Less payable from enterprise revenues:						
General obligation bonds						
Water		(222,656)	(244,514)	(228,592)	(218,966)	(237,718)
Sanitary Sewer		(194,097)	(219,530)	(227,204)	(196,991)	(216,984)
Storm Sewer (excludes \$17.024 million						
supported by income tax revenues)		(48,980)	(51,772)	-	-	-
Electric		(26,080)	(30,801)	(63,758)	(35,921)	(37,262)
Revenue bonds and OWDA/EPA loans						
Water		(44,110)	(48,790)	(53,185)	(57,205)	(60,950)
Sanitary Sewer		(395,830)	(360,865)	(317,092)	(291,638)	(284,402)
Electric		-	-	-	(44,600)	(47,600)
Less payable by CRAA						
General obligation bonds	_	(13,500)	(18,445)	(23,435)	(28,430)	(33,395)
Net general bonded debt	\$	521,976	597,418	625,917	645,115	579,761
Assessed property value	\$	14,488,874	14,551,080	13,107,854	12,939,074	12,397,530
Population		743,343	734,024	720,230	711,470	698,495
Net general bonded debt per capita		702.20	813.89	869.05	906.74	830.01

#### **Debt limitations:**

The City is within all of its legal debt limitations, as described in Note G and in MD&A. More data regarding the City's notes payable and long-term obligations appear in Note G. Table 29 in the Statistical Section of this report contains data necessary to meet the disclosure requirements of Rule 15c2-12(b)(5)(i)(C) and (D) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC).

# Cash management:

### **Depository Commission and Treasury Investment Board:**

The City's Treasury Investment Board and Depository Commission are entities created by the Columbus City Codes, local legislation. Both entities consist of the City Treasurer, Chairman; City Auditor, Secretary; and Finance Director, member. The entities, therefore, provide checks and balances in the investing and depositing process. The Treasurer is appointed by the City Council, the Auditor is a separately elected position, and the Finance Director is appointed by the Mayor. Formal legislation, Columbus City Codes Sections 321 and 325 set forth the duties and limitations of the entities.

### **Investment policies:**

The City pools its cash, except for that held by revenue bond trustees, fiscal and escrow agents and certain Debt Service and Agency Funds, for maximum investing efficiency. Each fund type's portion of the pool is reported on the combined balance sheet as *Cash and investments with treasurer*. Earnings on the pool are allocated at the discretion of City Council after meeting the revenue bond indenture and other requirements.

The City does not purchase any form of derivatives. The City does not engage in reverse repurchase agreements, nor does it leverage its investment portfolio in any manner. Only eligible investments with remaining terms not greater than 2 years until final maturity are purchased. Average days to maturity of the City's investments, exclusive of those held by bond trustees, at December 31, 2003 was 367.1 days (424.2 at December 31, 2002). The City purchases investments only through member banks of the Federal Reserve System or broker-dealers registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. The City's investment code and practices have consistently protected the portfolio from unnecessary credit risks (safety) and market risks (liquidity) while providing a competitive yield. The City's investment policies are further explained in Note C.

#### **Permissible investments:**

Permissible investments for the City's portfolio are limited to:

- Bonds, notes or other obligations of the United States government or its agencies for which the faith of the United States is pledged for the payment of principal and interest thereon.
- Bonds, notes, debentures, or other obligations issued by certain federal government sponsored enterprises.
- The Ohio State Treasurer's Asset Reserve Fund (STAR Ohio) pursuant to Ohio R.C. 135.45.
- Bonds or other obligations of the City of Columbus, Ohio.
- Obligations of the State of Ohio or any of its political subdivisions not in default of principal or interest and which have been approved as to their validity by nationally recognized bond counsel.
- Repurchase agreements that are collateralized with legally authorized securities as defined in Section 325.010 of Columbus City Code and held in third-party safekeeping designated by the City Treasurer and in the name of the City of Columbus.

Cash and investments over the past five years have been:

		(	in thousands <u>)</u>		
	<u>2003</u>	<u>2002</u>	<u>2001</u>	<u>2000</u>	<u>1999</u>
Per Governmental Funds Balance Sheet- Total government funds					
Cash and investments with treasurer	\$ 327,456	412,752	483,594	505,368	444,027
Cash and investments with fiscal and escrow agents and other	430	390	395	328	240
Investments	3,244	3,383	3,295	3,280	3,299
Per Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Assets					
Total Enterprise Funds					
Cash and cash equivalents with treasurer	104,596	131,122	111,316	89,544	107,251
Restricted cash and cash equivalents with treasurer and other	63,632	102,202	66,902	36,734	42,845
Restricted cash and cash equivalents with trustee	8,677	8,571	8,133	16,450	15,746
Internal Service Funds					
Cash and cash equivalents with treasurer	19,060	37,618	32,906	23,393	18,230
Agency Funds – cash, cash equivalents and investments	54,959	39,816	38,574	37,230	44,676
Total	\$ 582,054	735,854	745,115	712,327	676,314

Descriptions, amounts and the City's safeguarding (custodianship and collateralization) policies are recited in Note C.

# Risk management:

### Property and liability coverage:

The City assumes the liability for most property damage and personal injury risks. Judgments and claims, including those incurred but not reported as of year end, are recorded when it is probable that an asset has been impaired or a liability has been incurred and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. The City does reduce its exposure to high risks, however, through various insurances and employee safety programs.

The City's division of Police owns a fleet of seven jet-powered helicopters. Five of these helicopters (models M/D 500E), valued at approximately \$1,000,000 each, are insured for both hull insurance (\$1million per helicopter with \$100,000 deductible) and liability insurance (\$10,000,000 per occurrence; \$1,000,000 per passenger; no deductible). The other two crafts (models Bell OH-58) are presently not insured and not being operated pending sales. One accident occurred in 1998 causing the City to pay the \$100,000 deductible portion of the hull damage claim of one M/D 500E helicopter. No liability claim resulted from the accident. No losses have occurred since 1998.

The City insures its buildings, which are valued at \$1.5 million or more, and their contents with a per occurrence deductible of \$100,000. This policy expires August 1, 2004. One loss of \$100,000 occurred in 2002.

D-1:---

### **Surety bond coverage:**

<u>Position</u>	Coverage	Amount	<u>Deductible</u>	Policy Expiration
City Treasurer	Fidelity Bond	\$ 5,000,000	-0-	12-31-04
Deputy Treasurer	Fidelity Bond	5,000,000	-0-	12-31-04
Police through rank of sergeant	Honesty Blanket Position Bond	25,000	-0-	12-31-04
All other employees and				
elected or appointed				
officials including all				
officially appointed members				
of City Boards and/or	Faithful Performance			
Commissions	Blanket Bond	250,000	20,000	12-31-04

The City of Columbus assumes all other risks of general liability and property/casualty claims.

# Litigation experience:

As stated in Note B, the City is a defendant in a number of lawsuits pertaining to matters which are incidental to performing routine governmental and other functions. At December 31, 2003, claims approximating \$287.38 million were outstanding against the City. Based on the current status of all these legal proceedings, it is the opinion of management that ultimate resolution of such will not have a material effect on the City's financial statements.

The City Attorney represents the City in all legal matters. Following is a summary of experience of the City over the last ten years of those claims resulting in litigation.

<u>Period</u>	Cases <u>filed</u>	Seeking	Cases closed	<u>Seeking</u>	Paid by <u>City</u>
1994	117	\$ 224,834,669	218	\$ 73,065,819	\$ 726,534
1995	527	200,515,923	274	308,133,105	1,449,802
1996	587	374,030,995	253	360,217,314	1,895,454
1997	436	362,432,071	215	25,307,846	1,144,248
1998	300	95,962,919	369	383,901,846	3,055,966
1999	231	79,002,119	343	76,583,495	3,337,192
2000	255	111,909,000	279	498,431,450	1,098,284
2001	246	56,255,348	401	106,040,956	669,670
2002	291	831,062,292	282	93,173,415	1,285,529
2003	275	218,148,172	258	847,660,342	452,919

Cases filed and cases closed subsequent to 1994 include those cases not seeking monetary damages. Cases filed in 2002 for \$831.062 million include \$727 million of claims filed by 3 pro se claimants; dismissed in 2003. Cases filed in 2003 for \$218.148 million include a \$150.0 million claim filed by 1 pro se claimant.

The City Code permits department heads to settle and pay small claims against the City in amounts not to exceed \$2,500 per claim. The City Attorney can settle claims not exceeding \$20,000. Claims greater than \$20,000 require approval of a majority of the City Council. The above table represents only those claims resulting in litigation.

# Other:

The City provides medical, dental and vision coverage for its employees on a self-insurance basis. Expenses for claims are recorded on a current basis based on an actuarially determined charge per employee. Financial activity recording claims and the payment thereof is accounted for in an Internal Service Fund.

Workers' compensation claims are covered through the City's participation in the State of Ohio's program.

# **Deficit fund equities:**

As indicated earlier in this letter under *Accounting system and budgetary control*, the City Charter provides that no contract, agreement or other obligation involving the expenditure of money shall be entered into unless the Auditor first certifies to the Council that the money required for such contract, agreement, obligation or expenditure is in the Treasury, to the credit of the fund from which it is to be drawn, and not appropriated for any other purpose, or is in the process of collection.

Fund deficits may occur on the City's budget basis of accounting when encumbrances are allowed to be recorded against accounts receivable, usually grants. Revenues are only recorded from these accounts receivable when cash is received. The accounts receivable may, however, be considered as funds in the process of collection as described in the City's Charter.

On the modified accrual basis of accounting, a deficit exists in one nonmajor Debt Service fund and one nonmajor Capital Projects fund. These deficits will be eliminated by future charges for services.

# Fiduciary Operations-Employee Retirement Systems:

State and local government employees in Ohio, with few exceptions, are members of one of five retirement systems. These retirement systems were created pursuant to Ohio statutes and are administered by state created boards of trustees. Boards are comprised of a combination of elected members from the respective retirement system's membership and ex-officio members from certain state and local offices.

These five retirement systems are:

- Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS), created in 1935, represents state and local government employees not included
  in one of the other four systems. Management of the fund indicates membership of approximately 365,000 actively employed
  members. At December 31, 2003 assets of this pension fund approximated \$58.7 billion. More data on this pension fund are shown
  in Note K of this report.
- State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS), created in 1920, represents teachers in Ohio's public schools from kindergarten through university level. Management of the fund indicates membership of approximately 180,000 actively employed members. At June 30, 2003 assets of this pension fund approximated \$47.7 billion.
- Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (P&F), created in 1966, represents sworn personnel, not civilians, employed in police and fire divisions in Ohio's local governments. Management of the fund indicates membership of approximately 28,500 actively employed members. At December 31, 2003 assets of this pension fund approximated \$9.9 billion. All of the City's police and fire officers are members of this pension fund. More data on this pension fund are shown in Note K of this report.
- School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), created in 1937, represents non-teaching employees in Ohio's public schools.
   Management of the fund indicates membership of approximately 122,300 actively employed members. At June 30, 2003 assets of this pension fund approximated \$7.24 billion.
- State Highway Patrol System of Ohio (SHP), created in 1941, represents the state's highway patrol troopers. Management of the fund indicates membership of approximately 1,551 actively employed members and assets of approximately \$625 million at December 31, 2003.

The City's civilian personnel are members of OPERS. All sworn police and fire persons are members of P&F. Both OPERS and P&F are multiple-employer public employee retirement systems. Following are the number of City employees covered under the respective state retirement systems at December 31 of the past five years.

	<u>2003</u>	<u>2002</u>	<u>2001</u>	<u>2000</u>	<u>1999</u>
Police (P&F)	1,843	1,827	1,810	1,795	1,793
Fire (P&F)	1,539	1,534	1,518	1,530	1,524
Civilians (OPERS)	5,153	5,424	5,634	5,644	5,696
Total employees	8,535	8,785	8,962	8,969	9,013

The relationship of the City's payrolls to the retirement systems is demonstrated in the table below. The City's total payrolls for the last five years were as follows:

11.0 years note as 15.15 ns.		<u>2003</u>	<u>2002</u>	2001 (in millions)	<u>2000</u>	<u>1999</u>
Payrolls subject to OPERS Payrolls subject to P&F Payrolls not subject to pension	\$	212.9 197.1	211.9 192.4	206.3 188.5	197.3 175.4	189.0 157.4
benefit calculation	_	5.7	6.3	7.1	7.5	5.6
Total	\$	415.7	410.6	401.9	380.2	352.0

Over the past five years the City and its employees have paid the following amounts to OPERS and P&F.

		2003	<u>2002</u>	<u>2001</u>	<u>2000</u>	<u>1999</u>
				(in thousands)		
Paid by City to:						
OPERS	\$	46,736	46,457	45,208	37,655	41,370
P&F		56,088	55,560	54,255	50,909	45,175
Total paid by City	_	102,824	102,017	99,463	88,564	86,545
Paid by employees to:						
OPERS		225	268	286	314	304
P&F		6,115	5,049	4,989	4,510	4,200
Total paid by employees	_	6,340	5,317	5,275	4,824	4,504
Total	\$_	109,164	107,334	104,738	93,388	91,049

The City is current in all of its required contributions to the respective pension funds. The pension plans and other post-employment benefits for health care are explained in Note K.

#### OTHER RELEVANT INFORMATION

#### **Audits:**

Financial statements of the City have been audited by nationally recognized firms of certified public accountants since, and including, 1979. KPMG LLP performed these audits for calendar years 1979 through 1985. Ernst & Young LLP performed the audits for the years 1986 through 1990. The City follows a mandatory rotation policy as prescribed by the Auditor of the State of Ohio. As a result of this policy and competitive proposals, KPMG LLP was selected to perform the audits for 1991 through 2000 at which time Deloitte & Touche LLP became the auditor for 2001-2005. All audits, 1979 through 2003, have been conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and, beginning in 1980, also the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

The numerous Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of the statements. The reader is encouraged to review them thoroughly.

## **Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting:**

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Columbus, Ohio for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2002. The Certificate of Achievement is the highest form of recognition for excellence in state and local government financial reporting. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such comprehensive annual financial report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. Columbus has received a Certificate of Achievement for the last twenty-four consecutive years, fiscal years ended 1979-2002. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and are submitting it to GFOA.

# Use of the report and acknowledgements:

This report represents the twenty-fifth (1979-2003) Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Columbus containing financial statements audited by a nationally recognized firm of certified public accountants. Approximately 500 copies of this report will be distributed. In addition to citizens in the community, the recipients will include city, state, and federal officials, university students, schools, libraries, newspapers, investment banking firms, banks, rating agencies, etc. This report is also available on the City's website. The Internet address is <a href="http://www.cityofcolumbus.org">http://www.cityofcolumbus.org</a>. The report will be made available to any person or organization requesting it. This extensive effort of preparation and distribution of this report fulfills the City Auditor's goal of full disclosure of the City's finances.

This report is issued by Hugh J. Dorrian, CPA, City Auditor. Special thanks and recognition go to Ms. Darlene Short and Ms. Vikki Amicon for their exemplary efforts in the preparation of this report. All members of the City Auditor's staff and many of the City's other employees also contributed to this effort. They all have my thanks and respect for their work.

Respectfully submitted,

Hugh J. Dorrian, CPA

Auditor

City of Columbus, Ohio

HJD/jm

# City of Columbus, Ohio

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

# City of Columbus, Ohio

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
December 31, 2002

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

AND CREPTAND SEAL OF THE CONTROL OF

President

**Executive Director** 

# **BUILDING SERVICES** NEIGHBORHOOD SERVICES ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT LAND MANAGMENT DEVELOPMENT PLANNING HOUSING ASSET RECOVERY CITY ATTORNEY **PROSECUTOR** REAL ESTATE CIMIC PUBLIC UTILITIES SANITARY SEWERS STORM SEWERS ELECTRICITY WATER **ORGANIZATION CHART OF THE CITY OF COLUMBUS** MUNICIPAL COURT JUDGES **FACILITIES MANAGEMENT** REFUSE COLLECTION FLEET MANAGEMENT TRANSPORTATION PUBLIC SERVICE INFORMATION SERVICES **TELECOMMUNICATIONS** COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY PUBLIC SAFETY MUNICIPAL COURT CLERK POLICE FIRE THE CITIZENS OF COLUMBUS RECREATION & PARKS COMMISSION RECREATION & PARKS **HUMAN RESOURCES** LABOR RELATIONS RECREATION **EDUCATION** PARKS COAAA GOLF MAYOR ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH ASSESSMENT & HEALTH INFORMATION COMMUNITY RELATIONS COMMISSION BOARD OF HEALTH SUPPORT SERVICES HEALTH SERVICES PURCHASING FINANCE HEALTH CITY AUDITOR EQUAL BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY INCOME TAX CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION CIVIL SERVICE TRUSTEES OF THE SINKING FUND CITY TREASURER CITY COUNCIL CITY CLERK **ELECTED OFFICIALS** POLICY-MAKING BODY DEPARTMENT APRIL 2003 DIVISION

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# LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

# **MAYOR**

Michael B. Coleman

# CITY COUNCIL

Matthew D. Habash, President Kevin L. Boyce Michael C. Mentel Maryellen O'Shaughnessy Richard W. Sensenbrenner Charleta B. Tavares Patsy A. Thomas

# **CITY ATTORNEY**

Richard C. Pfeiffer, Jr.

# CITY AUDITOR

Hugh J. Dorrian, CPA

# CITY TREASURER

Thomas M. Isaacs

# DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE

Joel Taylor

# SECRETARY OF THE SINKING FUND

David Irwin

# **CITY CLERK**

Andrea Blevins, CMC

# City of Columbus, Ohio

# Office of the City Auditor Staff

Robert L. McDaniel Darlene Wildes Short Vikki Vincent Amicon Brad Marburger Julie Burkart Timothy J. Carroll Mike Gore

Mary Kay Boerner Bonnie Buck Sharlene Campbell Rebecca Cox Mary Lou Davis Richard Ellis Barbara Forest Deputy Auditor Special Assistant Chief Accountant Assistant Chief Accountant Assistant Auditor III Payroll Auditing Supervisor Administrative Analyst II

Patricia Harrell
Patricia Hinkle
Vivian James
Paul Kuppich
Jacqueline Marburger
Margaret McDougald
Jason Musick
Teresa Parr

Flor Rafiee Mary Raphael Kathy Rowe Charles Bruce Scott Tony Sestito Donna Thornwell Dan Wood



Hugh J. Dorrian, CPA City Auditor

# **Terms of Office**

September 8, 1969	<b>•</b>	December 31, 1969
January 1, 1970	<b>•</b>	December 31, 1973
January 1, 1974	<b>&gt;</b>	December 31, 1977
January 1, 1978	<b>&gt;</b>	December 31, 1981
January 1, 1982	<b>&gt;</b>	December 31, 1985
January 1, 1986	<b>&gt;</b>	December 31, 1989
January 1, 1990	<b>&gt;</b>	December 31, 1993
January 1, 1994	<b>&gt;</b>	December 31, 1997
January 1, 1998	<b>&gt;</b>	December 31, 2001
January 1, 2002	<b>&gt;</b>	

# FINANCIAL SECTION



Deloitte & Touche LLP 155 East Broad Street 18th Floor Columbus, OH 43215-3611 USA

Tel: 614-221-1000 Fax: 614-229-4647 www.deloitte.com

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Hugh J. Dorrian City Auditor City of Columbus, Ohio

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Columbus, Ohio (the "City"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2003, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the respective financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the respective financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the respective financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Columbus, Ohio, as of December 31, 2003, and the respective changes in financial position and respective cash flows, where applicable thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 43-58 and the Budgetary Comparison Schedule—General Fund on page 121 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. This supplementary information is the responsibility of the City's management. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit such information and we do not express an opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the respective financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, supplementary information on pages 127-204 and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and

are not a required part of the basic financial statements. This supplementary information is the responsibility of the City's management. The supplementary information on pages 127-204 has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied by us in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section and statistical section have not been subject to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated April 16, 2004, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our test of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

April 16, 2004

(May 4, 2004, as to Note R)

Weleitte + Jonese LLP

# CITY OF COLUMBUS, OHIO

# Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Columbus (the City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2003. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with our letter of transmittal at the front of this report and the City's financial statements, which follow this section.

# Financial Highlights

- ➤ The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at the close of 2003 by \$1.69 billion. Of this amount, \$209.8 million is considered unrestricted. The unrestricted net assets of the City's governmental activities are \$69.2 million and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations. The unrestricted net assets of the City's business type activities are \$140.6 million and may be used to meet the on-going obligations of the City's business-type activities, including the water, sanitary sewer, storm sewer and electricity enterprises.
- ➤ The City's total net assets increased \$68.7 million in 2003. Net assets of the governmental activities increased \$47.9 million, which represents a 5.3 percent increase from 2002. Net assets of the business-type activities increased \$20.8 million or 2.9 percent from 2002.
- ➤ The total cost of the City's programs decreased \$138 thousand or .01 percent. The cost of governmental activities decreased \$3.588 million or 0.45 percent, while the cost of business-type activities increased \$3.450 million or 1.3 percent.
- ➤ As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$339 million. The combined governmental funds fund balance decreased \$73.2 million from the prior year's ending fund balance. Approximately \$103.4 million of the \$339 million fund balance is considered unreserved at December 31, 2003.
- ➤ The general fund reported a fund balance of \$53.1 million at the end of the current fiscal year. The unreserved fund balance for the general fund was \$38.6 million or 7.3 percent of total general fund expenditures (including transfers out). There was a \$5.7 million decrease in the total general fund balance for the year ended December 31, 2003.
- ➤ The City's total debt decreased by \$76.7 million (4.3 percent) during the current fiscal year. The City sold \$114.3 million of general obligation refunding bonds on June 5, 2003 and refunded \$123.3 million of various purpose bonds. Governmental and business-type activities paid \$154.5 million on general obligation and revenue bond maturities in 2003 and the City's sewer enterprise fund, a business-type activity, issued \$56.6 million in Ohio Water Development Authority revenue obligations for various projects.

# Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide financial statements**. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to private-sector business.

The *statement of net assets* presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net assets*. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the cash flows. Thus, revenue and expenses reported in this statement for some items will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees or charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public service, public safety, development, health and recreation and parks. The business-type activities of the City include four enterprise activities: a water system, a sanitary sewer system, a storm sewer and drainage system and an electricity distribution system.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 61 - 63 of this report.

**Fund financial statements**. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

**Governmental funds**. *Governmental funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on the *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains 88 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, the general bond retirement debt service fund, and the special income tax debt service fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other 85 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 64 - 67 of this report.

**Proprietary funds**. The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water, sanitary sewer, storm sewer and electricity distribution operations. *Internal service funds* are an accounting devise used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions, including, employee benefits self-insurance, fleet management, information services, purchasing/contracts, telecommunications, and land acquisition. The services provided by these funds predominantly benefit the governmental rather than the business-type functions. They have been included within *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provided separate information for the water, sanitary sewer, storm sewer and drainage system and electricity distribution operations. The water, sanitary sewer and electricity enterprise funds are considered to be major funds of the City. Conversely, all internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 68 – 71 of this report.

**Fiduciary funds**. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on page 72 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 73 - 118 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's general fund budget. The City adopts an annual appropriation budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 119 – 123 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds and internal service funds are presented immediately following the required supplemental information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 127 - 201 of this report.

City of Columbus
Net Assets
(amounts expressed in thousands)

	Government	al activities	Business-typ	e activities	Tot	:al
	2003	<u>2002</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2002</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2002</u>
Current and other assets	\$ 684,692	776,547	239,112	307,804	923,804	1,084,351
Capital assets	1,306,189	1,235,531	1,490,885	1,413,332	2,797,074	2,648,863
Total assets	\$ 1,990,881	2,012,078	1,729,997	1,721,136	3,720,878	3,733,214
Long-term liabilities outstanding	793,355	848,506	966,594	986,485	1,759,949	1,834,991
Other liabilities	240,640	254,546	32,592	24,636	273,232	279,182
Total liabilities	\$ 1,033,995	1,103,052	999,186	1,011,121	2,033,181	2,114,173
Net assets	\$ 956,886	909,026	730,811	710,015	1,687,697	1,619,041
Invested in capital assets, net of						
related debt	588,676	462,232	528,665	431,210	1,117,341	893,442
Restricted	298,983	367,405	61,587	106,656	360,570	474,061
Unrestricted	69,227	79,389	140,559	172,149	209,786	251,538
Total net assets	\$ 956,886	909,026	730,811	710,015	1,687,697	1,619,041

# **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The City's assets exceeded liabilities by \$1.69 billion at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

The largest portion of the City's net assets (66 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure), less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; therefore, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the City's net asset (21 percent) represents resources that are subject to restrictions as to how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets (\$209.8 million) may be used to meet the government's on-going obligations to citizens and creditors. It is important to note that although the total unrestricted net assets is \$209.8 million; the net assets of the City's business-type activities (\$140.6 million) may not be used to fund governmental activities.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

Overall net assets of the City increased \$68.7 million in 2003. Net assets for governmental activities increased \$47.9 million, while net assets for business-type activities increased \$20.8 million. The increase in governmental activities net assets is the result of the City's continued efforts to contain costs and pursue new revenue sources. The City's cost containment efforts resulted in \$3.6 million less in governmental activity expenses for 2003 as compared to 2002. In addition, charges for services increased \$6.5 million due to new charges for emergency medical transportation and for police services in local public schools. The increase in net assets for business-type activities was the result of the aggregate business-type activities holding expenses to 94.8 percent of total revenue for the year. Despite a 5 percent rate increase in the water, sanitary sewer and storm sewer enterprise funds at the beginning of 2003, total business-type charges for services were down \$7.7 million due to a decrease in water pumpage. Business-type activities expenses for 2003 increased only \$3.5 million or 1.3 percent over the comparable expenses in 2002.

There was a decrease of \$68.4 million in restricted net assets reported in connection with the City's governmental activities. The decrease in amounts restricted for capital projects and debt service was a result of several transactions, including, the payment of bond maturities and the expenditures of funds on capital projects funded by bonds. There was no general obligation bond issue to fund capital projects in the governmental activities in 2003.

There was an increase of \$126.4 million in the governmental activities amount invested in capital assets, net of related debt, as bond proceeds, primarily from 2001 bond issues, were used to complete certain capital projects in 2003.

The decrease of \$45.1 million in restricted net assets reported for the City's business-type activities was primarily due to the payment of bond maturities and the use of bond funds to complete capital projects in 2003.

# City of Columbus Changes in Net Assets

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	Go	vernmental	activitites	Business-type		To	tal
		2003	2002	2003	2002	2003	2002
Revenues							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$	115,000	108,448	283,942	291,643	398,942	400,091
		·	•	,	•	·	•
Operating grants and contributions		104,892	101,767	-	-	104,892	101,767
Capital grants and contributions		43,837	32,539	299	411	44,136	32,950
General revenues:							
Income taxes		436,842	432,013	-	-	436,842	432,013
Grants and contributions not							
restricted to specific programs		56,878	55,431	-	-	56,878	55,431
Property taxes		45,660	41,520	-	-	45,660	41,520
Investment earnings		8,196	14,195	2,975	6,393	11,171	20,588
Other taxes		14,406	14,019	-	-	14,406	14,019
Other		13,362	7,514	3,089	5,439	16,451	12,953
Total revenues	\$	839,073	807,446	290,305	303,886	1,129,378	1,111,332
Francis							
Expenses:	\$	84,083	88,323			84,083	88,323
General government	Þ		127,055			124,418	127,055
Public service		124,418					
Public safety		371,649	363,271	-	-	371,649	363,271
Development		53,206	55,971	-	-	53,206	55,971
Health Provide and poulse		37,229	38,690	-	-	37,229	38,690
Recreation and parks		76,780	77,834	-		76,780	77,834
Public utilities		20.026	27.045	-	-	- 20.026	27.045
Interest on long-term debt Water		38,036	37,845	91,796	91,910	38,036 91,796	37,845 91,910
		<u>-</u>		110,047			107,459
Sanitary sewer					107,459	110,047	
Storm sewer				18,606	18,321	18,606	18,321
Electric	+	- 785,401	- 788,989	54,872	54,181 271,871	54,872	54,181
Total expenses Increase in net assets before	\$	765,401	700,909	275,321	2/1,0/1	1,060,722	1,060,860
transfers		E2 672	10 /57	14 004	22.015	60 656	E0 472
		53,672	18,457	14,984	32,015	68,656	50,472
Transfers		(5,812)	(60,136)	5,812	60,136	- 60 656	- E0 472
Increase (decrease) in net assets	4	47,860	(41,679)	20,796	92,151	68,656	50,472
Net asset January 1st	\$	909,026	950,705	710,015	617,864	1,619,041	1,568,569
Net asset December 31st	\$	956,886	909,026	730,811	710,015	1,687,697	1,619,041

**Governmental activities**. Governmental activities increased the City's net assets by \$47.8 million. Key elements of the changes in net assets are as follows:

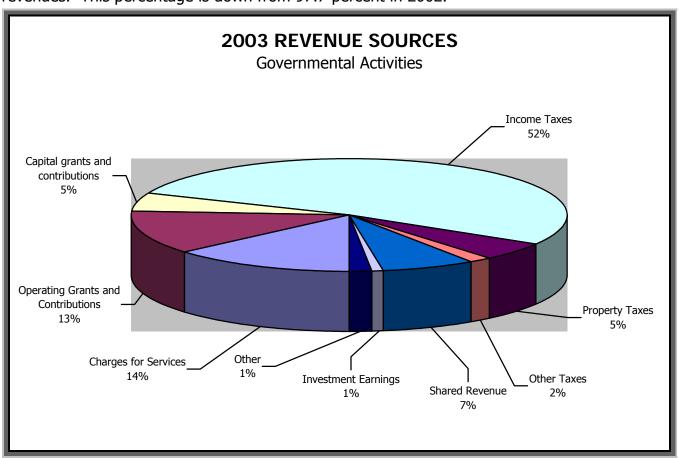
- > Charges for services increased \$6.5 million or 6.0 percent.
- ➤ Income tax revenue increased \$4.8 million or 1.1 percent on a full accrual basis.
- Capital grants and contributions increased \$11.3 million or 34.7 percent due to an increase in donated infrastructure in 2003.
- ➤ Investment earnings decreased \$6.0 million or 42.3 percent.
- Expense decreased \$3.6 million or 0.45 percent in 2003.

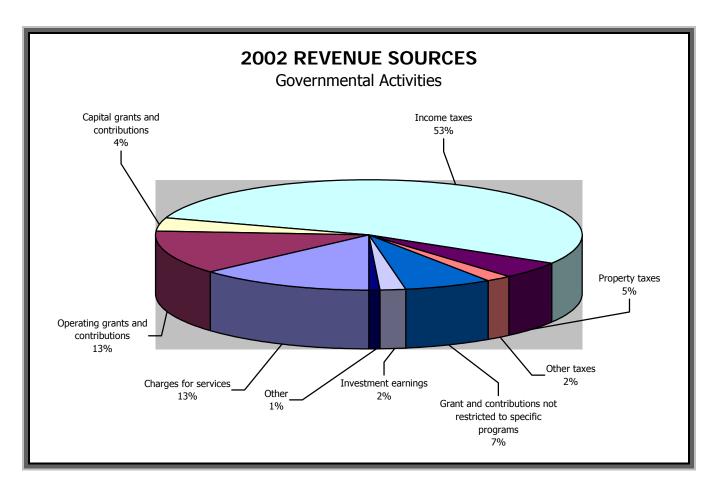
The increase in charges for services was primarily due to new charges for emergency medical transportation and for police services in local public schools.

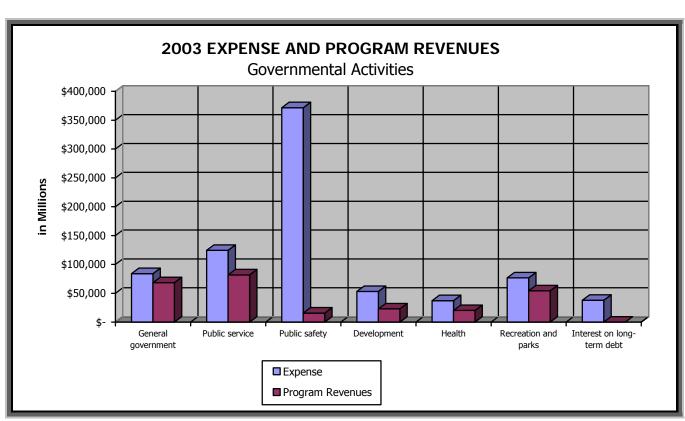
Income tax revenue, which represents 52 percent of the City's governmental revenue, increased \$4.8 million or 1.1 percent in 2003 (in 2002, income tax revenue decreased \$3.3 million). The modest income tax revenue increase is attributed to the current state of the local economy.

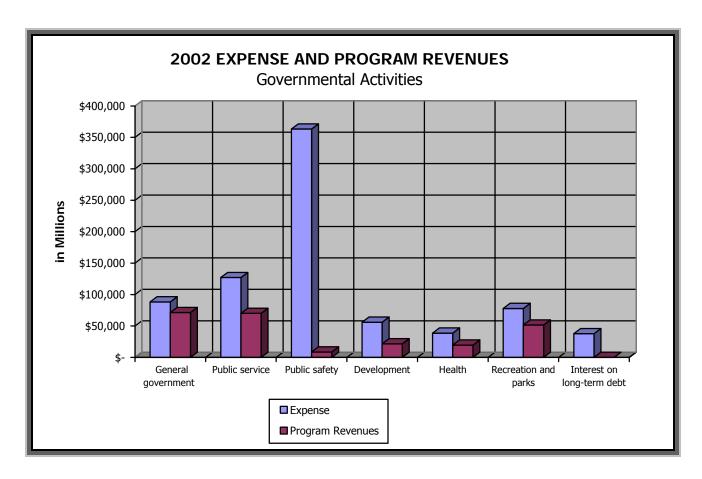
Investment earnings decreased \$6.0 million due to decreasing invested cash balances and low rates earned by investments permitted by the City code.

Governmental activity expenses decreased \$3.6 million in 2003. The City continued its efforts in cost containment during 2003. Current year expenses were 93.6 percent of current year revenues. This percentage is down from 97.7 percent in 2002.







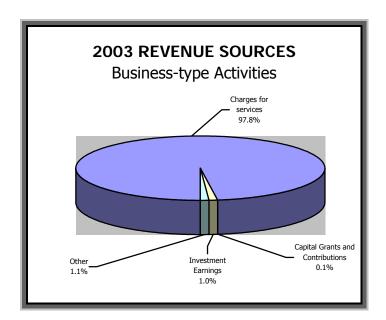


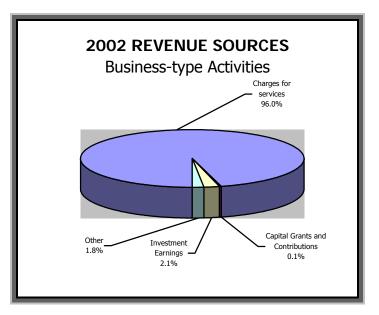
**Business-type activities**. Business-type activity net assets increased by \$20.8 million. Key elements of changes in net assets are as follows.

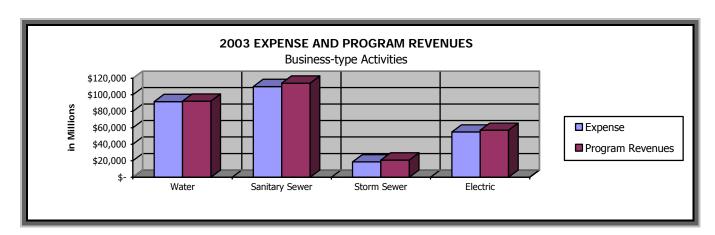
- ➤ Charges for services decreased \$7.7 million or 2.6 percent.
- Investment earnings decreased \$3.4 million or 53.5 percent.
- The transfers of \$5.8 million in 2003 represents a transfer from the overfunded Employee Benefits Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund for monies previously paid to that fund from business-type activity resources.
- Expenses increased only \$3.4 million or 1.3 percent in 2003.

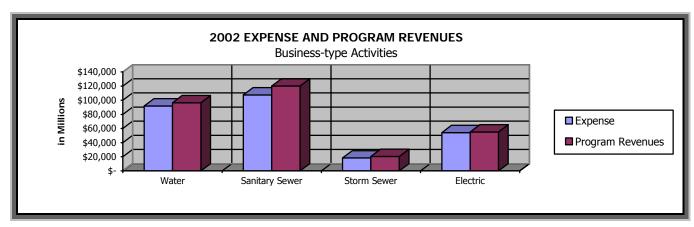
The increase in business-type activities net assets was \$20.8 million. This increase resulted from containment of costs relative to decreased revenues in the related to enterprise activities for 2003. The percent of annual expense to annual revenue increased from 89.5 percent in 2002 to 94.8 percent in 2003. Charges for services, which represents 97.8 percent of business-type activity revenues, decreased \$7.7 million or 2.6 percent.

Investment earnings decreased \$3.4 million due to decreasing invested cash balances and low rates earned by investments permitted by the City code.









# Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related requirements.

**Governmental funds**. The focus of the City's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of December 31, 2003, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$339 million, a decrease of \$73.2 million in comparison with the prior year. Approximately \$103.4 million of this amount constitutes *unreserved fund balance*, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is *reserved* to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed to liquidate contracts and purchase orders of the prior period and for non-current loans receivable.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At December 31, 2003, unreserved fund balance of the general fund was \$38.6 million, while total fund balance was \$53.1 million. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures (including transfers out). Unreserved fund balance represents 7.3 percent of total general fund expenditures (including transfers out), while total fund balance represents 10 percent of that same amount.

The fund balance of the City's general fund decreased by \$5.7 million during 2003 as expenditures continued to outpace revenues. This decrease was significantly lower than the \$36.5 million 2002 decline in the fund balance of the general fund. Key factors in the improved results are as follows:

- ➤ Total revenues increased only \$6.0 million or 1.2 percent.
- ➤ Income tax revenue, which represents 62.7 percent of general fund revenues (including transfers in) increased \$2.5 million or .7 percent.
- Investment earnings decreased \$5.5 million due to decreasing invested cash balances and low rates earned by investments permitted by the City code.
- ➤ Charges for services increased \$6.2 million primarily due to new charges for emergency medical transportation and for police services in local public schools.
- Expenditures (including transfers out) decreased by \$11.5 million or 2.1 percent. In 2003, the City continued its commitment to cost containment. The decrease in general fund expenditures and transfers out (2003 vs. 2002) is the first year-to-year decrease since the City's first began issuing financial reports in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in 1979.

The general bond retirement debt service fund has a total fund balance of \$1.326 million. The net decrease in fund balance during 2003 in this fund was approximately \$142 thousand. The

general bond retirement fund is funded primarily with income tax revenue at the level necessary to meet debt service requirements.

The special income tax debt service fund has a total fund balance of \$151.2 million. The net decrease in fund balance during 2003 in this fund was approximately \$551 thousand. One quarter of the City's income tax revenue is set aside to meet debt service requirements for governmental activity type debt. Those income tax revenues not required in the general bond retirement fund, as noted above, are recorded in the special income tax fund

**Proprietary funds.** The City's proprietary funds provide the same information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net assets at the end of the year amounted to \$51.0 million, \$79.1 million, \$7.0 million and \$622 thousand for the water, sanitary sewer, storm sewer and electricity enterprises, respectively. The growth in net assets in the water, sanitary sewer, storm sewer and electricity enterprise funds was \$3.7 million, \$7.8 million, \$5.9 million and \$3.2 million, respectively. Other factors concerning the finances of these funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

# **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The final amended general fund budget had total appropriations of approximately \$2.6 million less than the original budget. The total original appropriations, including those for transfers out, were \$546.5 million, while the final appropriations were \$549.1 million. Final 2003 appropriations were only 3.9 percent higher than the final 2002 appropriations and 1.6 percent higher than actual 2003 budget basis expenditures. In order to balance the 2003 budget, the City had to use \$10.2 million from its economic stabilization subfund, a component of the general fund; 2003 was the first year this subfund was used since it was established in 1988. In addition, the general fund received a non-recurring transfer of \$14.157 million from the over funded Employee Benefits Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund in 2003. This transfer represented monies previously paid into the internal service fund from the general fund.

# **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

**Capital assets**. The City's investment in capital assets for governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2003, amounts to \$2.8 billion (net of accumulated deprecation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, systems, improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks, and drainage systems. The total increase in the City's investment in capital assets for 2003 was 5.6 percent (a 5.7 percent increase for governmental activities and a 5.5 percent increase for business-type activities).

# **Capital Assets**, net of depreciation (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Governmental activitites			Business-type activities			Total		
		<u>2003</u>	2002	<u> </u>	2003		2002	<u>2003</u>	<u>2002</u>
Land	\$	195,303	175,0	032	45,364	4	43,052	240,667	218,084
Buildings		203,891	195,0	560	71,72	1	75,424	275,612	271,084
Improvements other									
than buildings		89,010	87,4	124	1,162,377	7	1,084,589	1,251,387	1,172,013
Machinery and									
equipment		58,424	72,	126	23,397	7	28,168	81,821	100,294
Infrastructure		759,561	705,2	289	71,249	9	66,355	830,810	771,644
Construction in									
progress		-		-	116,777	7	115,744	116,777	115,744
Total	\$ :	1,306,189	1,235,	531	1,490,885	5	1,413,332	2,797,074	2,648,863

Major capital asset events during 2003 included the following:

- ➤ Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, increased \$148.2 million.
- ➢ Business-type activity capital assets increased by \$77.5 million or \$126.1 million, net of \$48.6 million in current year depreciation expense. The increase was due to: \$7.8 million in water plant and water line improvements; \$43.5 million in sanitary sewer plant improvements; \$22.9 million in sanitary sewer line improvements; \$6.1 million improvements on floodwall; \$2.5 million street light, transformer and cable improvements and expansion in electricity division; and \$43.3 million in other improvements.
- ➢ Governmental activity capital assets increased by \$70.7 million or \$119.2 million, net of \$48.5 million in current year depreciation expense. This increase was due to: \$26 million in donated streets; \$54 million in traffic signals and other street improvements; \$7.5 million in land and other improvements related to new and future park sites; \$9.9 million in buildings and improvements related to the Northland Mall project; \$4.6 million in fire station building and rehabilitation; \$2 million in fire vehicles; \$5.6 million related to the police academy, central safety building and police substations; and \$9.6 million in other improvements.

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note F on pages 92 - 93 of this report.

**Long-term debt**. At December 31, 2003, the City, the primary government, had \$1.7 billion of long-term bonds and loans outstanding. All assessment bonds and notes issued by the City are general obligation bonds and notes (\$166,500 in governmental activities bonds; \$1,772,113 and \$1,693,000 in business-type activities bonds and notes, respectively) and are included herein. The remainder of the City's debt represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e. revenue bonds).

# City of Columbus General Obligation and Revenue Bonds Outstanding

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	Governmental		Busine	ss-type		
	activitites		activities		Total	
	<u>2003</u>	<u>2002</u>	<u>2003</u>	2002	<u>2003</u>	<u>2002</u>
General obligation bonds, notes						
and capital leases	\$ 699,675	756,732	521,703	570,841	1,221,378	1,327,573
Revenue bonds	38,555	38,263	440,517	411,281	479,072	449,544
Total	\$ 738,230	794,995	962,220	982,122	1,700,450	1,777,117

Total long-term bonds and loans outstanding at December 31, 2003 decreased \$76.7 million or 4.3 percent as compared to the amount outstanding at December 31, 2002, primarily due to the maturities paid during the year. Key events contributing to the change in long-term debt balances are as follow:

- ➤ On June 5, 2003, the City sold \$114.255 million of general Obligation Refunding Bonds (\$40.985 million and \$73.27 million, governmental and business-type activities, respectively), dated June 17, 2003. The Refunding Bonds consisted of two series: \$72.57 million of unlimited (voted) bonds with a final maturity of July 1, 2018 and \$41.685 million of limited (unvoted) bonds with a final maturity of July 1, 2011. The Refunding Bonds refunded \$123.340 million of various purpose bonds (\$44.235 million and \$79.105 million, governmental and business-type activities, respectively) issued on February 15, 1993 and March 15, 1993. These bonds were called on their call dates of July 1, 2003 and September 1, 2003.
- > A long term TIF revenue note for governmental activities of \$1.837 million; repayment of which is conditional upon the TIF producing adequate revenues, was issued during 2003.
- At various dates throughout 2003 the City issued additional governmental activities long term notes to the Ohio Public Works Commission for \$600,000; business-type activities long term notes to the Ohio Water Development Authority for the sanitary sewer enterprise of \$56.6 million and \$1.693 million of general obligation assessment notes for the electricity enterprise.

The City's general obligation bond ratings by Standard & Poor's Corporation and Moody's Investor Services, Inc. are "AAA" and "Aaa", respectively. The City's bond ratings are shown in the following table.

<u>_</u>		Standard &
Туре	Moody's	Poor's
General Obligation Bonds – Fixed Rate	Aaa	AAA
General Obligation – Variable Rate Demand Bond	Aaa/VMIG1	AAA/A1+
1999 Water System Revenue Refunding Bonds	Aa2	AA
1994 Sanitary Sewer System Adjustable Rate Refunding		
Revenue Bonds	Aa2/VMIG1	AA/A1+
2002 Sanitary Sewer System Revenue Refunding Bonds	Aa2	AA

The City is within all of its legal debt limitations. The Ohio Revised Code provides that the net debt (as defined in the Ohio Revised Code) of a municipal corporation, whether or not approved by the electors, shall not exceed 10.5% of the total value of all property in the municipal corporation as listed and assessed for taxation. In addition, the unvoted net debt of municipal corporations cannot exceed 5.5% of the total taxation value of property. The statutory limitations on debt are measured by the ratio of net debt to tax valuation and expressed in terms of a percentage. At December 31, 2003, the City's total net debt amounted to 3.57% of the total assessed value of all property within the City. Unvoted net debt amounted to 0.17% of the total assessed value of all property within the City. The City had a legal debt margin for total debt of \$1,004.763 million and a legal debt margin for unvoted debt of \$772.013 million. The aggregate amount of the City's unvoted debt is also subject to overlapping debt restrictions with other political subdivisions. The actual aggregate amount of the City's unvoted debt, when added to that of other political subdivisions within the respective counties in which Columbus lies, is limited to ten mills. This millage is measured against the property values in each overlapping district. At December 31, 2003, the millage amounts were as follows:

	Mills Required					
	Franklin	Fairfield	Delaware			
Political subdivision of State of Ohio	County	County	County			
Direct						
City of Columbus	3.5585	3.5585	3.5585			
Overlapping						
County	0.6298	1.9337	2.1990			
School District	0.8168	-	-			
JVSD	-	0.0421	0.0223			
Total	5.0051	5.5343	5.7798			
Maximum millage permitted	10.0000	10.0000	10.0000			

Additional information regarding the City's long-term debt can be found in Note G on pages 93 – 104 of this report.

# **Economic Factors and Next Year's General Fund Budget**

The City's key objectives set for the 2004 budget were jobs, safety and long-term fiscal stability. With the uncertainty surrounding the economy, the City considered the impact on two primary revenue sources: income tax revenue and state shared revenue. The average unemployment rate for Franklin County in 2003 (4.7%) was the highest since 1993 (4.6%).

In the 2004 budget process City Council decided that it was important to: 1) continue the City's investment in job creation; 2) put the highest premium on safety for the people of Columbus and City employees; and 3) adopt a budget designed to promote long-term fiscal stability. In order to meet the objectives of the 2004 budget, the City recognized the need to continue its pattern of cost containment while pursuing new revenue sources.

General fund expenditure appropriations for 2004 have been approved by City Council in the amount of \$532.6 million. This appropriation level is approximately \$7.7 million less than actual 2003 general fund budgetary basis expenditures. The appropriation level was set based on estimated revenues in the general fund of \$533.7 million for 2004. That revenue estimate includes a combined transfer in to the general fund totaling \$25 million from the balance of the Economic Stabilization Fund and the anticipated SWACO transaction, described below. The anticipated decrease in expenditures for 2004 will primarily be the result of reduction of staff. The City continues to pursue cost containment opportunities.

The Solid Waste Authority of Central Ohio (SWACO) is presently preparing to issue approximately \$60 million of revenue bonds. SWACO is a separate and distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio. Its primary task is to dispose of garbage. As fully described in Note H, SWACO leased, in 1993, a trash burning power plant from the City. After the plant's closure in 1994, SWACO became and continues to be in arrears in lease payments to the City. The City expects to receive approximately \$55 million from SWACO as part of the bond proceeds. The \$55 million payment to the City will satisfy the lease payment arrearages and the 2004 scheduled lease payment. Monies received by the City will initially be deposited in the Economic Stabilization fund; a subfund within the general fund. The transaction is expected to be completed in first half, 2004.

# **Request for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show accountability for the money it receives. This report is also available on the City's website at <a href="https://www.cityofcolumbus.org">www.cityofcolumbus.org</a>. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City Auditor's Office, 90 West Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio, 43215.

# BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# City of Columbus, Ohio

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# City of Columbus, Ohio

Statement of Net Assets December 31, 2003 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents with treasurer	\$ 346,516	\$ 104,596	\$ 451,112
Cash and cash equivalents with fiscal and	420		420
escrow agents and other	430	-	430
Investments	3,244	42.220	3,244
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	269,944	42,330	312,274
Due from: Other governments	61,563	_	61,563
Others	4,957	_	4,957
Internal Balances	(3,674)	3,674	- T,557
Inventory	923	14,589	15,512
Deferred charges and other	789	1,612	2,401
Restricted assets:	703	1,012	2,101
Cash and cash equivalents with treasurer and other	_	63,632	63,632
Cash and cash equivalents with trustees	_	8,677	8,677
Accrued interest receivable	_	2	2
Capital Assets:		2	2
Land and construction in progress	195,303	162,141	357,444
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	1,110,886	1,328,744	2,439,630
Total assets	1,990,881	1,729,997	3,720,878
Total assets			3,720,070
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	22,668	9,183	31,851
Customer deposits	-	352	352
Accrued wages and benefits	33,508	2,441	35,949
Accrued interest payable	5,814	6,088	11,902
Due to:			
Other Governments	4,456	1,199	5,655
Other	8,600	77	8,677
Matured bonds and interest payable	1,733	-	1,733
Payable from restricted assets:			
Accounts payable	-	4,391	4,391
Due to other	-	34	34
Accrued interest	162.061	6,299	6,299
Deferred revenue and other	163,861	2,528	166,389
Current portion of:  Accrued vacation and sick leave	39,900	4 274	44,274
	39,900 870	4,374	44,274 870
Capital Leases Notes payable	316	468	784
Bonds payable	80,188	81,939	162,127
Long-term portion of:	00,100	01,939	102,127
Accrued vacation and sick leave	15,225	_	15,225
Capital Leases	870	_	870
Notes payable	3,826	1,225	5,051
Bonds payable, net	652,160	878,588	1,530,748
Total liabilities	1,033,995	999,186	2,033,181
Total liabilities			
NET ASSETS			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	588,676	528,665	1,117,341
Restricted for:			
Capital projects	65,944	59,209	125,153
Debt service	183,436	2,378	185,814
Other purposes	49,603	-	49,603
Unrestricted	69,227	140,559	209,786
Total net assets	<u>\$ 956,886</u>	\$ 730,811	\$ 1,687,697

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.  $$\operatorname{\textsc{61}}$$ 

# City of Columbus, Ohio Statement of Activities

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2003 (amounts expressed in thousands)

		Program Revenues					
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions	
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 84,083	\$	54,586	\$	13,671	\$	212
Public service	124,418		13,855		24,898		43,158
Public safety	371,649		11,975		3,765		86
Development Health	53,206 37,229		16,190 8,044		6,771 12,197		-
Recreation and parks	76,780		10,350		43,590		381
Interest on long-term debt	38,036		10,550		+5,590 -		501
Total governmental activities	 785,401		115,000		104,892	-	43,837
rotal governmental activities	 705,101		113,000	-	101,032		15,057
Business-type activities:							
Water	91,796		92,276		-		-
Sanitary sewer	110,047		114,065		-		5
Storm sewer	18,606		20,878		-		-
Electric	 54,872		56,723		<u> </u>		294
Total business-type activities	 275,321		283,942		_		299
Total	\$ 1,060,722	\$	398,942	\$	104,892	\$	44,136

# General revenues:

Income taxes
Shared revenues
Property taxes
Investment earnings
Hotel/Motel taxes
Municipal motor vehicle tax
Miscellaneous
Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net assets

Net assets - beginning Net assets - ending

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Net (	(Expense)	Revenue	and	Change	es in	Net Assets

	Governmental Activities	siness-type activities	Total		
	Activities	 CUVICIES		Total	
\$	(15,614)	\$ -	\$	(15,614)	
	(42,507)	-		(42,507)	
	(355,909)	-		(355,909)	
	(30,159)	-		(30,159)	
	(16,988)	-		(16,988)	
	(22,459)	-		(22,459)	
_	(38,036)	 <u>-</u>		(38,036)	
_	(521,672)	 <u>-</u>		(521,672)	
	_	480		480	
	_	4,023		4,023	
	_	2,272		2,272	
	-	2,145		2,145	
_	_	8,920		8,920	
_	(521,672)	8,920		(512,752)	
-	(321/072)	0/320		(312//32)	
	436,842	-		436,842	
	56,878	-		56,878	
	45,660	-	45,660		
	8,196	2,975		11,171	
	11,440	-		11,440	
	2,966	-		2,966	
	13,362	3,089		16,451	
_	(5,812)	 5,812			
_	569,532	 11,876		581,408	
	47,860	20,796		68,656	
_	909,026	 710,015		1,619,041	
\$	956,886	\$ 730,811	\$	1,687,697	

# City of Columbus, Ohio

Balance Sheet
Governmental Funds
December 31, 2003
(amounts expressed in thousands)

	General			Other	Total
		Bond		Special Governmental	
	General	Retirement	Income Tax	Funds	Funds
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents:					
Cash and investments with treasurer Cash and investments with fiscal and escrow	\$ 58,841	\$ 66	\$ 142,526	\$ 126,023	\$ 327,456
agents and other	-		-	430	430
Investments	-	3,211	-	33	3,244
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles)  Due from other:	115,287	198	129,150	25,276	269,911
Governments	23,488	-	-	38,075	61,563
Funds	3,689	-	-	6,250	9,939
Interfund receivable			4,462		4,462
Total assets	\$ 201,305	\$ 3,475	\$ 276,138	\$ 196,087	\$ 677,005
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	3,794	-	898	13,939	18,631
Due to other:					
Governments	2,456	-	-	-	2,456
Funds	62	355	175	5, <del>4</del> 92	6,084
Other	6,450	-	2,150	-	8,600
Interfund payables	625	-	-	3,837	4,462
Deferred revenue and other	114,398	61	121,666	36,357	272, <del>4</del> 82
Matured bonds and interest payable	-	1,733	-	-	1,733
Accrued wages and benefits	20,390			3,152	23,542
Total liabilities	148,175	2,149	124,889	62,777	337,990
FUND BALANCES					
Reserved for:					
Encumbrances	14,539	_	34,356	167,666	216,561
Non-current loans receivable	,005	_	-	19,091	19,091
Unreserved, reported in:					
General fund - designated for future years'	20.471				20.471
expenditures	30,471	-	-	-	30,471
General fund - undesignated	8,120	-	-	(40.760)	8,120
Special revenue funds	-	4 226	-	(49,760)	(49,760)
Debt service funds	-	1,326	116,893	15,325	133,544
Capital projects funds				(19,012)	(19,012)
Total fund balances	53,130	1,326	151,249	133,310	339,015
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 201,305	\$ 3,475	\$ 276,138	\$ 196,087	\$ 677,005

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets
Governmental Funds
December 31, 2003
(amounts expressed in thousands)

Total **fund balances** for governmental funds (Exhibit 3)

339,015

\$

Total **net assets** reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets is different because

Capital assets used in governmental activities (excluding internal service fund capital assets) are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of:

Land	195,290
Buildings, net of \$99,774 accumulated depreciation	202,802
Improvements other than buildings, net of \$47,163 accumulated depreciation	86,644
Machinery and equipment, net of \$141,671 accumulated depreciation	54,727
Infrastructure, net of \$186,608 accumulated depreciation	759,561

Total capital assets (See Note F) 1,299,024

Bond issuance costs associated with new debt issued by the City in 2003 were reported as expenditures in the governmental fund when the debt was issued, whereas bond issuance costs are deferred in the statement of net assets. Deferred bond issuance costs are amortized, over the life of the debt issued, as an adjustment to interest expense in the statement of activities.

789

Internal services funds (see Exhibit 5) are used by the City to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other City departments or agencies, generally on a cost reimbursement basis. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets. Internal service fund net assets are

9,744

City income tax revenue related to 2003 (and prior tax years) will be collected beyond the 60 day period used to record revenue in the fund statements. Revenue and a corresponding receivable for this amount are included in the government-wide statements.

58,080

State shared revenue appropriated during the State of Ohio's fiscal year ended June 30, 2003 will be collected by the City in calendar year 2004. Revenue and a corresponding receivable for the amount appropriated but not received by December 31, 2003 are included in the government-wide statements

37,051

General obligation debt to be paid for by CRAA, a joint venture of the City. The revenue to be collected from CRAA was deferred in the funds statements, but recognized as revenue in the government-wide statements

13,500

Long-term liabilities applicable to the City's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. All liabilities - both current and long-term - are reported in the statement of net assets. Also, during the year the City issued new debt. The deferred amount on refunding and premium received on the refunding were reported in the governmental fund when the debt was issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized, over the remaining life of the new debt, as an adjustment to interest expense in the statement of activities Balances at December 31, 2003 are:

Accrued wages and benefits

Accrued interest on bonds

Due to other governments

Accrued vacation and sick leave

(3,798)

(5,803)

(2,000)

(2,000)

(54,131)

Capital lease (1,740)
Bonds and notes payable (720,202)
Unamortized deferred amount on refunding 1,583
Unamortized premiums (14,226)
Total long-term liabilities (see Note G)

(734,585)

Total **net assets** of governmental activities (Exhibit 1)

956,886

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2003
(amounts expressed in thousands)

			(	General				Other		Total
				Bond	9	Special	Go۱	ernmental/	Gov	vernmental
		General	Re	tirement	Inc	ome Tax		Funds		Funds
REVENUES						<u></u>				
Income taxes	\$	329,077	\$	97,325	\$	12,368	\$	223	\$	438,993
Property taxes		45,660		-		-		-		45,660
Grants and subsidies		-		-		-		86,992		86,992
Investment income		7,783		57		-		356		8,196
Special assessments		-		95		-		-		95
Licenses and permits		957		-		-		24,252		25,209
Shared revenues		57,170		-		-		24,304		81,474
Charges for services		33,961		-		-		26,977		60,938
Fines and forfeits		17,091		-		-		4,626		21,717
Miscellaneous		<u>5,445</u>				18,212		27,265		50,922
Total revenues		497,144		97 <b>,4</b> 77		30,580		194,995		820,196
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General government		61,776		196		100		20,035		82,107
Public service		47,816		-		196		42,267		90,279
Public safety		360,893		-		-		2,207		363,100
Development		16,497		-		-		35,580		52,077
Health		267		-		-		36,839		37,106
Recreation and parks		501		-		107		70,682		71,290
Capital outlay		1,273		-		-		95,924		97,197
Debt service:										
Principal retirement and payment of										
obligation under capitalized lease		-		119,352		1,111		-		120, <del>4</del> 63
Interest and fiscal charges				39,698		461				40,159
Total expenditures		489,023		159,246		1,975		303,534		953,778
Excess(deficiency) of revenues over										
expenditures		8,121		(61,769)		28,605		(108,539)		(133,582)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in		27,680		61,627		4,481		65,738		159,526
Transfers out		(41,529)		-		(78,901)		(26,432)		(146,862)
Proceeds from bonds and long-term notes issued		_		_		40,985		2,437		43,422
Premium on bond issuance		-		_		4,279		-,		4,279
Total other financing sources (uses)		(13,849)		61,627		(29,156)		41,743		60,365
Net change in fund balance	_	(5,728)		(142)		(551)		(66,796)		(73,217)
Fund balances—beginning of year		58,858		1,468		151,800		200,106		412,232
Fund balances—end of year	\$	53,130	\$	1,326	\$	151,249	\$	133,310	\$	339,015

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2003
(amounts expressed in thousands)

Net change in <b>fund balances</b> - total governmental funds (Exhibit 4)	\$ (73,217)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets, which meet capitalization requirements, is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This amount includes the adjustment for capital outlay expenditures capitalized (\$95,289 of total capital outlay of \$97,197 met the capitalization requirements) offset by depreciation expense (\$48,526) and loss on disposal of assets (\$324) in the current period. The City had donated infrastructure of \$26,265 in 2003 which is not reported in the governmental funds.	72,704
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. The amount is the net effect of the reversal of prior year items against current year accruals.	(2,443)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums and deferred amount on refundings when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	69,719
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	(1,700)
Net loss of certain activities of internal service funds are reported with governmental activities.	(17,203)
Changes in <b>net assets</b> of governmental activities (Exhibit 2)	\$ 47,860

Statement of Net Assets
Proprietary Funds
December 31, 2003
(amounts expressed in thousands)

	ŗ	do.	Governmental Activities -			
		Business-type /		iterprise Fund	as	Internal
	Water	Sanitary	Storm	Electricity	Tatal	
100570	Water	Sewer	Sewer	Electricity	Total	Service Funds
ASSETS						
Current assets:	¢ 26.210	¢ 62 E61	¢ 4.240	\$ 476	¢ 104 E06	10.060
Cash and cash equivalents with treasurer	\$ 36,310	\$ 63,561	\$ 4,249		\$ 104,596	19,060
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)  Due from other funds	14,130 696	18,442 271	3,715 194	6,043	42,330	33 208
Inventory	7,082	6,768	194	427 739	1,588 14,589	923
Total current assets	58,218	89,042	8,158	7,685	163,103	20,224
	30,210	05,012	0,130	7,005	105,105	20,221
Noncurrent assets:	CCE	002	F0		1 (12	
Deferred charges and other Restricted assets:	665	882	59	6	1,612	-
Cash and cash equivalents with treasurer and other	37,326	3,371	20,980	1,955	63,632	_
Cash and cash equivalents with trustees	1,786	6,891	20,300	1,955	8,677	_
Accrued interest receivable	1,700	2	_	_	2	_
Capital Assets:		-			-	
Land and construction in progress	54,749	98,519	6,919	1,954	162,141	13
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	296,825	887,164	71,249	73,506	1,328,744	7,152
Total noncurrent assets	391,351	996,829	99,207	77,421	1,564,808	7,165
Total assets	449,569	1,085,871	107,365	85,106	1,727,911	27,389
	115,505	1,005,071	107,505	05,100	1,727,311	27,505
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	1,674	3,847	542	3,120	9,183	4,037
Customer deposits	-	-	-	352	352	-
Due to other: Governments	955	127	47	70	1,199	
Funds	26	581	-	97	704	-
Others	-	4	_	73	77	_
Payable from restricted assets:		•		73	,,	
Accounts payable	712	3,348	_	331	4,391	-
Due to others	-	25	-	9	34	-
Accrued interest payable	364	5,935	-	-	6,299	-
Deferred revenue and other	-	274	-	2,254	2,528	-
Accrued interest payable	2,271	3,180	464	173	6,088	11
Accrued wages and benefits	1,064	1,007	72	298	2,441	6,168
Accrued vacation and sick leave	1,861	1,783	98	632	4,374	994
Current portion of: Bonds and loans payable	25,392	47,060	4,871	5,084	82,407	- 655
Total current liabilities	34,319	67,171	6,094	12,493	120,077	11,865
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Bonds and loans payable, net	246,436	547,876	61,981	23,520	879,813	2,990
Total noncurrent liabilities	246,436	547,876	61,981	23,520	879,813	2,990
Total liabilities	280,755	615,047	68,075	36,013	999,890	14,855
						·
NET ASSETS	70.746	200 747	11 216	46.056	F20.66F	2 520
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	79,746	390,747	11,316	46,856	528,665	3,520
Restricted for: Construction	36,614		20 000	1 615	59,209	
Debt Service	1,422	956	20,980	1,615	2,378	-
Unrestricted	51,032	79,121	6,994	622	137,769	9,014
Total net assets	\$ 168,814	\$ 470,824	\$ 39,290	\$ 49,093	728,021	\$ 12,534
- 5141 400010		<u> </u>	<u>, -,</u>	1 11	, _0,021	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
Adjustment to consolidate the internal service fund ac	tivities.				2,790	
Total net assets per the government-wide Statement of					\$ 730,811	
Total het assets per the government white statement t	71 1401 /33013				T . 30/011	

# **CITY OF COLUMBUS, OHIO**

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets
Proprietary Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2003
(amounts expressed in thousands)

						Governmental Activities -
		Business-typ Sanitary	e Activities - En	terprise Funds		Internal
	Water	Sewer	Storm Sewer	Electricity	Total	Service Funds
Operating revenue	vvatei	Sewei	Storm Sewer	Liectricity	Total	Service Fullus
Operating revenue: Charges for service	\$ 92,276	\$ 114,065	\$ 20,878	\$ 56,723	\$ 283,942	\$ 101,810
Other	862	1,441	65	885	3,253	55
Total operating revenue	93,138	115,506	20,943	57,608	287,195	101,865
Operating expenses:						
Personal services	33,191	26,446	8,219	8,956	76,812	17,118
Materials and supplies	10,182	4,397	464	512	15,555	9,650
Contractual services	20,222	32,230	4,389	5,226	62,067	71,159
Purchased power	-	-	-	34,566	34,566	-
Depreciation	15,550	27,727	2,043	3,303	48,623	2,878
Other	528	1,132	119	1,053	2,832	6
Total operating expense	79,673	91,932	15,234	53,616	240,455	100,811
Operating income	13,465	23,574	5,709	3,992	46,740	1,054
Nonoperating revenue (expenses):						
Investment income	1,075	1,222	635	43	2,975	-
Interest expense	(12,113)	(18,189)	(3,409)	(1,260)	(34,971)	(196)
Other, net	74	59		2	135	520
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)	(10,964)	(16,908)	(2,774)	(1,215)	(31,861)	324
Income before transfers	2,501	6,666	2,935	2,777	14,879	1,378
Transfers in	1,226	1,191	3,014	381	5,812	524
Transfers out						(19,000)
Change in net assets	3,727	7,857	5,949	3,158	20,691	(17,098)
Total net assets - beginning	165,087	462,967	33,341	45,935		29,632
Total net assets - ending	\$ 168,814	<u>\$ 470,824</u>	\$ 39,290	\$ 49,093		<u>\$ 12,534</u>
Adjustment to consolidate the internal service	e fund activiti	es.			105	
Total change in net assets of business-type a	activities				\$ 20,796	

City of Columbus, Ohio
Statement of Cash Flows
Proprietary Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2003
(amounts expressed in thousands)

					Act	ivities - Ent	erpr	ise Funds				Governmental Activities -
				Sanitary							In	ternal Service
		Water		Sewer	Sto	orm Sewer	E	lectricity		Total		Funds
Operating activities:												
Cash received from customers	\$	93,402	\$	124,898	\$		\$	56,706	\$	296,263		102,010
Cash paid to employees		(33,445)		(32,766)		(2,239)		(9,056)		(77,506)		(17,210)
Cash paid to suppliers		(31,517)		(37,576)		(11,120)		(40,627)		(120,840)		(83,826)
Other receipts		168 (757)		457 (918)		(131)		674 (311)		1,299 (2,117)		55 (6)
Other payments		(737)	_	(916)		(131)		(311)	_	(2,117)	_	(0)
Net cash provided by operating activities		27,851	_	54,095	_	7,767		7,386	_	97,099	_	1,023
Noncapital financing activities:												
Transfers in		1,226		1,191		3,014		381		5,812		524
Transfers out	_	<u> </u>	_			<u> </u>	_		_		_	(19,000)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital												
financing activities		1,226	_	1,191	_	3,014		381		5,812	_	(18,476)
Capital and related financing activities: Proceeds from sale of assets		74		59		_		2		135		_
Purchases of property, plant and equipment		(16,818)		(80,582)		(7,533)		(5,505)		(110,438)		(312)
Proceeds from issuance of bonds, loans and notes		29,490		94,573		4,555		2,983		131,601		_
Principal payments on bonds and loans		(56,028)		(85,041)		(9,696)		(6,011)		(156,776)		(595)
Interest and fiscal charges paid on bonds,												
loans and notes		(10,360)		(21,036)		(3,017)		(1,204)		(35,617)		(198)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(53,642)		(92,027)		(15,691)		(9,735)	_	(171,095)		(1,105)
Investing activities:												
Interest received on investments		1,429		1,293		537		(65)		3,194		-
								(33)	_		_	_
Net cash provided by investing activities	_	1,429		1,293		537		(65)		3,194		
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(23,136)		(35,448)		(4,373)		(2,033)		(64,990)		(18,558)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year (including \$110,773 in total restricted accounts)		98,558		109,271		29,602		4,464		241,895		37,618
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year (including \$72,309 in total restricted accounts)	\$	75,422	<u>\$</u>	73,823	<u>\$</u>	25,229	<u>\$</u>	2,431	<u>\$</u>	176,905	<u>\$</u>	19,060

(Continued)

# City of Columbus, Ohio Statement of Cash Flows

Statement of Cash Flows
Proprietary Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2003
(amounts expressed in thousands)

	 Water	S	siness-type sanitary Sewer		tivities - Ent	se Funds	 Total	Ac I	ernmental ctivities - nternal vice Funds
Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$ 13,465	\$	23,574	\$	5,709	\$ 3,992	\$ 46,740	\$	1,054
Depreciation Amortization, net Decrease (increase) in operating assets and increase (decrease) in operating liabilities:	15,550 (861)		27,727 (902)		2,043 (149)	3,303 (196)	48,623 (2,108)		2,878 -
Receivables	1,559		2,820		379	47	4,805		(4)
Due from other funds	(696)		(215)		(26)	(97)	(1,034)		118
Inventory Accounts payable - net of items affecting	(327)		(142)		-	(163)	(632)		80
property, plant, and equipment Customer deposits	(704) -		863		(153) -	(225) 22	(219) 22		(2,094)
Due to other funds	(141)		497		(31)	29	354		(37)
Deferred revenue	-		(82)		-	701	619		-
Accrued wages and benefits	(24)		(34)		(4)	(20)	(82)		(968)
Accrued vacation and sick leave	 <u>`30</u>		(11)	_	(1)	 (7)	 11		(4)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 27,851	\$	54,095	\$	7,767	\$ 7,386	\$ 97,099	\$	1,023
Supplemental information:									
Noncash activities:									
Change in fair value of investments	\$ 73	\$	64	\$	25	\$ 2	\$ 164	\$	
OWDA loan increase for capitalized interest	\$ 	\$	1,191	\$		\$ 	\$ 1,191	\$	

Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Fiduciary Funds December 31, 2003 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Agency Funds		
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents:			
Cash and investments with treasurer	\$	54,860	
Cash and investments with trustee		78	
Investments		21	
Due from other funds		10	
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles)		2	
Total assets		54,971	
LIABILITIES			
Due to:			
Other Governments	\$	40,284	
Other Funds		4,957	
Other		9,730	
Total liabilities		54,971	
NET ASSETS	\$	_	

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# CITY OF COLUMBUS, OHIO

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2003

# NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Columbus (the City) was organized on March 3, 1834 and is a home–rule, municipal corporation under the laws of the State of Ohio. The City operates under the Council–Mayor form of government.

The accompanying financial statements comply with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, and Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units*, in that the financial statements include all the organizations, activities, functions, and component units for which the City (the reporting entity) is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board, and either (1) the City's ability to impose its will over the component unit, or (2) the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the City. On this basis, the reporting entity of the City includes the following services as authorized by its charter: public service, public safety, development, health and recreation and parks. In addition, the City owns and operates four enterprise activities: a water system, a sanitary sewer system, a storm sewer system and an electricity distribution system.

In August 1990, the City's Council created the Columbus Municipal Airport Authority (CMAA), as permitted by State law, to manage the City's two airports. CMAA became operational in November 1991. Although CMAA was a separate legal entity, the City discretely presented the financial statements of CMAA pursuant to GASB Statement No. 14 as a part of the reporting entity through December 31, 2002. On December 12, 2002 the City of Columbus, Ohio, the Columbus Municipal Airport Authority and the County of Franklin. Ohio entered into the Port Authority Consolidation and Joinder Agreement. The effective date of the agreement was January 1, 2003. The agreement unites the operations of Columbus Municipal Airport Authority, created by the City in 1990, and the Rickenbacker Port Authority, created by the County in 1979 and dissolved by the County Commissioners via this action. The new entity is titled the Columbus Regional Airport Authority (CRAA). The board of directors of the CRAA shall be its governing body and shall consist of nine (9) members; four (4) appointed by the Mayor of the City of Columbus, four (4) by the County Commissioners of Franklin County and one (1) jointly by the Mayor and the County Beginning January 1, 2003 the Columbus Regional Airport Authority (CRAA) was characterized as a Joint Venture of the City and the County. CRAA's financial activity is reported in the Notes contained in this report. Complete financial statements of CRAA may be obtained from CRAA's administration offices at 4600 International Gateway, Columbus, Ohio 43219.

The Franklin Park Conservatory Joint Recreation District (the Conservatory District) was created by the City (Resolution 109X-90) and Franklin County (Resolution 79-90) in 1990 pursuant to authority contained in Section 755.14(B) of the Ohio Revised Code (ORC). The agreement between the City and the County that created the Conservatory District in 1990 was amended by the City (Ordinance 1794-96) and the County (Resolution 800-96) in August 1996. The amendment increased the number of members of the Board of the Conservatory District from 10 to 17. Eight members of the Board are appointed by the Mayor of the City subject to confirmation by the City's Council and six members are appointed by the County. In addition, the Governor, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the President of the Senate of the State of Ohio each appoint one member to the Board pursuant to the authority contained in Section 755.14(B)(2) of the ORC. State appointed members are nonvoting members if they also serve as members of the Ohio General Assembly; no member presently serves in both roles. The Mayor of the City, therefore, does not appoint a voting majority of the Board.

The City contributed certain fixed assets to the Conservatory District at the time of its inception and has agreed to an annual operating subsidy, but subject to annual appropriation by the City's Council. Revenues, the operating subsidy, received by the Conservatory District in 2003 from the City were \$608,003; 15% of its total revenue and support. The City has authorized an operating subsidy of \$452,693 to the Conservatory District for 2004. In the event of the Conservatory District's liquidation, its assets will be transferred to the City.

Because the City's Mayor does not appoint a voting majority of the Conservatory District's Board and multiple governments participate in the board appointment process, the City accounts for and reports the financial activity of the Conservatory District as a joint venture pursuant to GASB Statements No. 14 and 39. The Conservatory District's financial activity is reported in the Notes contained in this report. Complete financial statements may be obtained from the Conservatory District at 1777 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43203.

The Columbus/Franklin County Affordable Housing Trust Corporation (AHT) was initially created as the Columbus Housing Trust Corporation, with Articles of Incorporation (Articles) filed with the Ohio Secretary of State on August 31, 2000. Amended Articles were then filed for AHT in May 2001. No single government or government official appoints a majority of the Board members. All are jointly appointed. In 2003 the City provided cash assistance to AHT of \$1,393,493. The County provided cash assistance of \$1.0 million. AHT's total support and revenue in 2003 was \$2.558 million. The City is committed through its legislation to provide a portion of its hotel-motel tax collections to AHT each year into the future. This commitment approximates \$1.0 million per year.

Since the Mayor does not singularly appoint a voting majority of AHT's board of trustees and multiple governments participate in both the board appointment process and the financial support of AHT, the City accounts for and reports the financial activity of AHT as a joint venture pursuant to GASB Statements No. 14 and 39. AHT's financial activity is reported in the Notes contained in this report. Complete financial statements of AHT may be obtained from Columbus/Franklin County Affordable Housing Trust Corporation, 1260 East Broad Street, Columbus, OH 43205-1453.

The accounting policies and financial reporting practices of the City conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. Beginning January 1, 2001, the City changed its financial reporting to comply with GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments*. Upon implementing GASB Statement No. 34 for the year ended December 31, 2001, infrastructure assets at historical cost (retroactive to 1979) were included as part of the governmental capital assets reported in the government-wide statement. Thus, the depreciated value of construction costs for roads, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks, and drainage systems is reported. In conjunction with the implementation of GASB 34, the City also implemented GASB Statement No. 38, *Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures*, which rescinds some and modifies other financial statement disclosure requirements. For fiscal year 2003, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures*. In November 2003, the GASB issued Statement No. 42, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Impairment of Capital Assets and for Insurance Recoveries*. The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal periods beginning after December 15, 2004. The City has not yet determined the effect, if any, GASB Statement No. 42 will have on its financial statements.

The following is a summary of the City's significant accounting policies:

# (a) Government-wide and fund financial statements

Financial information of the City is presented in this report as follows.

 Management's discussion and analysis introduces the basic financial statements and provides an analytical overview of the City's financial activities.

- Basic financial statements:
  - Government-wide financial statements consist of a statement of net assets and a statement of activities.

These statements report all of the assets, liabilities, revenues, expenses and gains and losses of the City. Governmental activities are reported separately from business type activities. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues whereas business type activities are normally supported by fees and charges for services and are usually intended by management to be financially self-sustaining. Fiduciary funds of the City are not included in these government-wide financial statements; however, separate financial statements are presented for the Fiduciary funds.

Interfund receivables and payables between governmental and business type activities have been eliminated in the government-wide Statement of Net Assets. These eliminations minimize the duplicating effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental and business type activities total column.

Internal service fund balances, whether positive or negative, have been eliminated against the expenses and program revenues shown in governmental activities Statement of Activities.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities.

Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

• Fund financial statements consist of a series of statements focusing on information about the City's major governmental and enterprise funds. Separate financial statements are presented for the governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds.

The City's major governmental funds are the General fund, the General Bond Retirement debt service fund, and the Special Income Tax debt service fund. Of the City's business type activities its Water, Sanitary Sewer and Electricity enterprise funds are considered major funds.

The General fund is the accounting entity in which all governmental activity, except that which is required to be accounted for in other funds, is accounted for. Its revenues consist primarily of taxes, investment income, licenses and permits, intergovernmental shared revenue, charges for services, fines and others.

General fund expenditures represent costs of general government; public service, including garbage collection and facilities management; public safety, including fire, police and communications; certain development costs and other. Resources of the General fund are also transferred annually to support services such as public recreation and public health, which are accounted for in separate special revenue funds.

The General Bond Retirement and the Special Income Tax debt service funds are accounting entities in which the City accounts for the accumulation of resources for and the

payment of general obligation debt; principal, interest and related expenditures. Revenues consist primarily of a portion of the City's income tax.

The Water enterprise fund, a major fund, is the accounting entity in which the City accounts for all financial activity related thereto. The City collects, purifies and sells water to city residents and certain suburban areas. Water is collected from surface areas (rivers) and wells. The City has three water treatment plants. Revenues consist primarily of user charges.

The Sanitary Sewer (sanitary sewer) enterprise fund, a major fund, is the accounting entity in which the City accounts for all financial activity related thereto. The City collects and treats effluent of City residents and residents of certain suburban areas. The City has two sewerage treatment plants. Revenues consist primarily of user charges.

The Storm Sewer (storm sewer) enterprise fund, a nonmajor fund, is the accounting entity in which the City accounts for all financial activity related thereto. Prior to 2002 storm sewer financial activities were accounted for in a special revenue fund and various capital project funds. Revenues consist primarily of user charges.

The Electricity enterprise fund, a major fund, is the accounting entity in which the City accounts for all the financial activity related thereto. The City purchases, but does not generate, and sells electricity to its 13,449 customers, both residential and commercial. Revenues consist primarily of user charges.

The City maintains various nonmajor internal service funds which are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the government, generally on a cost reimbursement basis. The largest of these funds account for fleet management services and electronic information services.

Also maintained by the City are fiduciary funds such as agency funds used to account for assets held by the government as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds.

- Notes to the financial statements providing information that is essential to a user's understanding
  of the basic financial statements.
- Required supplementary information such as budgetary comparison schedules as required by GASB.

# (b) Financial reporting presentation

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures (expenses). Fund types are as follows:

# **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

**General Fund**—The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

**Special Revenue Funds**—Special Revenue Funds are used to account for revenues derived from specific taxes, grants, or other restricted revenue sources. The uses and limitations of each special revenue fund are specified by City ordinances or federal and state statutes.

**Debt Service Funds**—Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

*Capital Projects Funds*—Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

**Permanent Funds**—Permanent funds are for the purpose of accounting for resources that are legally restricted to the extent that earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs. The City, however, does not utilize Permanent funds.

#### PROPRIETARY FUNDS

**Enterprise Funds**—Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises—where the intent of the governing body is that the costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The City has separate enterprise funds for its water, sanitary sewer, storm sewer, and electricity services.

*Internal Service Funds*—Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City, generally on a cost-reimbursement basis.

#### FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Agency Funds—Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the City as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds. Assets held for other funds or governments include payroll taxes and other employee withholdings (which are combined into one agency fund for ease of payment) and income taxes and utility charges collected by the City on behalf of other governments. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Other Fiduciary funds; which, however, the City does not utilize are *Pension trust funds* used to account for resources that are required to be held in trust for the respective members or beneficiaries; *Investment trust funds* used to report the external portion of investment pools reported by the sponsoring government as required by GASB No. 31 and *Private-purpose trust funds* used to account for other trust arrangements which benefit individuals, private organizations or other governments.

# (c) Measurement focus and bases of accounting

Except for budgetary purposes, the bases of accounting used by the City conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus.

The government-wide and the proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include income taxes, property taxes, grants, shared revenue, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from income taxes is recognized in the period in which the taxpayer's liability occurs and revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. On an accrual basis, revenue in the form of shared revenue is recognized when the provider government recognizes its liability to the City. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt are reported as other financing sources.

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 20, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities that use Proprietary Fund Accounting*, the City follows GASB guidance as applicable to its governmental and business-type activities, and Financial Accounting Standards Boards (FASB) Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins issued on or before November 30, 1989 that do not conflict with or contradict GASB Pronouncements. The City has elected to follow GASB guidance for business-type activities and enterprise funds rather than FASB guidance issued after November 30, 1989.

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### (d) Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed in all funds. On the GAAP basis of accounting, encumbrances do not constitute expenditures or liabilities, but are reported as reservations of fund balances in governmental funds.

# (e) Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Proprietary Funds consider all highly liquid investments held by trustees, with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased, to be cash equivalents. In addition, all cash and investments with treasurer are also considered to be cash equivalents because they are available to the Proprietary Funds on demand.

#### (f) Investments

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools*, the City records all of its investments at fair value as defined in the statement.

The City does not engage in any form of derivatives or reverse repurchase agreements in the management of its investment portfolio. Only eligible investments with final maturities not greater than two years from time of purchase are permitted. The City's cash and investments are further explained in Note C.

# (g) Inventory

Inventory is valued at cost utilizing the first-in, first-out method for enterprise funds and the average cost method for internal service funds. Items considered as inventory in the enterprise funds and internal service funds are accounted for as expenditures when acquired by governmental funds.

# (h) Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, and infrastructure (e.g. road, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks, and drainage systems) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activity columns in the government-wide financial statements. The City defines capital assets as assets with an individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of five years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost (for certain assets acquired prior to 1960). Pursuant to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 34, the historical cost of infrastructure assets (retroactive to January 1, 1979) are included as part of the governmental capital assets reported in the government-wide statements. Donated assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant and equipment is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	Estimated <u>Lives (years</u> )
Autos and information processing equipment	5
Trucks	8
Equipment, furniture and fixtures	10
Heavy rescue equipment	25
Buildings, infrastructure, water lines and fire hydrants	40
Sewer mains and certain water assets	75-100

# (i) Pensions

Pursuant to the modified accrual basis of accounting, governmental funds record the provision for pension cost when the obligation is incurred and will be liquidated with available and measurable resources. Pension cost for proprietary fund types is recorded when incurred (see Note K).

# (j) Insurance

The City assumes the liability for most property damage and personal injury risks. Judgments and claims, including those incurred but not reported as of year-end, are recorded when it is probable that an asset has been impaired or a liability has been incurred and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. The City insures certain of its major buildings. The policy has a \$100,000 deductible. No

losses occurred in 2001 or 2003 that exceeded insurance coverage. A fire occurred in January 2002 in which the City will sustain a loss of approximately \$100,000.

The City's division of Police operates a fleet of seven jet-powered helicopters. Five of these helicopters (models M/D 500E), valued at approximately \$1,000,000 each, are insured for both hull insurance (\$1,000,000 per helicopter with \$100,000 deductible) and liability insurance (\$10,000,000 per occurrence; \$1,000,000 per passenger not including crew; no deductible). The other two crafts (models Bell OH-58) are insured only for the liability insurance. No accidents or losses occurred in 2001, 2002 or 2003.

Additionally, the City provides medical, dental, and vision coverage for its employees on a self-insurance basis. Expenses for claims are recorded on a current basis based on an actuarially determined charge per employee. The City accounts for such activity in an Internal Service Fund in accordance with GASB Statement No. 10, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues*.

A summary of changes in self-insurance claims liability follows:

				(in thousands)		
		<u>2003</u>	<u>2002</u>	<u>2001</u>	<u>2000</u>	<u>1999</u>
Claims liability at January 1	\$	6,500	5,000	5,000	5,800	7,300
Incurred claims, net of favorable settlements		60,146	55,817	48,328	47,101	35,796
Claims paid	_	(61,146)	_(54,317)_	(48,328)	(47,901)	(37,296)
Claims liability at December 31	\$_	5,500	6,500	5,000	5,000	5,800

Claims are accrued based upon estimates of the claims liabilities made by management and the third-party administrator of the City. These estimates are based on past experience and current claims outstanding. Actual claims experience may differ from the estimate. An actuary was used in the determination of the current liability. This claims liability is recorded in the Internal Service Fund as accrued wages and benefits.

### (k) Vacation and Sick Leave

City employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts. In the event of termination, an employee is reimbursed for accumulated vacation and sick leave at various rates.

Vacation and sick leave accumulated by governmental fund type and proprietary fund type employees is reported as an expense when earned in the government-wide financial statements. Vacation and sick leave accumulated by governmental fund type employees is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental fund financial statements, as current financial resources are not used.

Payment of vacation and sick leave is dependent upon many factors; therefore, timing of future payments is not readily determinable. However, management believes that sufficient resources will be made available for the payment of vacation and sick leave when such payments become due.

#### (I) Debt Issuance Costs, Premiums, Discounts, and Accounting Losses (Refundings)

Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs and accounting losses on refundings, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds.

# (m) Interfund Transactions

The City has the following types of transactions among funds:

- 1) Reciprocal interfund loans: Amounts provided by one fund to another with a requirement for repayment.
- 2) Reciprocal interfund services provided and used: Purchased and sales of goods and services between funds for a price approximating their external exchange value.
- 3) Nonreciprocal interfund transfers: Flows of assets between funds without equivalent flows of assets in return and without a requirement for repayment. This includes payments in lieu of taxes that are not payments for, and are not reasonably equivalent in value to, services provided.
- 4) *Nonreciprocal interfund reimbursements*: Repayments from the funds responsible for particular expenditures or expenses to the funds that initially paid for them.

The City's interfund receivables and payables at December 31, 2003 are presented in Note E. Transfers are presented in Note P.

- (n) Pursuant to local statute and determined by an internal cost allocation plan certain costs initially borne by the General Fund are then billed as direct charges to other funds of the City. Revenues from these charges are accounted for in the government-wide Statement of Activities as general government and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund as charges for services. The corresponding expenses appear as function/program costs in the Statement of Activities.
- **(o)** The City, in its proprietary funds, accounts for all recurring type revenues, including all revenues, which the City controls through statutory pricing or regulatory authority as operating revenues and all recurring type expense as operating expenses. Non-recurring revenues such as gains on sales of assets and revenues over which the City has minimal or no control, primarily interest earnings, are accounted for as nonoperating revenues. Interest expense and other non-recurring expenses over which the City has minimal or no control are reported as non-operating expense.
- (p) The City complies with all restrictions governing the use of restricted assets. Such restrictions do not offer discretion regarding use of these resources in an unrestricted manner. Where capital funds, usually bond proceeds, are available capital assets are acquired from such resources. Capital assets can be, however, and to a lesser amount are, acquired from unrestricted resources.

# **NOTE B—COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

# (a) Litigation

The City is a defendant in a number of lawsuits pertaining to matters that are incidental to performing routine governmental and other functions. As of December 31, 2003, claims approximating \$327.2 million were outstanding against the City. Based on the current status of all these legal proceedings, it is the opinion of management that ultimate resolution of such will not have a material effect on the City's financial statements.

# (b) Federal Grants

Under the terms of federal grants, periodic audits are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the terms of the grants. Such audits could lead to

# NOTE B—COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)

reimbursements to the grantor agencies. While questioned costs may occur, ultimate repayments required of the City have been infrequent in prior years.

# (c) Franklin County Convention Facilities Authority (CFA)

The CFA is a separate and distinct entity created under the laws of Ohio. In June 1990, the CFA issued lease revenue bonds for the purpose of constructing a convention facility in downtown Columbus. Also in June 1990, the City and the County of Franklin, Ohio (the County) entered into a lease/sublease arrangement with the CFA pursuant to which the City and the County leased the convention facility as tenants in common from the CFA. The City and the County subleased the facility back to the CFA. The lease requires that the City and the County each pay rent to the CFA in an amount equal to one half of the debt service on the revenue bonds. Under the sublease, the CFA is required to pay rent to the County and the City in an amount equal to such debt service. Such sub rental payments are expected to be derived from the hotel/motel excise tax levied by the CFA, and if such tax is insufficient, from earnings on, and the principal amount of, certain reserve funds created in connection with the issuance of the revenue bonds. If the foregoing amounts are insufficient, the City agreed in the lease to apply that portion of the hotel/motel tax levied by the City and currently paid by the City to a convention and visitors bureau to the payment of rentals under the lease. If, after the application of the foregoing amounts, additional amounts are required to meet the City's and the County's obligations under the lease, such amounts will be paid by the City and the County, in equal shares, from their general resources, provided that their respective legislative bodies have appropriated funds for such purpose. No such payments were necessary prior to or during 2003. The lease will terminate as to the City and the County if their respective legislative bodies fail to appropriate amounts required for rentals thereunder. The total amount of these revenue bonds outstanding at December 31, 2003 was \$155.6 million net of premiums and discounts of \$8.4 million, or a gross amount of \$164.0 million.

# (d) Other liabilities

At December 31, 2003, the City had certain other liabilities of Governmental Type Activities that will not be paid from funds available, as defined. The City wishes to fully disclose these liabilities. In accordance with <u>GASB Interpretation No. 6; Recognition and Measurement of Certain Liabilities and Expenditures in Governmental Fund Financial Statements,</u> however, these liabilities are not accounted for, nor are they required to be, in the Fund financial statements contained in this report. Those liabilities are:

(1) Accrued pensions in the amount of \$3.8 million represents the employer's share of certain pension costs. This amount is due and payable in March 2004 and is budgeted in 2004 appropriations. This amount, therefore, is not payable from 2003 available funds.

# NOTE B—COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)

(2) Accrued vacation and sick leave are granted to City employees at varying amounts. At the time of the employee's termination, such accruals are paid to the employee at varying rates from the fund to which the employee's payroll is charged. Except for the unused portion of an employee's prior year's sick leave accrual which is recorded in the fund that ultimately disburses this accrual to the employee after year end, all other accrued vacation and sick leave applicable to governmental type activities is not reflected in the fund financial statements contained in this report. The long term liability activity related to compensated absences for the year ended December 31, 2003, was as follows:

	eginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	р	mount ayable thin one year
			(in thousands)			
Governmental Activities	\$ 53,511	39,951	38,337	55,125	\$	39,900
Business Type Activities	4,363	5,755	5,744	4,374		4,374

#### NOTE C—CASH AND INVESTMENTS

*Investment Policies*: The City follows GASB Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools*, and records all its investments at fair value. At December 31, 2003 fair value was \$ 567,114 above the City's net cost for its investments. At December 31, 2002 fair value was \$4,180,269 above net cost. Fair value is determined by quoted market prices and acceptable other pricing methodologies.

The City pools its cash, except for that held by revenue bond trustees, fiscal and escrow agents, and certain debt service and agency fund cash and investments, for maximum investing efficiency. Earnings on the pool are allocated to individual funds at the discretion of the City Council after meeting revenue bond indentures and other requirements. All statutory requirements are met in distributing earnings of the pool to various funds.

The City Codes, Chapters 325 and 321, respectively, provide for a Treasury Investment Board and a Depository Commission. Both consist of the City Treasurer, who serves as chairman and represents the City Council; the City Auditor, an independently elected official; and the Director of the Department of Finance, representing the Mayor; hence a check and balance process via the separation of powers.

Pursuant to these code sections, the City does not purchase any form of derivatives. The City does invest in STAROhio, an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office that allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAROhio is not registered with the Securities Exchange Commission as an investment company, but does operate in a manner similar to Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAROhio are valued at STAROhio's share price that is the price the investment could be sold for on December 31, 2003.

Management of STAROhio states that its policy also prohibits investing in derivatives and/or engaging in the use of reverse repurchase agreements. Average days to maturity of the STAROhio portfolio at December 31, 2003 was 54 days. The City is prohibited from using reverse repurchase agreements and does not leverage its investment portfolio in any manner. The City purchases investments only through member banks of the Federal Reserve System or broker dealers registered with the National Association of Security Dealers. The City requires broker dealers to formally apply for and be evaluated for eligibility to conduct business with the City.

# NOTE C—CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

The City's investment code and practices have consistently protected the portfolio from unnecessary credit risk (safety) and market risks (liquidity) while providing a competitive yield. Generally, only eligible investments with the remaining terms not greater than two years until final maturity are purchased by the Treasurer. Investments with a remaining term of greater than two years may be purchased only with the specific approval of City Council. Average days to maturity of the City's investments with the Treasurer at December 31, 2003 was 367.1 days.

Investments as permitted by Chapter 325 of the Columbus City Code are:

(A) Bonds, notes, or other obligations of the United States government or its Agencies for which the faith of the United States is pledged for the payment of principal and interest thereon. They are:

Obligations of the United States government:

- United States Treasury Bills
- United States Treasury Notes
- United States Treasury Bonds
- United States Treasury Strips

Obligations guaranteed by the United States government:

Federal government agencies:

- Department of Housing and Urban Development
- Farmers Home Administration
- General Service Administration
- Government National Mortgage Association
- Maritime Administration
- Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Authority
- (B) Bonds, notes, debentures, or other obligations issued by any of the federal government-sponsored enterprises listed below. They are:
  - Federal Farm Credit System
  - Federal Home Loan Banks
  - Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation
  - Federal National Mortgage Association
- (C) The Ohio State Treasurer's Asset Reserve Funds (STAROhio) pursuant to Ohio Revised Code 135.45:
- (D) Bonds or other obligations of the City of Columbus, Ohio;
- (E) Obligations of the State of Ohio or any municipal corporation, village, county, township or other political subdivision of the State of Ohio, as to which there is no default of principal or interest and which have been approved as to their validity by nationally recognized bond counsel.
- (F) Certificates of deposits (collateralized as described below) in eligible institutions applying for moneys as provided in Chapter 321 of Columbus City Codes; and
- (G) Repurchase agreements that are collateralized with legally authorized securities as defined in Chapter 321.08 of Columbus City Code and held in third-party safekeeping designated by the City Treasurer and in the name of the City of Columbus.

Safeguarding activities call for the City's investments with the Treasurer, except for investments with STAROhio, investments held by revenue bond trustees, fiscal and escrow agents and certain debt service,

# NOTE C—CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

and agency funds, to be held in book entry form at federal reserve banks in the accounts of certain member banks-agents of the City who hold the investments in the City's name.

The revenue bond agreements of the water and sanitary sewer enterprises require certain cash and investments to be maintained and managed by trustees. The respective trustees, bank trust departments, invest these monies at the direction of the City Auditor pursuant to the revenue bond agreements.

All of the City's deposits and investments comply with State statutes, City ordinances and applicable bond indentures.

**Deposits**: Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. The City's policy is to place deposits with major local banks (as defined by Chapter 321 of the City Code) approved by the Depository Commission. All deposits, except for deposits held by fiscal and escrow agents or trustees, are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by Chapter 135 of the ORC and Chapter 321 of the Columbus City Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at a Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the City.

At December 31, 2003, the carrying amount of all City deposits, exclusive of money market funds in the amount of \$8,677,070 held by bond trustees, was \$98,922,645. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures*, as of December 31, 2003, \$69,124,566 of the City's bank balance of \$99,401,566 was exposed to custodial risk as follows:

		(in thousands)
Uninsured and collateral held by the pledging financial institution's agents not in the		
City's name	\$	68,617
Uncollateralized and uninsured	_	508
Total balances per banks	\$	69,125

The money market funds, amounting to \$8,677,070, while held by bond trustees as the City's agents and in the City's name, are also considered uncollateralized and uninsured. However, their disposition and availability are governed by bond ordinances and indentures.

*Investments:* As of December 31, 2003, the City had the following investments and maturities. (Amounts are in thousands.)

			Investment Maturities						
Investment Type	F	air Value	6 months or less	7 to 12 months	13 to 18 months	19 to 24 months	Greater than 24 months		
US Treasuries	\$	37,777	12,750	10,050	14,977	-	-		
FFCB Coupon Notes		40,027	-	5,041	34,986	-	-		
FHLB Coupon Notes		304,813	46,775	19,344	213,633	25,061	-		
FNMA Coupon Notes		85,251	40,246	-	20,025	24,980	-		
City of Columbus Assessment Bonds		558	166	392	-	-	-		
City of Columbus Assessment Notes		1,693	140	328	1,225	-	-		
City of Columbus Revenue (TIF) Bonds		555					555		
Total	\$	470,674	100,077	35,155	284,846	50,041	555		

# NOTE C—CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

*Interest Rate Risk.* As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the City's investment policy generally limits investment portfolio maturities to two years or less. The City Treasurer holds one investment which matures on August 1, 2012. This \$555,000 investment in City of Columbus Revenue (TIF) Bonds was specifically approved by City Council.

Credit Risk. The City's investments in the FFCB and FHLB Coupon Notes were rated AAA and Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively. The City's investment in FNMA Coupon Notes were rated AAA by both Standard and Poor's and Fitch. The City's investments in various City of Columbus bonds and notes totaling \$2,805,898 were not specifically rated; however, the City of Columbus Assessment Bonds are considered general obligations of the City. The City's general obligation bond ratings by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services are AAA and Aaa, respectively.

**Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Assets:** The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments to Statement of Net Assets as of December 31, 2003. (Amounts are in thousands.)

Investments (summarized above) Carrying amount of the City's Deposits StarOhio Money Market Funds held by Bond Trustees Cash and collection items on hand Less: City Auditor warrants payable Total	\$ - \$	in thousands) 470,674 98,923 9,261 8,677 190 (5,671) 582,054
Governmental Activities		
Governmental Funds  Cash and investments with treasurer	\$	327,456
Cash and investments with fiscal and escrow agents and other	7	430
Investments		3,244
Internal Service Funds		
Cash and investments with treasurer		19,060
Total Cash and Investments – Governmental Activities	_	350,190
Business-Type Activities Enterprise funds		
Cash and cash equivalents with treasurer		104,596
Restricted cash and cash equivalents with treasurer and other		63,632
Restricted cash and cash equivalents with trustee	_	8,677
Total Cash and Investments – Business-Type Activities	_	176,905
Agency Funds - cash, cash equivalents and investments		54,959
Total	\$ <u></u>	582,054

NOTE D-RECEIVABLES

Receivables at December 31, 2003 consist of the following:

	<u>Taxes</u>	Customer and other <u>Accounts</u>	<u>Lease</u>	HUD <u>Loans</u> <u>(ir</u>	Special assess- <u>ments</u> thousand	Accrued interest s)	Gross Receiv- <u>Ables</u>	Less Allowance for uncol- Lectibles	<u>Net</u>
Governmental type funds:								(==)	
General fund General bond retirement	\$ 110,884	3,858	-	-	- 182	624 16	115,366 198	(79) -	115,287 198
Special income tax	21,503	13,500	94,147	-	-	-	129,150	-	129,150
Other governmental fund:		6,314		81,661		29	88,004	(62,728)	25,276
Total governmental funds	132,387	23,672	94,147	81,661	182	669	332,718	(62,807)	269,911
Business type funds:									
Water	-	16,181	-	-	-	119	16,300	(2,170)	14,130
Sanitary sewer	-	18,767	-	-	353	104	19,224	(780)	18,444
Storm sewer	-	3,675	-	-	-	40	3,715	-	3,715
Electricity	-	6,120	-	-	1,547	4	7,671	(1,628)	6,043
Total business type funds	-	44,743			1,900	267	46,910	(4,578)	42,332
Internal service funds		33					33		33
Total	\$ <u>132,387</u>	68,448	94,147	81,661	2,082	936	379,661	(67,385)	312,276

Housing and Urban Development (HUD) loans include Community Development Act (CDA) loans of \$38.8 million, Home Investment Partnerships (HOME) Program loans of \$34.9 million and various other loans totaling \$7.9 million. Funds received under these programs that are loaned to eligible recipients are recorded as loans receivable. The City has recorded a \$62.6 million allowance for uncollectible HUD loans. In addition, the net receivable balance has been reported as a reservation of fund balance on the governmental fund financial statements.

# NOTE D—RECEIVABLES (continued)

The revenue related to certain other receivables presented in the table above has been deferred due to the nature of those receivables. Deferred revenue and other is comprised of the following:

(in thousands)

	General	General Bond Retirement	Special Income Tax	Other Governmental Funds	Totals	Business Type Activities – Enterprise Funds
Income tax (Note L)	43,560	-	14,520	-	58,080	-
Property tax (Note M)	45,100	-	-	-	45,100	-
Shared revenue	23,487	-	-	13,564	37,051	-
Lease receivable (SWACO – Note H)	-	-	93,646	-	93,646	-
EMS receivable	2,251	-	-	-	2,251	-
CRAA receivable on long term debt	-		13,500	-	13,500	
Special assessments	-	61	_	-	61	1,528
Grants and other				22,793	22,793	1,000
	114,398	61	121,666	36,357	272,482	2,528

Enterprise customer and other accounts receivable include unbilled charges for services at December 31, 2003 as follows:

	<u>(in t</u>	<u>housands)</u>
Water enterprise	\$	7,157
Sanitary sewer enterprise		9,225
Storm sewer enterprise		1,952
Electricity enterprise		3,096
	\$	21,430

# NOTE E—DUE FROM AND DUE TO / INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

	(in thou Due from	<u>usands)</u> Due to
Governmental funds:	<u>Due Iroin</u>	<u>Due to</u>
General	\$ 3,689	62
General bond retirement	-	355
Special income tax	-	175
Other governmental:		
HOME Program Entitlement	5	_
Cable communications	8	_
General government grant fund	90	232
Local law enforcement block grant	1	-
Municipal court projects	6	_
Municipal court clerk	8	_
Special purpose	-	2
Development services	160	38
Community development act	49	-
Health	128	_
Health grants	61	_
Street construction maintenance and repair	822	94
Municipal motor vehicle tax	224	436
Golf course operations	30	-
Recreation and parks operations	178	22
Recreation and parks grants	63	-
Private grants	2	_
Collection fees	_	1
Streets and highways V-95, V-99	3,874	_
General permanent improvements	165	_
State issue 2-streets	-	2,493
Federal state highway engineering	-	2,174
Street and highway improvements	376	-,
	6,250	5,492
Internal Service Funds:		
Employee benefits	8	_
Fleet management	126	_
Information services	65	_
City print services	2	_
Land acquisition	7	_
Lana acquisition	208	
Duainaga tuna funda		
Business type funds:	606	26
Water	696	26 591
Sewer	271	581
Storm sewer	194 427	-
Electric	427	97
	1,588	704
Fiduciary type funds:		
Payroll	10_	4,957
	11,745	11,745

# NOTE E—DUE FROM AND DUE TO / INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES (continued)

In addition, the City has \$4 million due from the CRAA, a joint venture, to the Special Income Tax Fund, a debt service fund, for past operating advances, \$1.0 million in 1983, \$1.3 million in 1986 and \$1.7 million in 1990. Although an allowance for this amount has been provided for in the debt service fund; the amount remains recorded as a liability by CRAA pending an ultimate determination of the amount to be repaid, if any.

Certain Interfund Receivable/Payables of a longer term repayment schedule also exist. The Special Income Tax debt service fund has financed, paid for, certain equipment not included in capital assets because of short-life considerations. This financing is to be repaid by the General Fund. The Special Income Tax fund has also paid debt service on certain general obligation bonds, proceeds of which were used for golf course improvements. The Recreation debt service fund, not a major fund, will make repayments from a portion of its revenues.

	(in thousands)				
	<u>Receivable</u>	<u>Payable</u>			
Interfund Receivable/Payables: General	\$ -	625			
Special Income Tax	4,462	-			
Other Governmental: Recreation debt service	- 4,462	3,837 4,462			

# NOTE F—CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets; those assets with an estimated useful life of five years or more from the time of acquisition by the City and a cost of \$5,000 or more, are primarily funded through the issuance of long term bonds and loans. Land and construction in progress are not subject to depreciation.

A summary of capital assets and changes occurring in 2003 follows.

	Balance December 31, 2002	Additions	Deletions	Balance December 31, 2003
Capital Assets used in:				
Governmental Activities				
Nondepreciable capital assets-	A 17E 022	20, 200	17	105 202
Land	\$ 175,032	20,288	17 17	195,303
Total nondepreciable capital assets	175,032	20,288	17	195,303
Depreciable capital assets:				
Building	289,306	15,468	-	304,774
Improvements, other than building	129,564	7,235	-	136,799
Machinery and equipment	235,636	5,100	9,917	230,819
Infrastructure	871,866	74,303		946,169
Total depreciable capital assets	1,526,372	102,106	9,917	1,618,561
Accumulated depreciation:				
Building	93,646	7,237	-	100,883
Improvements, other than building	42,140	5,649	-	47,789
Machinery and equipment	163,510	18,487	9,602	172,395
Infrastructure	166,577	20,031		186,608
Total accumulated depreciation	465,873	51,404	9,602	507,675
Total depreciable capital assets, net	1,060,499	50,702	315	1,110,886
Total governmental activities capital assets, net	1,235,531	70,990	332	1,306,189
Business Type Activities				
Nondepreciable capital assets:				
Land	43,052	2,312	-	45,364
Construction in progress	115,744	6,120	5,087	116,777
Total nondepreciable capital assets	158,796	8,432	5,087	162,141
Depreciable capital assets:				
Building	200,362	523	-	200,885
Improvements, other than building	1,549,391	112,807	-	1,662,198
Machinery and equipment	119,823	2,602	15,191	107,234
Infrastructure	76,558	6,937	24	83,471
Total depreciable capital assets	1,946,134	122,869	15,215	2,053,788
Accumulated depreciation:				
Building	124,938	4,226	-	129,164
Improvements, other than building	464,803	35,018	-	499,821
Machinery and equipment	91,654	7,336	15,153	83,837
Infrastructure	10,203	2,043	24	12,222
Total accumulated depreciation	691,598	48,623	15,177	725,044
Total depreciable capital assets, net	1,254,536	74,246	38	1,328,744
Total business type activities capital assets, net	1,413,332	82,678	5,125	1,490,885

# NOTE F—CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, at December 31, 2003 appear in the Statement of Net Assets and/or the Fund Statements Balance Sheets as follows. (in thousands)

Governmental Activities (excludes			
Internal Service Funds)	\$1,299,024		
Business type activities:		Internal service funds:	
Water enterprise	\$ 351,574	Fleet management	\$ 1,945
Sanitary sewer enterprise	985,683	Information services	4,457
Storm sewer enterprise	78,168	Telecommunications	754
Electricity enterprise	75,460	Land Acquisition	9

Depreciation expense in 2003 was charged to the following functions and funds. (in thousands)

Governmental Activities (excluding Internal	Service Funds):	Internal Service Funds:	
General government	\$ 1,694	Fleet management	\$ 318
Public service	32,535	Information services	2,381
Public safety	8,234	Telecommunication	<u>179</u>
Development	769		<u>\$ 2,878</u>
Health	115		
Recreation and parks	<u>5,179</u>		
	<u>\$ 48,526</u>		
Business Type Activities:			
Water enterprise	\$ 15,550		
Sanitary sewer enterprise	27,727		
Storm sewer enterprise	2,043		
Electricity enterprise	<u>3,303</u>		
	\$ 48,623		

Interest incurred during the construction phase (\$13,335 million in 2003), net of related interest earnings (\$212 in 2003), of business-type activity capital assets is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. Interest was capitalized in 2003 in the following activities/funds.

	(in thousands)
Water enterprise	\$ 1,144
Sanitary Sewer enterprise	11,979
	\$ 13,123

# NOTE G—BONDS, NOTES AND LOANS PAYABLE

Bonds, notes, and loans payable in the Statement of Net Assets are comprised of the following.

		(in thousands)			
		Business Type Activities			
	Governmental		Sanitary	Storm	
	Type	Water	Sewer	Sewer	Electric
Amount outstanding					
at December 31, 2003	\$ 725,587	266,766	589,927	66,003	27,773
Unamortized bond premium	14,226	8,529	9,617	940	852
Unamortized bond discount	-	(456)	(1,066)	-	-
Unamortized deferred amounts					
On refundings	(1,583)	(3,011)	(3,542)	(91)	(21)
Amount per Statement of Net Assets	\$ 738,230	271,828	594,936	66,852	28,604

The following table shows the activity in bonds, notes and loans payable during 2003.

	(in thousands)							
T 6 18 8	Balance December	New	D ( );	A4 1 22	D. C	Balance December	Amount due in	
Type of obligation Governmental type	31, 2002	Issues	Refundings	Maturities	Refunded	31, 2003	2004	
General obligation OPWC notes Bonds-fixed rate Bonds-variable rate	\$ 3,751 728,755 25,685	600 - -	- 40,985 -	251 71,348 2,295	- 44,235 -	4,100 654,157 23,390	\$ 316 77,073 2,295	
Capitalized lease (Note J) Information services bonds- fixed rate	2,600 3,775	-	-	860 610	-	1,740 3,165	870 625	
Fleet management bonds-fixed rate	510	_	-	30	-	480	30	
Revenue obligations Bonds (TIFs)-fixed rate Bonds (TIFs)-variable rate Notes (TIF)-long-term fixed	30,605 6,300	- -	- -	150 1,300	- -	30,455 5,000	165	
rate Single family mortgage revenue	1,221	1,837	-	-	-	3,058	N/A	
note (FNMA)	66			24		42	N/A	
Total governmental type	803,268	2,437	40,985	76,868	44,235	725,587	81,374	
Business type-enterprise Water General obligations Bonds-fixed rate Bonds-variable rate Revenue obligations	199,959 44,555	- -	29,490 -	16,398 3,140	31,810	181,241 41,415	17,302 3,140	
Bonds-fixed rate	48,790			4,680		44,110	4,950	
Total water	293,304		29,490	24,218	31,810	266,766	25,392	
Sanitary sewer General obligations Bonds-fixed rate Revenue obligations Bonds-fixed rate Bonds-variable rate	219,530 71,640 51,600	- - -	37,935 - -	22,398	40,970 - -	194,097 60,700 51,600	22,488	
OWDA/EPA loans	237,625	56,638	-	10,733	-	283,530	13,272	
Total sanitary sewer	580,395	56,638	37,935	44,071	40,970	589,927	47,060	
Storm sewer General obligations Bonds-fixed rate Bonds-variable rate	66,189 4,955	- -	4,555 	4,341 345	5,010 	61,393 4,610	4,526 345	
Total storm sewer	71,144		4,555	4,686	5,010	66,003	4,871	
Electricity General obligations Notes Bonds-fixed rate Bonds-variable rate	24,426 6,375	1,693	1,290	3,781 915	1,315	1,693 20,620 5,460	468 3,706 910	
Total electricity	30,801	1,693	1,290	4,696	1,315	27,773	5,084	
Total business type-enterprise	975,644	58,331	73,270	77,671	79,105	950,469	82,407	
Total	\$ 1,778,912	60,768	114,255	154,539	123,340	1,676,056	\$ 163,781	

The principal retirement and payment of obligations under the capitalized lease in the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is comprised of the following. (in thousands)

General obligation OPWC notes	\$ 251
Single Family Mortgage Revenue Note (FNMA)	24
General obligation bonds	73,643
Obligation under capital lease	860
Revenue bonds (TIFs)	1,450
Principal redeemed on refunding	44,235
Total	\$ 120,463

Proceeds from bonds and long term notes in the Other Governmental Funds (Capital Projects Fund) Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance consist of the following. (in thousands)

General obligation OPWC notes General obligation bonds - Refunding	\$ 600 40,985
Revenue note (TIF)	1,837
Total	\$ 43,422

Premiums received on bonds are included in the Special Income Tax fund in the amount of \$4,278,974.

#### **Short-Term Notes**

The City issues special assessment notes for certain projects where the direct citizen-beneficiary of the project shares in its costs. Upon final determination of costs, the City then converts the remaining portion of the note (the portion not paid upon project completion by the citizen-beneficiary) to bonds. All special assessment notes are general obligations of the City and are held by the Debt Service Fund or the City's pooled cash and investments with Treasurer. All such notes are accounted for in Business-Type-Enterprise activities.

Issuances and maturities of such notes during 2003 were as follows. (in thousands)

				Balance			Balance
		Maturity	Interest	December 31,			December 31,
Accounted for in:	Date issued	date	rate	2002	Additions	Deletions	2003
Electricity Enterprise	4/2/2003	7/2/2004	1.60%	\$ -	140,000		140,000
	4/2/2003	10/2/2004	1.70%	-	328,000	-	328,000
	4/2/2003	4/2/2005	1.80%	-	1,225,000	-	1,225,000
Total Electricity				\$ -	1,693,000		1,693,000

# **Long-Term Notes**

Except for the FNMA note and the TIF note, all other notes payable are backed by the full faith and credit, i.e. general obligations, of the City. Notes may be issued in anticipation of long-term bond financing and are refinanced until such bonds are issued. There are, however, long-term notes for which the debt service will be paid from current resources. Those notes are as follows.

Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC): OPWC extends both grants and loans to the City. In certain OPWC commitments, the agreements with OPWC provide for cash received by the City to be first considered as grant receipts. Monies received by the City after the grant commitment has been fulfilled by OPWC are then considered loans. Only the loan portion need be repaid by the City. The first two commitments from OPWC included loan monies only.

Notes in the amount of \$4.1 million accounted for as Governmental type represent the amounts due on thirteen loans from the Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) for infrastructure improvements. These notes are non-interest-bearing and have serial maturities, with final maturities July 1, 2023. Initial repayments of the loans began in July 1994. OPWC has committed to additional non-interest-bearing loans as shown below. Cash is provided to the City by OPWC only to the extent of project completion. Only that portion of the loan commitment actually paid to the City is recognized as a liability by the City. Repayments of these loans are made from the Debt Service Fund. OPWC loans are considered general obligations of the City and Governmental type obligations. Grant and loan commitments and loans outstanding at December 31, 2003 were as follows: (in thousands)

			Repaid by City					
							Outstanding	
	Project	Total grant	Total loan	Total Loaned	Prior to	In	Loans at	
Project	Number	commitment	commitment	at 12/31/03	2003	2003	12/31/03	
Sawmill Road	CC515	\$ -	\$ 200	200	90	10	100	
Roberts Road	CC522	_	902	902	411	45	446	
Neil Avenue	CC814	2,278	56	56	16	3	37	
Cleveland Ave. North	CC903	2,503	1,347	1,347	336	67	944	
Cleveland Ave. South	CC914	2,773	1,053	1,053	237	53	763	
Main Street Rehab.	CC019	441	88	88	19	4	65	
Mound Street Rehab.	CC017	546	98	98	22	5	71	
Livingston Ave. Rehab.	CC015	1,622	352	352	80	18	254	
Group 6	CC013	361	58	58	9	3	46	
Edgehill Improvements	CC15A	577	162	162	24	8	130	
US 23 Culvert	CC18A	305	39	39	8	2	29	
James Road	CC08B	2,867	623	623	62	31	530	
Stelzer Road	CC06C	2,082	87	87	-	2	85	
Greenlawn Avenue	CC04D	5,298	1,277	600			600	
Total			\$ 6,342	5,665	1,314	251	4,100	

Future debt service requirements on the OPWC loans and loan commitments are shown as Future Debt Service for Governmental Type Non-Proprietary – Notes contained in this Note G.

**Notes (TIF):** This amount represents a developer's participation in debt service on certain limited general obligation bonds. The agreement between the City and the developer requires the developer to pay to the City 65% of debt service on the applicable portion of the bonds less the revenues received by the City from two TIFs. The amount received by the City from the developer on March 5, 2003 was \$1,836,912 and the amount received on April 27, 2002 was \$1,220,536. The City must begin repaying the developer when the applicable TIF revenues exceed 65% of the debt service on the applicable portion of the bonds. The interest rate on the notes shall not exceed the City's rate of borrowing on general obligation bonds. The interest rate on the notes is estimated to be 4.60%. The repayment obligation is limited solely to revenues of the two applicable TIFs and does not constitute a general obligation of the City. While a precise date for beginning repayments of the notes and any such future notes can not be determined, it is estimated that such repayments will not begin for several years.

**FNMA:** The City participates in various affordable housing efforts. The following long-term note is not a general obligation of the City but is payable solely from mortgage payments made by the homebuyers and certain grant funds provided solely for this purpose. The FNMA note is also considered a governmental type obligation.

	Issue <u>Date</u>	Maturity <u>Date</u>	Interest <u>Rate</u>		anding 31/2003
Non-enterprise:				(in tho	<u>usands)</u>
Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) Single Family Mortgage					-
Revenue Note	8/11/98	9/1/09	6.63%	\$	42
	0.6				

# **Arbitrage Regulations**

The City has calculated and recorded all liabilities related to federal arbitrage regulation.

# **Long-Term Summary**

Long-term debt, both general obligation (G.O.) and revenue supported is summarized below, exclusive of the capitalized lease (Note J).

		Voors		Weighted	
	Years of	Years due		Average Interest	Amount
	Issue	through	Interest rate	rate	(in thousands)
Governmental type					
G.O. Ohio Public Works Commission notes	1993-1999	2022	0.00%	0.00%	\$ 4,100
G.O. Bonds-fixed rate	1972-2003	2020	3.00% to 12.375%	5.21%	654,157
G.O. Bonds-variable rate	1996	2017	0.60% to 1.25% (1.15% at year end)	0.94%	23,390
G.O. Information services bonds-fixed rate	1994-2000	2011	4.83% to 5.55%	5.03%	3,165
G.O. Fleet management bonds-fixed rate	1998	2019	4.62%	4.62%	480
Revenue Bonds (TIFs)-fixed rate-Easton	1999	2024	4.25% to 5.30%	5.00%	29,900
Revenue Bonds (TIFs)-fixed rate-Brewery	2002	2012	6.20%	6.20%	555
Revenue Bonds (TIFs)-variable rate-Polaris	2001	2011	0.75% to 1.40%	1.07%	2,100
			(1.30% at year end)	2.07 70	_,
Revenue Bonds (TIFs)-variable rate-Brewery	2002	2022	0.70% to 1.35% (1.25% at year end)	1.05%	2,900
Revenue Note (TIF)-fixed rate	2002-2003	_	4.30%	4.30%	3,058
Revenue FNMA note	1998	2019	6.63%	6.63%	42
Total governmental type	1550	2015	0.0370	0.05 /0	723,847
					723,047
Business type – enterprise Water					
G.O. bonds-fixed rate	1968-2003	2019	4.325% to 12.375%	5.36%	181,241
G.O. bonds-variable rate	1995-1996	2017	0.60% to 1.25% (1.15% at year end)	0.94%	41,415
Revenue bonds-fixed rate Series 1999	1999	2010	4.50% to 5.00%	4.94%	44,110
Sanitary sewer					
G.O. bonds-fixed rate	1976-2003	2023	4.163% to 12.375%	5.45%	194,097
Revenue bonds-fixed rate Series 2002	2002	2008	5.00%	5.00%	60,700
Revenue bonds-variable rate Series 1994	199 <del>4</del>	2011	0.70% to 1.35%	1.04%	51,600
			(1.25% at year end)		
OWDA-EPA loans	1977-2003	2028	0.91% to 6.75%	4.13%	283,530
Storm sewer					
G.O. bonds-fixed rate	1967-2003	2023	3.50% to 12.375%	5.17%	61,393
G.O. bonds-variable rate	1995-1996	2017	0.60% to 1.25%	0.94%	4,610
			(1.15% at year end)		
Electricity					
G.O. bonds-fixed rate	1985-2003	2013	3.00% to 6.25%	5.25%	20,620
G.O. bonds-variable rate	1996	2009	0.60% to 1.25% (1.15% at year end)	0.94%	5,460
Total business type-enterprise			. , ,		948,776
Total					\$ 1,672,623
. 5 661					T 1,0, 2,023

Certain characteristics of the City's debt are shown in the following table.

#### (in thousands)

				Bu	isiness Type			
	Governmental			Sanitary	Storm			
		Type	Water	Sewer	Sewer	Electricity	Total	Total
Amount outstanding								
General obligations (G.O.)	\$	685,292	222,656	194,097	66,003	26,080	508,836	1,194,128
Revenue obligations		38,555	44,110	395,830	-	-	439,940	478,495
Total	\$	723,847	266,766	589,927	66,003	26,080	948,776	1,672,623
% of outstanding amounts								
General obligations (% X total)		94.7%	83.5%	32.9%	100.0%	100.0%	53.6%	71.4%
Limited-unvoted (% X G.O.)		30.5%	24.0%	12.0%	10.3%	24.5%	17.7%	25.0%
Unlimited-voted (% X G.O.)		69.5%	76.0%	88.0%	89.7%	75.5%	82.3%	75.0%
Revenue obligations (% X total)		5.3%	16.5%	67.1%	0.0%	0.0%	46.4%	28.6%
% X Principal paid out within 10 yrs								
General obligations		82.3% <sup>(1)</sup>	77.2%	73.9%	66.4%	100.0%	75.7%	79.5% <sup>(1)</sup>
Revenue obligations		29.6% <sup>(2)</sup>	100.0%	100.0% <sup>(3)</sup>	-	-	100.0% <sup>(3)</sup>	87.0% <sup>(2)(3)</sup>
Weighted average interest rate								
General obligations		5.07%	4.55%	5.45%	4.90%	4.30%	4.93%	5.01%
Revenue obligations		4.41%	4.94%	3.86%	-	-	3.98%	4.01%

- (1) Exclusive of Ohio Public Works Commission Notes of \$4,099,668.
- (2) Exclusive of TIF Note of \$3,057,448 and FNMA Note of \$41,588.
- (3) Exclusive of Ohio Water Development Authority Loans of \$283,530,345.

# Variable interest rate bonds

The variable interest rate bonds were issued, pursuant to ordinances adopted by Council, in the Electricity Enterprise in 1996; Sanitary Sewer Enterprise in 1994; Water Enterprise in 1995 and 1996; Storm Sewer Enterprise in 1995 and 1996; and Non-enterprise in 1995 and 1996, respectively. The 1994 Sanitary Sewer (weekly interest rate mode) bonds are revenue bonds. The Water Enterprise, the 1996 Electricity Enterprise, the Storm Sewer Enterprise and the Non-enterprise bonds are variable rate, weekly interest rate mode, general obligation bonds. The proceeds of the bonds were used to provide funds for certain capital improvements, retire certain bonds and notes previously issued by the City, establish bond reserve funds, where required, in accordance with trust agreements, and pay costs incurred to issue the bonds.

Interest on the variable interest rate bonds is paid at various times as specified in the trust agreements relating to such bonds, at rates determined by the remarketing agent and the City after reviewing the rates of similar municipal issues. The bonds may be put at the discretion of the holders at a price equal to principal plus accrued interest on any interest payment date or such other dates as specified in the trust agreements. The remarketing agent is authorized to use its best efforts to sell the put bonds at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount.

The variable rate general obligation bonds are accounted for in the Governmental type bonds (\$23,390,000) the Water Enterprise Fund (\$41,415,000), the Electricity Enterprise Fund (\$5,460,000), and the Storm Sewer Enterprise Fund (\$4,610,000). These bonds are enhanced by a Liquidity Facility provided by Westdeutsche Landesbank Girozentrale—New York Branch (West L-B).

Under the Liquidity Facility for the variable rate general obligation bonds, subject to certain terms and conditions set forth therein, West L-B agrees to make funds available to purchase bonds that are tendered or required to be tendered for purchase and not remarketed or for which remarketing proceeds are not delivered. The Liquidity Facility on the 1995 variable rate general obligation bonds and the 1996 variable rate general obligation bonds will expire on June 15, 2011 and December 15, 2011, respectively, subject to earlier termination in accordance with its terms, but may be extended or replaced. Extension of the

termination date, if the City requests, is at the option of West L-B. The immediate termination or suspension of West L-B's obligation to purchase bonds under the Liquidity Facility does not result in acceleration of the bonds. West L-B is not obligated to pay the principal or redemption price of or interest on the bonds under any circumstances, but is obligated only to purchase bonds upon the tender thereof, subject to the terms and provisions of the Liquidity Facility.

If West L-B should be required to purchase these bonds, the City would be required to pay West L-B interest at the higher of the West L-B's prime rate (4.00% at December 31, 2003) or 2% over the Federal Funds rate. This increased interest is reflected in the following table as Debt Service Fund, Water Enterprise Fund, Electricity Enterprise Fund and Storm Sewer Enterprise Fund general obligation bonds.

The Polaris TIF variable rate revenue bonds (\$2,100,000) are enhanced by a letter of credit issued by Fifth Third Bank of Cincinnati, Ohio and the Brewery TIF variable rate revenue bonds (\$2,900,000) are enhanced by a letter of credit issued by Huntington National Bank, Columbus, Ohio.

The Sanitary Sewer variable rate revenue bonds (\$51,600,000) carry no letter of credit or liquidity enhancement. If a put bond proves to be unremarketable by the remarketing agent, the City is required by statute to buy the bonds into its own portfolio. A specific interest rate is not required of the Sanitary Sewer variable rate revenue bonds if purchased into City's investment portfolio.

The following table reflects the additional interest the City would have to pay if the variable rate bonds were purchased into the City's own portfolio. The assumed incremental interest rate in the table is 4.00%.

	(in thousands)								
		Debt	<del>*                                    </del>						
		Service		Enterprise	e Funds				
		Fund			Storm				
		General	Water	Electricity	Sewer	Sanitary			
		Obligation	General	General	General	Sewer			
		and Revenue	Obligation	Obligation	Obligation	Revenue			
		Bonds	Bonds	Bonds	Bonds	Bonds			
Year ending December 31:									
2004	\$	1,173	1,617	234	183	2,064			
2005		1,082	1,492	197	169	2,064			
2006		990	1,366	161	155	2,064			
2007		899	1,241	124	141	2,064			
2008		807	1,115	88	128	2,064			
2009-2013		2,340	3,692	51	431	3,200			
2014-2018		447	746	-	101	-			
2019-2022		178							
	\$	7,916	11,269	855	1,308	13,520			

The City may, at its option, convert the variable rate bonds to a fixed rate. Furthermore, the bonds may be called at the discretion of the City under specified procedures on any interest payment date.

# **Future Debt Service**

The following tables summarize the City's future debt service requirements on its outstanding bonds, long-term notes, and OWDA/EPA loans and loan commitments as of December 31, 2003. Future interest assumes rates on variable rate debt in effect at December 31, 2003. Although the variable rate bonds may be payable upon demand (as described previously), the City intends to repay these issues in accordance with the respective redemption schedules.

				Gove	rnm	ontal T	ivne	(in thous		ernmental T	vne
			Governmental Type Non-Proprietary							ernal Servi	
		•	Во			lote	. ,				
			Princ			ncipal	Inte	erest	Princi	pal Iı	nterest
Year ending December 31:											
2004		\$		,533		316		4,756		555	166
2005				5,816		316		0,731		545	133
2006 2007				2,084 9,329		316 316		5,773 3,022		545 540	102 74
2007				3,329 3,727		316		9,601		125	50
2009-2013				L,217		1,584		2,964		555	84
2014-2018				9,116		1,199		0,306		150	24
2019-2023			23	,625		414		3,062		30	1
2024				<u>2,555</u>				125			
		\$	713	3,002		4,777	22	1 <u>,340</u>	3,6	<u> </u>	634
			Wat	or				erprise Fund nitary Sewe		Flect	ricity
	•					Boı	<u> </u>	OWDA	<u>-1</u>		
		Princi	pal	Inter	est	Princ	ipal	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
Year ending December 31:	+	25	202	11	056	22	700	12 272	25 152	4.616	1 000
2004 2005	\$		.392 .504		956 680		,788 ,832	13,272 15,152	25,153 24,799	4,616 4,182	1,086 894
2006			299	9,	363		,082	16,615	22,846	3,761	709
2007		25,	732	8,	059	29	,452	17,050	20,538	3,490	547
2008		23,	720	6,	845		,446	19,635	20,298	2,907	411
2009-2013 2014-2018			.273 .476		377 169		,159 ,178	119,868 126,105	84,150 48,207	7,124	624
2019-2023			370	٦,	32		,460	106,052	18,482	_	_
2024-2028								38,850	3,185		
	\$	266,	766	71,	<u>481</u>	306	,397	472,599	267,658	26,080	4,271
		Enter	prise	Funds	(coı	ntinued	)				
				orm Se							
	_	Prin	icipal		In	iterest					
Year ending December 31:	ı		4.0	74		2					
2004 2005	\$		4,8 4,6	/1 49		3,15 2,91	)/   3				
2005			4,6			2,67	74				
2007			4,5	83		2,43	36				
2008			4,4	05		2,2	10				

# **Restricted Assets**

2009-2013

2014-2018

2019-2023

In conjunction with the issuance of the Water and Sanitary Sewer revenue bonds, the City entered into various trust agreements with commercial banks. These trust agreements require that the City establish various funds for the cost of construction and repayment of debt. The restricted asset balances in the Enterprise Funds segregate funds held by the City from funds held by trustees in accordance with the trust agreements. Enterprise restricted assets consisted of the following at December 31, 2003:

7,993

3,432

25,304

489

20,704

16,485

66,003

5,680

## (in thousands)

	-	Water	Sanitary Sewer	Storm Sewer	Electricity	Total Enterprise
Held by the City—		.=	0.074	22.22		60.600
Construction funds	\$	37,326	3,371	20,980	1,955	63,632
Held by trustees—		4 706	6 004			0.677
Debt service funds		1,786	6,891	-	-	8,677
Accrued interest receivable on			2			2
investments	_					
Total restricted assets	\$_	39,112	10,264	20,980	1,955	72,311

Except for accrued interest receivable, restricted assets consist of cash, cash equivalents, and investments. In addition, these trust agreements require the City to pledge net revenues (defined in the trust agreement as revenues less operating and maintenance expenses) of the Water and Sanitary Sewer Enterprise Funds to the payment of the principal and interest on the respective bonds when due.

In the opinion of management, the city has complied with all bond covenants.

#### **Matured Bonds and Interest**

Matured bonds and interest payable include \$1,107,000 and \$625,749 respectively at December 31, 2003; \$955,000 and \$625,248 at December 31, 2002.

### **OWDA**

Loans payable to the Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA/EPA), \$283,530,345 are revenue obligations incurred to help finance sewerage treatment facilities and are to be repaid from charges for sewerage services.

## **Voted Debt Authority**

Various amounts of debt for various purposes were authorized by the City's voters (voted-unlimited) in May 1991 and November 1999. The remaining unissued amounts and purposes of these authorizations are shown in the following table (in thousands). There is no time limit regarding utilization of the authorization.

				(in th	ousa	<u>inds)</u>	
	Date		Total	Issued in		Issued in	Unissued as
	<u>Authorized</u>	<u> </u>	<u>Nuthorized</u>	<u>1991–2002</u>		<u>2003</u>	of 12/31/03
Sanitary sewer system	1991	\$	325,000	279,45	55	-	45,545
Public safety	1999		28,255	28,25	55	-	-
Recreation and parks	1999		59,375	32,64	ł5	-	26,730
Refuse collection	1999		10,675	8,29	)5	-	2,380
Streets and highways	1999		203,720	157,40	0	-	46,320
Health	1999		30,500	30,50	0	-	-
Electricity	1999		28,330	7,95	55	-	20,375
Storm sewers	1999		30,000	30,00	0	-	-
Water system	1999		200,000	62,92	0.	_	137,080
		\$	915,855	637,42	25		278,430

Bonds identified above as Sanitary sewer system, Electricity, Water system and Storm sewers are accounted for in the respective Business type enterprise funds. Other bonds are accounted for as Governmental type bonds.

## **Legal Debt Margins**

The ORC provides that the total net debt (as defined in the ORC) of a municipal corporation, whether or not approved by the electors, shall not exceed 10.5% of the total value of all property in the municipal corporation as listed and assessed for taxation. In addition, the unvoted net debt of municipal corporations cannot exceed 5.5% of the total taxation value of property. The statutory limitations on debt are measured by the ratio of net debt to tax valuation and expressed in terms of a percentage. At December 31, 2003, the City's total net debt amounted to 3.57% of total assessed value of all property within the City and unvoted net debt amounted to 0.17% of the total assessed value of all property within the City. The City had a legal debt margin for total debt of \$1,004.763 million and a legal debt margin for unvoted debt of \$772.013 million. The aggregate amount of the City's unvoted debt is also subject to overlapping debt restrictions with other political subdivisions.

## **Conduit Type Debt**

In 1994, the City issued \$2,225,000 in library improvement revenue bonds in conjunction with the Worthington Public Library, another separate and distinct political subdivision. The site of this Worthington Public Library building, however, is located within the geographic boundaries of the City of Columbus. The proceeds of the bonds were used to construct and expand library facilities that were leased to the Board of Trustees of the library. The lessee makes lease payments directly to the revenue bond trustee in an amount equal to the revenue bond payments. In the event of default on the lease payments, the City's liability is limited to surrendering possession of the library facilities to the trustees. The revenue bonds do not constitute a debt or a pledge of the faith and credit of the City and, accordingly, are not reflected in the accompanying basic financial statements. All payments of principal and interest were made when due. Bonds remaining outstanding at December 31, 2003 are as follows: (in thousands)

Title	Issue Date	Interest Rates	Original Amount	December 31, 2003	Maturity Date
City of Columbus, Ohio Library Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 1994 (Board of Trustees of the Worthington Public Library— Lessee)	August 1, 1994	5.00% to 6.15%	\$ 2,225	\$ 1,320	January 1, 2015

## **Defeased Bonds**

A description of the City's advance refunded, defeased, bonds with remaining outstanding amounts follows: (in thousands)

Date Originally	Original Par	Redemption	Date	Maturities	Interest Rates of Defeased	Amount	Amount Outstanding at December 31, 2003
155000	Amount	or Call Date	Deleased	Deleaseu	Donus	Deleaseu	2003
6/15/91	\$101,320	9/15/01	11/15/93	2011	6.00%	\$ 5,070	\$ 5,070 (1)
					6.00% to		
6/15/91	101,320	9/15/01	4/8/94	2005-2010	6.875%	30,405	30,405 (1)
					5.70% to		
5/15/94	38,110	5/15/04	1/15/98	2006-2015	6.00%	9,305	9,305 (2)
	Originally Issued  6/15/91  6/15/91	Originally Issued         Original Par Amount           6/15/91         \$101,320           6/15/91         101,320	Originally IssuedOriginal Par AmountRedemption or Call Date6/15/91\$101,3209/15/016/15/91101,3209/15/01	Originally Issued         Original Par Amount         Redemption or Call Date         Date Defeased           6/15/91         \$101,320         9/15/01         11/15/93           6/15/91         101,320         9/15/01         4/8/94	Originally Issued         Original Par Amount         Redemption or Call Date         Date Defeased         Maturities Defeased           6/15/91         \$101,320         9/15/01         11/15/93         2011           6/15/91         101,320         9/15/01         4/8/94         2005-2010	Date Originally Issued         Original Par Amount         Redemption or Call Date         Date Defeased         Maturities Defeased         Rates of Defeased Bonds           6/15/91         \$101,320         9/15/01         11/15/93         2011         6.00% to           6/15/91         101,320         9/15/01         4/8/94         2005-2010         6.875% 5.70% to	Date Originally Issued         Original Par Amount         Redemption or Call Date         Date Defeased         Maturities Defeased         Rates of Defeased Bonds         Amount Defeased           6/15/91         \$101,320         9/15/01         11/15/93         2011         6.00% to 6.00% to 6.875% 5.70% to         30,405

- (1) These defeasances apply to these maturities only. These bonds are not called. The City has escrowed money for principal and interest to their final maturities, 9/15/2005, 06, 07, 08, 09, 10 and 11. The City does however reserve the right to call these bonds.
- (2) Monies providing for the payment of these outstanding bonds, both principal and interest are held by an escrow agent who will redeem such bonds on their maturity or call dates. These monies and corresponding liabilities, since the bonds are defeased and not considered a liability of the City, are not included in the City's financial statements.

## Tax Increment Financing Districts (TIFs)

The City, pursuant to the Ohio Revised Code and City ordinances, has established 22 TIFs. A TIF represents a geographic area wherein property values created after the commencement date of the TIF are exempt, in whole or in part, from property taxes. Owners of such property, however, must pay amounts equal to the property taxes, known as "service fees", as though the TIF had not been established. These "service fees" are then dedicated to the payments for various public improvements within or adjacent to the TIF area. However, payments from one of the TIFs will assist the City in paying for certain public improvements in an area remote from the TIF area. Property values existing before the commencement date of a TIF continue to be subjected to property taxes.

"Service fee" revenue was \$5.556 million in 2003 and is accounted for as miscellaneous revenue in the Debt Service Funds since these monies are intended to pay principal and interest on bonds whose proceeds will be used to construct public improvements. Corresponding fixed assets are accounted for in the City's infrastructure accounts.

TIFs have a longevity of the shorter period of 30 years or until the public improvements are paid for. The property tax exemption then ceases; service fees cease and property taxes then apply to the property values.

#### **Premium and Issuance Costs**

Only those bonds issued in 2003 having premiums and/or issuance costs, none had discounts, are shown in the following table.

			(in thousands)	
Covernmental type		Par	Premium	Costs of Issuance
Governmental type GO Various purpose-refunding	\$	40,985	4,279	144
Total	\$	40,985	4,279	144
Business type				
GO Water enterprise-refunding	\$	29,490	3,024	104
GO Sanitary Sewer enterprise-refunding	·	37,935	3,834	125
GO Storm Sewer enterprise-refunding		4,555	582	16
GO Electricity enterprise-refunding		1,290	57	4
Total	\$	73,270	7,497	249

## **Advance Refundings and Defeasances**

There were no advance refundings of bonds in 2003 and therefore, no defeasances.

## **Current Refundings**

On June 5, 2003 the City sold \$114,255,000 of General Obligation Refunding Bonds, dated June 17, 2003. The Refunding Bonds consisted of two series: \$72,570,000 of unlimited (voted) bonds with a final maturity of July 1, 2018 and \$41,685,000 of limited (unvoted) bonds with a final maturity of July 1, 2011. The Refunding Bonds refunded \$123,340,000 of various purpose bonds issued on February 15, 1993 and March 15, 1993. These bonds were called on their call dates of July 1, 2003 and September 1, 2003. The refunding resulted in a premium of \$11,776,036 and issuance costs, including underwriter's discount, of \$393,598. A summary of the current refunding appears below.

			Business Type – Enterprise				
		ernmental Type	Electricity System	Sanitary Sewers	Storm Sewers	Water System	Total
Requisition Price							
Old bonds outstanding	\$	44,235	1,315	40,970	5,010	31,810	123,340
Call premium on old bonds Funds required to refund old bonds		872 45,107	26 1,341	723 41,693	96 5,106	616 32,426	2,333
runas requirea to retuna dia bonas		45,107	1,341	41,693	5,106	32,420	125,673
Net carrying amount of old bonds Old bonds outstanding		44,235	1,315	40,970	5,010	31,810	123,340
Deferred amount on the refunding	\$	872	26	723	96	616	2,333
Funds used to accomplish the refunding Principal amount of new bonds issued Portion of premium received on sale of new		40,985	1,290	37,935	4,555	29,490	114,255
bonds		4,122	51	3,758	551	2,936	11,418
Total funds used to accomplish the refunding	\$	45,107	1,341	41,693	5,106	32,426	125,673
Nominal savings, economic gain and present value savings							
Refunded (old) bonds							
Principal Interest	\$	44,235 8,700	1,315 97	40,970 11,964	5,010 1,385	31,810 9,657	123,340 31,803
Total refunded		52,935	1,412	52,934	6,395	41,467	155,143
		,	<del></del> -				
Refunding (new) bonds Principal		40,985	1,290	37,935	4,555	29,490	114,255
Interest		7,417	1,290 77	9,353	1,177	7,533	25,557
Total refunding		48,402	1,367	47,288	5,732	37,023	139,812
Unadjusted reduction in aggregate debt service		4,533	45	5,646	663	4,444	15,331
Premium received		4,279	57	3,834	582	3,024	11,776
< Less > Call premium paid		(872)	(26)	(723)	(96)	(616)	(2,333)
< Less > Bonds redeemed with call premium		(3,250)	(25)	(3,035)	(455)	(2,320)	(9,085)
< Less > Underwriter's discount		(91)	(3)	(76)	(10)	(66)	(246)
< Less > Costs of issuance		(53)	(1)	(49)	(6)	(38)	(147)
Adjusted reduction in aggregate debt service Economic gain – present value of adjusted	\$	4,546	47	5,597	678	4,428	15,296
reduction in aggregate debt service	\$	4,106	45	4,739	596	3,722	13,208
Present value rate – true interest cost of new bonds		1.96%	1.14%	2.49%	2.33%	2.53%	2.34%
Interest rate borne by old bonds	4.859	% to 5.50%	4.85% to 5.35%	4.85% to 5.50%	4.85% to 5.50%	4.85% to 5.50%	

## NOTE H-ELECTRICITY

The City's Electricity Enterprise celebrated its 104<sup>th</sup> year of operation in 2003. The Enterprise presently serves 3,860 commercial customers and 9,589 residential customers and in 2003 had operating revenues of \$57.6 million (\$56.2 million in 2002). During 2003, the Electricity Enterprise Fund received approximately 24.3% (24.0% in 2002) of its charges for services from other funds of the City for electric power. The enterprise purchases and resells its power. The enterprise does not generate power.

On November 30, 2000 the Enterprise entered into a mandatory, exclusive contract for the purchase of power at \$36.14 per megawatt hour, adjusted for various transmission and other factors. The contract shall remain in effect until December 31, 2008, subject to the supplier's option to terminate on December 31 of 2005, 2006 or 2007. The City intends to continue to operate its Electricity Enterprise.

## NOTE H—ELECTRICITY (continued)

Included in receivables (Note D) in the Special Income Tax debt service fund is \$94,146,487 representing amounts due from the Solid Waste Authority of Central Ohio (SWACO). On April 1, 1993, the City leased to SWACO an electricity-generating, solid waste recovery plant and related transfer stations (the Plant). The annual lease payments to the City were to be in the amount of the related debt service requirements. SWACO paid these rental payments to the City in a timely manner in 1993 and in 1994. The lease resulted in the removal of certain real and personal property assets from the Electricity Enterprise Fund with costs in the amount of \$202,000,000. The lease was accounted for as a capital lease in accordance with Statement No. 13 of the Financial Accounting Standards Board, *Accounting for Leases*, as amended, and was originally accounted for in the Electricity Enterprise Fund.

Due to a series of federal court decisions and U.S. E.P.A. decisions, the Plant ceased operations in 1994. Because the asset underlying the lease was no longer a functioning asset the lease was transferred from the Electricity Enterprise Fund to the Special Income Tax debt service fund in 1994. General obligation bonds outstanding at that time and related to the construction of the underlying assets were also transferred, in 1994, from the Electricity Enterprise Fund to the then existing General Long-Term Obligations Account Group. These bonds now appear in the financial statements as Governmental type general obligation fixed rate bonds. In 1984 the City issued \$70.0 million of Variable Rate Demand Electric System Revenue Bonds. Proceeds of the bonds were used toward the completion of the Plant. Bondholders, however, had first lien on all revenues of the Electric Enterprise. Even after the closure of the Plant in 1994, these bonds, because of the lien on all revenues of the enterprise, remained as liabilities In 2001 these revenue bonds were converted, refunded, by the issuance of of the enterprise. Governmental Type general obligation fixed rate unvoted bonds of the City. Since no claim on enterprise revenues remains and the related asset was long ago, 1994, transferred out of the enterprise, the remaining bonds of \$29.450 million outstanding at December 31, 2001 were transferred out of the enterprise in 2002 as a Nonreciprocal Interfund Transfer.

In 1998 and again in 1999, the City and SWACO amended the lease, the third and fourth modifications. Essentially, the City agreed to reduce the amount due from SWACO to the City to an amount equal to 65% of debt service and associated bond costs required for the City's bonds from January 1, 1995 to the bonds' final maturity in 2010. SWACO agreed to impose a new fee on garbage originating throughout the SWACO boundaries, primarily Franklin County, Ohio. Proceeds from this new fee produce approximately \$5 million cash annually to be paid in total to the City. The City, rather than pay cash to SWACO for residential type garbage picked up by City garbage trucks, grants a credit to SWACO against the amount due by SWACO to the City. This credited amount would approximate an additional \$2.3 million annually. This new fee applies to all garbage originating within SWACO boundaries regardless of whether the garbage is disposed of (tipped) at SWACO's landfill or not. This new fee was authorized by SWACO in December 1998 to be effective at various dates in 1999. SWACO also agreed to remit to the City all profits from the landfill operations, after maintaining certain reserves, and other miscellaneous revenues.

SWACO operates a landfill and agrees to continue to operate the landfill in a manner that ensures that disposal capacity in the Franklin County Landfill will be available to the City and to residents through, at a minimum, the year 2025. The City continues to agree to dispose of all garbage collected by the City at the SWACO landfill. In 2003, the City paid SWACO \$10.3 million for landfill tipping fees (\$10.9 million in 2002).

The lease of the Plant between the City and SWACO extends to March 31, 2010 with automatic renewals of 5-year terms at annual rentals of \$100,000, unless SWACO chooses not to renew.

The City received \$500,000 from SWACO in January, February, 2004 and is recognized as revenue in 2003 (60 day rule). All lease receivable amounts not received within 60 days after year-end have been accounted for as deferred revenue in the Special Income Tax debt service fund.

## **NOTE H—ELECTRICITY (continued)**

A reconciliation of the debt service on the City's bonds related to the SWACO agreement to the City's lease receivable due from SWACO at December 31, 2003 follows:

Debt service: 1995-2002 2003	\$ 140,287,639 16,450,080
Projected debt service 2004-2010	73,667,872
Less:	,
Debt service prorated to Alum Creek transfer station vacated by SWACO (2004)	(76,952)
Total applicable debt service	\$ 230,328,639
65% of total applicable debt service Less:	\$ 149,713,615
Payments made by SWACO:	
1995-2002	(44,626,193)
2003	(8,297,000)
Credits in lieu of payments -	
Retired facility fee:	
1999-2002	(8,875,544)
2003	(2,466,421)
Environmental costs and other:	
1998-2002	(3,279,433)
2003	(121,784)
Interest due on deferred payment:	
1998-2002	9,948,741
2003	2,150,506
Amount due from SWACO to City at 12-31-2003	\$ 94,146,487

Debt service for 1995 through 2003 includes actual principal and interest on the general obligation bonds and principal and interest on the revenue bonds paid to the revenue bond trustee until such revenue bonds were refunded by general obligation bonds in March 2001. Also included are associated bond costs: letter of credit fees, trustee fees and remarketing agent fees applicable to the revenue bonds. Total principal, interest and associated bond costs were then reduced by interest earned and collected by the revenue bond trustee. Amounts for years 2004 to 2010 include actual principal and interest on the general obligation bonds remaining to be paid. Debt service requirements on the City's bonds will be paid from the City's General Bond Retirement debt service fund. The City is fully capable of meeting the debt service requirements of these bonds.

See Note R – Subsequent Event.

## NOTE I—PROPERTY LEASED TO OTHERS

The City leased to others in 1985, an office building known as the old, old post office. The City has no net investment in this lease because the City's purchase price of \$3 million for the building was entirely recovered by a lease payment received at the lease's inception. The initial lease term is for 20 years with a 20-year renewal term at \$100 per year. The lessee may then purchase the property at its then fair market value or continue to lease it for up to 55 additional years.

The City leases certain real property, together with buildings and improvements located thereon, to the Columbus Zoological Park Association (the Zoo). The lease, with annual rental payments of \$10 per year, payable in a lump sum of \$200 on or before the first anniversary date of the amended lease, is an

## NOTE I—PROPERTY LEASED TO OTHERS (continued)

extension of earlier leases that began in 1970. This current lease which commenced in 2003 expires December 31, 2023. The Zoo uses and occupies the premises solely for zoological, conservation, educational, research and recreational purposes. Animals at the Zoo are not owned by the City.

See also Note H regarding assets leased to SWACO by the City.

### NOTE J—LEASE COMMITMENTS AND LEASED ASSET

The City leases a significant amount of property and equipment under short term operating leases. Total rental expenditures on such leases for the year ended December 31, 2003 were approximately \$5.1 million (\$6.7 million in 2002).

The City also leases a building under a capitalized lease. The cost of the building, \$19.8 million, is included in the City's capital assets used in governmental activities. The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under the capitalized lease together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2003. This amount also appears in Note G.

Year ending December 31:	(	(in thousands)
2004	\$	1,007
2005	_	916
Total minimum lease payments	\$	1,923
Less—amount representing interest at 10.5%	_	(183)
Present value of net minimum lease payments	\$_	1,740

### **NOTE K—PENSION PLANS**

Police and fire-sworn personnel participate in the statewide Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (P&F). Substantially all other City employees participate in the statewide Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). Both P&F and OPERS are cost sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement systems administered by their respective Retirement Boards, each consisting of 6 members elected by representative groups and 3 statutory members. The total payroll for the City's employees for the year ended December 31, 2003 was \$415.7 million. Of this amount, \$197.1 million was covered by P&F, \$212.9 million was covered by OPERS and \$5.7 million was not subject to pension benefit calculations.

Employer and employee required contributions to P&F and OPERS are established by the Ohio Revised Code (ORC) and are based on percentages of covered employees' gross salaries, as defined. In addition to paying the employer's share as required by the ORC, the City pays a portion of the employee's share.

Required contributions to P&F and OPERS are used to fund pension obligations and health care programs. Rates required attributable to 2002 payroll costs are summarized as follows:

	Percentage of co	ember 31, 2003			
		Employee share		Employer	
	Paid by City	Paid by employee	<u>Total</u>	<u>Share</u>	<u>Total</u>
Police Fire OPERS:	6.5 6.5	3.5 3.5	10.0% 10.0%	19.5% 24.0%	29.5% 34.0%
Full time Part time	8.5 6.0	- 2.5	8.5% 8.5%	13.55% 13.55%	22.05% 22.05%

## Police and Fire (P&F)

P&F has provided the following information to the City in order to assist the City in complying with Statement No. 27.

- A. P&F is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan.
- B. P&F provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries.
- C. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by state statute per Chapter 742 of the ORC.
- D. P&F issues a stand-alone financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by making a written request to P&F at: 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164 or by calling (614) 228-2975. (<a href="https://www.op-f.org">www.op-f.org</a>)
- E. The ORC provides statutory authority for employee and employer contributions. The required contributions are:

	Employees	Employer
Police	10%	19.5%
Fire	10%	24.0%

F. Required employer contributions are equal to 100% of the dollar amount billed to each employer.

City data indicates the required amounts for the past five years have been:

<u>Year</u>	Employee share paid by employee	Employee share paid by City	Employer share paid by City	Total paid by City
		(in thousands)		
Police:		-		
2003	\$ 3,756	6,975	20,927	27,902
2002	3,781	7,022	21,067	28,089
2001	3,782	7,024	21,072	28,096
2000	3,287	6,104	18,311	24,415
1999	3,218	5,976	17,934	23,910
Fire:				
2003	\$ 2,359	6,625	21,561	28,186
2002	1,268	7,185	20,286	27,471
2001	1,207	6,842	19,317	26,159
2000	1,223	6,929	19,565	26,494
1999	982	5,565	15,700	21,265

Participants in P&F may retire at age 48 with at least 25 years of credited service or at age 62 with at least 15 years of credited service and are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable in monthly installments for life, equal to 2.5% of annual earnings for each of the first 20 years of credited service, 2.0% for each of the next five years of credited service, and 1.5% for each year of service thereafter. However, this normal retirement benefit is not to exceed 72% of the member's average annual salary of the three years during which the total earnings were greatest. Members become vested in certain benefits after 15 years of service and become vested in full normal retirement benefits after 25 years of service. P&F also provides a \$1,000 lump-sum death benefits payment in addition to survivor and disability benefits. Benefits are established by the ORC.

P&F has provided the following information pertaining to other postemployment benefits for health care costs in order to assist the City in complying with Statement No. 12.

- A. P&F provides postretirement health care coverage to any person who received or is eligible to receive a monthly benefit check or is a spouse or eligible dependent child of such person. An eligible dependent child is any child under the age of 18 whether or not the child is attending school or under the age of 22 if attending school full-time or on a 2/3 basis. The health care coverage provided by the retirement system is considered an Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement No. 12. The Ohio Revised Code provides that the health care cost paid from the fund of P&F shall be included in the employer's contribution rate. The total police employer contribution rate is 19.5% of covered payroll and the total firefighter employer contribution rate is 24% of covered payroll.
- B. The ORC provides the statutory authority allowing P&F's Board of Trustees (Board) to provide health care coverage to all eligible individuals.
- C. Health care funding and accounting is on a pay-as-you-go basis. A percentage of covered payroll, as defined by the Board, is used to pay retiree health care expenses. The Board defined allocation was 7.75% of covered payroll in 2002 and 2003. In addition, since July 1, 1992 most retirees have been required to contribute a portion of the cost of their health care coverage through a deduction from their monthly benefit payment. Beginning in 2001, all retirees and survivors have monthly health care contributions.
- D. The total health care expense paid by the retirement plan was \$141,028,006 net of member contributions of \$12,623,875 for the year ended December 31, 2,002. Eligible benefit recipients totaled 13,527 for police and 10,396 for fire. Based on the portion of each employer's contribution to P&F set aside for funding of postretirement health care, as described above, the City's contribution for 2003 allocated to postretirement care was approximately \$8.3 million for police and \$7.0 million for fire.

## **OPERS**

OPERS has provided the following information to the City in order to assist the City in complying with GASB Statement No. 27, *Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers* (Statement No. 27). OPERS administers three separate pension plans as described below:

- The Traditional Pension Plan (TP) a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan.
- The Member-Directed Plan (MD) a defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over five years at 20% per year). Under the Member-Directed Plan members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of member and (vested) employer contributions plus any investment earnings thereon.
- The Combined Plan (CO) a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. Under the Combined Plan employer contributions are invested by the retirement system to provide a formula retirement benefit similar in nature to the Traditional Plan benefit. Member contributions, the investment of which is self-directed by the members, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the Member-Directed Plan.
- OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the Traditional Plan and Combined Plans. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits.
- Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by state statute per Chapter 145 of the ORC.

- OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by making a
  written request to OPERS at: 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642 or calling (614)
  222-6705 or 1-800-222-PERS (7377). (<a href="www.opers.org">www.opers.org</a>)
- The ORC provides statutory authority for employee and employer contributions. The City's employee contribution rate in 2003 was 8.5%. The City's contribution rate, as an employer, was 13.55% of covered payroll.
- Required employer contributions are equal to 100% of the dollar amount billed to each employer and must be extracted from the employer's records.

City data indicates the required amounts for the past five years have been:

	Employee share Paid by <u>employee</u>	Employee share paid by City	Employer share paid by City	Total paid by City
		(in thousan	ids)	
2003	\$ 225	17,878	28,858	46,736
2002	268	17,444	28,713	46,157
2001	286	17,251	27,957	45,208
2000	314	16,455	21,200	37,655
1999	304	15,758	25,612	41,370

Participants in OPERS may retire, at any age with 30 years of service, at age 60 with a minimum of five years of credited service, and at age 55 with a minimum of 25 years of service. Those individuals retiring with less than 30 years of service or less than age 65 receive reduced retirement benefits. Eligible employees are entitled to a retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, equal to 2.2% of their final average salary for each year of credited service up to 30 years. Employees are entitled to 2.5% of their final average salary for each year of service over 30 years. Final average salary is the employee's average salary over the highest three years of earnings. Benefits fully vest upon reaching five years of service. OPERS also provides death and disability benefits. Benefits are established by the ORC.

OPERS has provided the following information pertaining to other postemployment benefits for health care costs in order to assist the City in complying with *GASB Statement No. 12, Disclosure of Information on Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits by State and Local Government Employers* (Statement No. 12).

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) administers three separate pension plans: The Traditional Pension Plan (TP) – a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the Member-Directed Plan (MD) – a defined contribution plan; and the Combined Plan (CO) – a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and post-retirement health care benefits to qualifying members of both the Traditional and the Combined Plans; however, health care benefits are not statutorily guaranteed. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits, including post-employment health care coverage.

In order to qualify for post-retirement health care coverage, age and service retirees must have 10 or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability recipients and primary survivor recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by the Retirement System is considered an Other Post-employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement No. 12.

A portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside for the funding of post-retirement health care. The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for employer contributions. The OPERS law enforcement program is separated into two divisions, law enforcement and public safety with separate employee contribution rates and benefits. The 2003 employer contribution rate for local government employer units, was 13.55% of covered payroll, and 5.00% was used to fund health care for the year.

- B. The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority requiring public employers to fund postretirement health care through their contributions to OPERS.
- C. Summary of Assumptions:

Actuarial Review. The assumptions and calculations below were based on the Systems latest Actuarial Review performed as of December 31, 2002.

Funding Method. An entry age normal actuarial cost method of valuation is used in determining the present value of OPEB. The difference between assumed and actual experience (actuarial gains and losses) becomes part of unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Assets Valuation Method. All investments are carried at market value. For actuarial valuation purposes, a smoothed market approach is used. Under this approach assets are adjusted annually to reflect 25% of unrealized market appreciation or depreciation on investment assets.

Investment Return. The investment assumption rate for 2002 was 8.00%.

Active Employee Total Payroll. An annual increase of 4.00% compounded annually, is the base portion of the individual pay increase assumption. This assumes no change in the number of active employees. Additionally, annual pay increases, over and above the 4.00% base increase, were assumed to range from .50% to 6.3%.

Health Care. Health care costs were assumed to increase 4.00% annually.

- D. OPEB are advanced-funded on an actuarially determined basis. The following disclosures are required:
  - 1. The number of active contributing participants at year end 2003 was 364,881.
  - 2. The City's contribution used to fund OPEB was \$10.65 million.
  - 3. \$10.0 billion represents the actuarial value of the Retirement System's net assets available for OPEB at December 31, 2002.
  - 4. The actuarially accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability, based on the actuarial cost method used, were \$18.7 billion and \$8.7 billion, respectively.
- E. OPERS Board adopts new Health Care "Choices" Plan

In December 2001, the Board adopted the Health Care "Choices" Plan in its continuing effort to respond to the rise in the cost of health care. The Choices Plan will be offered to all persons newly hired in an OPERS covered-position after January 1, 2003, with no prior service credit accumulated toward health care coverage. Choices, as the name suggests, will incorporate a cafeteria approach, offering a more broad range of health care options. The plan uses a graded scale from ten to thirty years to calculate a monthly health care benefit. This is in contrast to the ten-year "cliff" eligibility standard for the present plan.

The benefit recipient will be free to select the option that best meets their needs. Recipients will fund health care costs in excess of their monthly health care benefit. The plan will also offer a spending account feature, enabling the benefit recipient to apply his or her allowance toward specific medical expenses, much like a Medical Spending Account.

In response to the adverse investment returns experienced by OPERS from 2000 through 2002 and the continued staggering rate of health care inflation, the OPERS Board, during 2003, considered extending "Choices" type cost cutting measures to all active members and benefit recipients. As of this date, the Board has not determined the exact changes that will be made to the health care plan. However, changes to the plan are expected to be approved by the summer of 2004.

There are no post-employment benefits provided by the City other than those provided through OPERS and P&F.

The liability for past service costs at the time OPERS was established was assumed by the State of Ohio; therefore, it is not a liability of the City. The liability for past service costs at the time P&F was established was paid by the City to P&F in January 1994. The City is current on all of its required pension fund contributions.

### NOTE L-INCOME TAXES

The City levies a tax of 2% on substantially all income earned within the City. In addition, residents of the City are required to pay City income tax on income they earn outside the City. However, a credit is allowed for income taxes paid to other municipalities.

Employers within the City are required to withhold income tax on employees' compensation and remit this tax to the City semimonthly, monthly, or quarterly, depending upon the amounts withheld. Corporations and other individual taxpayers are required to pay their estimated tax quarterly and file a declaration annually.

For the governmental fund financial statements, the City recognizes as revenue income tax received within 60 days after year end applicable to taxpayer liabilities for periods prior to the year end net of an allowance for income tax refunds. These taxes are considered both measurable and available whereas all other income taxes are recognized as revenue when received. The City has consistently followed this practice for many years.

Receivables and deferred revenues have been recorded in the General and Special Income Tax fund in the amount of \$43,559,673 and \$14,519,891, respectively, for the estimated income tax due to the City for 2003 and prior tax years, but not collected within the available period.

### **NOTE M—PROPERTY TAXES**

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal (used in business) property located in the City.

Real property taxes and public utility taxes collected during 2003 were levied after October 1, 2002 on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2002, the lien date. One half of these taxes were due January 20, 2003 with the remaining balance due on June 20, 2003. Tangible personal property taxes attach as a lien and were levied on January 1, 2003. One half of this tax was due on April 30, 2003 and the remaining balance was due on September 20, 2003.

Assessed values on real property are established by state law at 35% of appraised market value. A revaluation of all property is required to be completed every sixth year. The last revaluation was

## NOTE M—PROPERTY TAXES (continued)

completed in 1999. Tangible personal property assessments are 25% of true value (true values are based on cost and established by the State of Ohio). The assessed value upon which the 2003 levy was based was approximately \$14.551 billion. The assessed value for 2003, upon which the 2004 levy will be based, is approximately \$14.489 billion.

Ohio law prohibits taxation of property from all taxing authorities within a county in excess of 1% of assessed value without a vote of the people. Under current procedures, the City's share is .314% (3.14 mills) of assessed value. Increases in the property tax rate are restricted only by voter willingness to approve such increases.

The County Treasurers collect property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the counties, including the City of Columbus. The County Auditors periodically remit to the City its portion of the taxes collected. Property taxes may be paid on either an annual or semiannual basis. Current tax collections for the year ended December 31, 2003 were 95.2% (94.7% in 2002) of the tax levy.

Property taxes levied in 2003 but not due for collection until 2004 are recorded in the General Fund as taxes receivable and deferred revenues at December 31, 2003 in the amount of \$45.1 million.

## NOTE N-DEFICIT FUND EQUITIES

At December 31, 2003, the Recreation Debt Service Fund and the Parks & Recreation V-95, V-99 Capital Projects Fund had deficits of \$3.787 million and \$72 thousand, respectively. These deficits will be eliminated by future charges for services or bond proceeds.

Fund balance deficits may be budgeted for and exist on the City's budgetary basis of accounting for certain funds. These fund balance deficits exist because encumbrances are recorded against certain accounts receivable that are not recognized as revenue on the budget basis of accounting.

## NOTE O-MISCELLANEOUS REVENUES

For the year ended December 31, 2003, miscellaneous revenues in the fund financial statement consisted of the following:

			(in thousands)	
			,	Other
			Special	Governmental
	Ger	neral	Income Tax	Funds
Hotel/motel taxes	\$	2,804	-	8,636
Refunds and reimbursements		1,206	96	2,126
Rent:				
SWACO		-	10,385	-
Other		90	219	210
Capital contribution		-	-	41
Payments in lieu of property taxes		14	-	5,620
Donations		-	-	1,754
HUD loan interest		-	-	754
City auto license tax		-	-	2,966
Commissions		64	-	-
Sale of assets		-	-	371
CRAA		-	5,858	-
Zoo		-	1,654	-
Other		1,267		4,787
	\$	5,445	18,212	27,265

## NOTE P—TRANSFERS

For the year ended December 31, 2003, transfers presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) consisted of the following: (in thousands)

					T	ransfers in		
	Tra	Total ansfer Out	General Fund	General Bond Retirement Fund	Special Income Tax Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds	Business Type Activities- Enterprise Fund
General Fund:								
Recreation Operating	\$	25,122				- 25,122		
Health Operating Other		16,204 203			·	- 16,204 - 203		_
Total General Fund		41,529				41,529		
Total General Fund		11,323				11,323		_
Special Income Tax Fund:								
Bond premiums used for interest		2,403		- 2,403	•	-		
Nonreciprocal interfund transfer to Storm Sewer (for debt service)		2,944						2,944
Nonreciprocal interfund transfer to		104						- 104
Electricity (subsidy) Tipping fees		104 13,450	13,45			<del>-</del>		- 107
Other		60,000	15,75	- 53,074		- 6,926		- -
		78,901	13,45			- 6,926		- 3,048
Total Special Income Tax Fund		70,901	13,43	0 33,477	<u> </u>	0,920		3,040
Other Governmental Funds:								
Special Revenue Funds		2,265	7	3 1,428		- 764		
Nonmajor Debt Service Funds		9,998		- 4,623	4,231	1,144		
Capital Projects Funds		14,169		- 93	250	13,826		
Other		-				<del>-</del>		<u> </u>
Total Other Governmental Funds		26,432	7	3 6,144	4,481	. 15,734		<del>-</del>
Governmental Activities – Internal Service Funds:								
Internal Service Funds		19,000	14,15	7 6		1,549	524	2,764
Total	\$	165,862	27,68	0 61,627	4,481	. 65,738	524	5,812

## **NOTE Q—JOINT VENTURES**

## FRANKLIN PARK CONSERVATORY JOINT RECREATION DISTRICT

As noted in Note A, the Franklin Park Conservatory Joint Recreation District (the Conservatory District) is considered a joint venture of the City and Franklin County (the County). The arrangement with the Conservatory District possesses all of the following characteristics to be classified as a joint venture. The Conservatory District:

- resulted from a contractual arrangement (City Resolution 109X-90 and Franklin County Resolution 79-90 pursuant to authority contained in Section 755.14(B) of the Ohio Revised Code);
- functions as a separate and specific activity from the City and the County;
- is governed by the City and the County, with neither entity in a position to unilaterally control the Conservatory District's financial or operating policies; and
- involves an ongoing financial responsibility on the part of the City and the County.

The Conservatory District receives an annual operating subsidy from the City, subject to annual appropriation by the City's Council. Financial statements of the Conservatory District may be obtained from the Conservatory District's administration offices at 1777 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43203. Summary financial data for the year ended December 31, 2003 are as follows:

Cash and investments Other current assets Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Other noncurrent assets	(in thousands) \$ 453 379 5,134 213
Total assets	6,179
Current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities	841 86
Total liabilities	927
Investment in capital assets net of related debt	5,134
Restricted net assets	279
Unrestricted net assets	(161)
Total net asset	\$ 5,252
Total revenues (including City payments of \$608,003) Total expense	\$ 4,041 (4,054)
Loss before depreciation	(13)
Depreciation expense	(329)
Capital contributions	100
Decrease in net assets	\$ <u>(242)</u>

The Conservatory District's restricted net assets at December 31, 2003 are comprised of an expendable endowment of \$124,551 and an investment of \$154,688 at the Columbus Foundation, an Ohio not-for-profit corporation, for the purpose of furthering the Conservatory District's mission. The Conservatory District has the right to suggest to the Columbus Foundation how these monies are to be expended.

## NOTE Q—JOINT VENTURES (CONTINUED)

## COLUMBUS/FRANKLIN COUNTY AFFORDABLE HOUSING TRUST CORPORATION

Also, as noted in Note A, the Columbus/Franklin County Affordable Housing Trust Corporation (AHT) is considered a joint venture of the City and County. In its *Audits of State and Local Governmental Units, with Conforming Changes as of May 1, 2001,* both the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) and the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) recognizes an organization to be governmental if it has one or more of the following characteristics:

• "Popular election of officers or appointment (or approval) of a controlling majority of the members of the organization's governing body by officials of one or more state or local governments."

All members of AHT's board of trustees are jointly appointed by the City's Mayor and the County's Commissioners.

• "The potential for unilateral dissolution by a government with the net assets reverting to the government."

The contract between the City and AHT, in the event of its termination, calls for assets of AHT received from the City and assets of AHT acquired through the use of City funds to revert to the City.

"The power to enact and enforce a tax levy."

AHT does not have taxing authority.

Having two of the above characteristics AHT, therefore, is considered a joint venture of the City. AHT will continue to receive annual funding from the City as long as the current agreement continues. Summary financial data for the year ended December 31, 2003 are as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents Other current assets, restricted Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Non-current assets other than capital Total assets	(in thousands) \$ 5,078 76 23 2,777 7,954
Current liabilities Non-current liabilities  Total liabilities	65 6 71
Investment in capital assets net of related debt Restricted net assets Unrestricted net assets Total net assets	23 7,636 224 \$ 7,883
Total revenues (including City support of \$1,338,593) Total expense Increase in net assets	\$ 2,558 (626) \$ 1,932

## NOTE Q-JOINT VENTURES (CONTINUED)

### **COLUMBUS REGIONAL AIRPORT AUTHORITY**

On December 12, 2002 the City of Columbus, Ohio, the Columbus Municipal Airport Authority and the County of Franklin, Ohio entered into the *Port Authority Consolidation and Joinder Agreement*. The effective date of the agreement was January 1, 2003. The agreement unites the operations of Columbus Municipal Airport Authority, created by the City in 1990, and the Rickenbacker Port Authority, created by the County in 1979 and dissolved by the County Commissioners via this action. The new entity is titled the *Columbus Regional Airport Authority (CRAA*). The board of directors of the CRAA is its governing body and consists of nine (9) members; four (4) appointed by the Mayor of the City of Columbus, four (4) by the County Commissioners of Franklin County and one (1) jointly by the Mayor and the County Commissioners.

Beginning January 1, 2003 the Columbus Regional Airport Authority (CRAA) is characterized as a Joint Venture of the City and the County whereas, the Columbus Municipal Airport Authority (CMAA) was reported as a component unit of the City through December 31, 2002.

Summary financial data of CRAA for the year ended December 31, 2003 are as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents, unrestricted Other current assets, unrestricted Cash and cash equivalents, restricted Other current assets, restricted Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Non-current assets other than capital Total assets	\$ -	29,402 6,944 97,783 3,155 411,451 7,194 555,929
Current liabilities payable from unrestricted assets Current liabilities payable from restricted assets Non-current liabilities	_	14,483 11,979 135,505
Total liabilities	_	161,967
Investment in capital assets net of related debt Restricted net assets Unrestricted net assets Total net assets	\$ <u>_</u>	275,778 96,829 21,355 393,962
Total revenues and capital contributions Total expense Increase in net assets	\$ _	88,710 (69,044) 19,666
Net assets acquired through merger Net assets at beginning of year Total net assets at end of year	- \$_	73,259 301,037 393,962

## **NOTE R—SUBSEQUENT EVENT**

On May 4, 2004, the City received \$55.1 million from SWACO for partial satisfaction of lease rental payments due the City as described in Note H.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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# City of Columbus, Ohio Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2003 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	General Fund						
		Budgeted Am	<u>ounts</u>		Variance— Positive		
		<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	(negative)		
Revenues:							
Income taxes	\$	341,000 \$	331,500 \$	329,282 \$	(2,218)		
Property taxes		43,500	45,396	45,360	(36)		
Investment income		12,250	9,400	10,228	828		
Licenses and permits		1,480	900	958	58		
Shared revenues		57,911	56,666	57,170	504		
Charges for services		34,590	32,300	32,791	491		
Fines and forfeits		15,050	16,700	17,091	391		
Miscellaneous		3,975	4,151	4,388	237		
Total revenues		509,756	497,013	497,268	255		
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government		67,144	67,856	66,787	1,069		
Public service		37,908	35,391	35,102	289		
Public safety		358,533	366,898	364,937	1,961		
Development		18,638	16,670	16,504	166		
Expenditures paid through county auditor		1,026	796	759	37		
Total expenditures		483,249	487,611	484,089	3,522		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures  Other financing sources (uses):		26,507	9,402	13,179	3,777		
Transfers in		100	25,358	29,478	4,120		
Transfers out		(63,208)	(61,475)	(56,239)	5,236		
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(63,108)	(36,117)	(26,761)	9,356		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing	_	(03,100)	(30,117)	(20,701)	9,550		
sources over expenditures and other uses		(36,601)	(26,715)	(13,582)	13,133		
Fund balances at beginning of year		50,368	50,368	50,368	13,133		
Lapsed encumbrances		1,026	2,596	2,596	_		
Fund balances (deficit) at end of year	¢	14,793 \$	26,249 \$	39,382 \$	13,133		
i una balances (uchett) at chu oi year	Ψ	<u>тт,/ ээ</u> р	<u> </u>	J9,JUZ \$	13,133		

Adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations at end of year on the budget basis to the modified accrual basis (GAAP) are as follows:

Deficiency of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other uses per the Budgetary Comparison Schedule	(13,582)
(Increases) decreases from revenues:	(120.252)
Received in cash during year but already accrued as receivables (GAAP) at December 31, 2002  Accrued as receivables at December 31, 2003 but not recognized in budget	(139,353) 142,464
Deferred at December 31, 2002 but not recognized in budget	114,607
Deferred at December 31, 2003 but recognized in budget	(114,398)
(Increases) decreases from encumbrances:	
Expenditures of amounts encumbered during the year ended December 31, 2002	(12,392)
Recognized as expenditures in the budget	16,706
(Increases) decreases from expenditures:	26.456
Accrued as liabilities at December 31, 2002 recognized as expenditures (GAAP) but not in budget	36,456
Accrued as liabilities at December 31, 2003	(33,777)
Unrealized loss on investments	(2,459)
Net change in fund balance per the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and	
Changes in Fund Balance (Exhibit 4)	(5,728)

See notes to required supplementary information.

## CITY OF COLUMBUS, OHIO

## Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

December 31, 2003

## **NOTE A—BUDGETARY DATA**

City Council follows the procedures outlined below in establishing expenditure budget data.

- (1) Prior to November 15, the Mayor submits to City Council an estimate of the expenditures necessary to conduct the affairs of the City for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1.
- (2) Budget estimates are distributed throughout the City (including newspapers and libraries) and public hearings are held to obtain taxpayers' comments.
- (3) Subsequent to January 1, and after publication of the proposed budget ordinances, the budget is legally enacted through passage of the ordinances. The budget specifies expenditure amounts by Object Level One for each division within each fund. The objects are (1) personal services, (2) materials and supplies, (3) contractual services, (4) debt principal payments, (5) other, (6) capital outlay, (7) interest on debt, and (10) transfers.
- (4) Transfers of appropriations of less than \$25,000 can be made between budget Object Level One within a division and fund without additional City Council action, but with responsible management approval. Transfers in excess of this amount require the approval of both City Council and the Mayor. Supplemental appropriations must be approved by City Council. During 2003, all appropriations were approved as required. Appropriations for general funds expenditures and transfers out, were as follows:

			(in thousands)	1
	_	Original budget	Revisions	Final budget
General	\$	546,457	2,629	549,086

- (5) The City maintains budgetary controls by not permitting expenditures to exceed appropriations at the Object Level One level for each division within each fund.
- (6) Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end.

All General fund expenditures, except for expenditures paid through the county auditor, have annual expenditures budgeted by City Council. Revenues and expenditures paid through the county auditor are estimated by the City Auditor in conjunction with the annual budgeting process. However, this estimate is not included or required in the budget ordinance.

Revenues for the General fund are estimated by the City Auditor in conjunction with the annual budgeting process. However, this estimate is not included or required in the budget ordinance.

## **Notes to the Required Supplementary Information (continued)**

The City's budgetary process is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis other than GAAP. The major differences are:

- (1) Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget), as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (modified accrual).
- (2) Expenditures are recorded when encumbered or paid in cash (budget), as opposed to when the liability is incurred (modified accrual).
- (3) Encumbrances are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures (budget), as opposed to a reservation of fund balances (modified accrual).

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# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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# **Major Governmental Funds**

**General Fund** – the general operating fund of the City and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

**General Bond Retirement Fund** – required by State statutes and accounts for all general obligation debt, except proprietary funds' general obligation debt, of the City.

**Special Income Tax Fund** — used to account for 25% of income tax collections set aside for debt service and related expenditures.

				Variance with Final Budget -
	Budgeted /	∆mounts		Positive
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	(Negative)
Expenditures	<u>0.1.g.1.u.</u>	<u></u>	<u> </u>	<u>(1109aa.10)</u>
Current				
General Government				
City council				
Personal services	\$ 2,453,751 \$	2,330,751 \$	2,313,872	\$ 16,879
Materials and supplies	31,800	31,800	28,670	3,130
Contractual services	1,506,021	1,506,021	1,177,838	328,183
Total city council	3,991,572	3,868,572	3,520,380	348,192
City auditor				
Personal services	2,115,632	1,983,316	1,943,475	39,841
Materials and supplies	25,500	25,500	25,259	241
Contractual services	751,800	762,800	700,669	62,131
_Capital outlay		4,000	4,000	
Total city auditor	2,892,932	2,775,616	2,673,403	102,213
Income tax				
Personal services	4,724,365	4,608,856	4,540,670	68,186
Materials and supplies	44,500	35,500	25,394	10,106
Contractual services	619,720	599,720	573,354	26,366
Total income tax	5,388,585	5,244,076	5,139,418	104,658
City treasurer				
Personal services	752,005	744,005	742,176	1,829
Materials and supplies	5,000	5,000	5,000	-
Contractual services	121,594	121,594	120,472	1,122
Total city treasurer	878,599	870,599	867,648	2,951
Parking violations bureau				
Personal services	2,046,331	1,982,368	1,971,055	11,313
Materials and supplies	27,655	27,655	22,997	4,658
Contractual services	644,486	662,304	646,852	15,452
Other	12,000	14,000	14,000	21 422
Total parking violations bureau	2,730,472	2,686,327	2,654,904	31,423
City attorney				
Personal services	8,451,272	8,656,115	8,501,339	154,776
Materials and supplies	58,000	82,950	82,919	31
Contractual services	586,556	1,009,606	976,899	32,707
Total city attorney	9,095,828	9,748,671	9,561,157	187,514
Real estate	400.000	254.224	262.27-	4.45-
Personal services	430,993	364,204	360,077	4,127
Materials and supplies	4,140	7,082	7,082	-
Contractual services	17,852	14,910	14,540	370
Total real estate	452,985	386,196	381,699	4,497 (Continued)
				(Continued)

	T	ear Ended Dece	mber 31, 2003				
							Variance with Final Budget -
		Pudgeted A	mounta				Positive
		Budgeted A			Actual Amounta		
		<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>		Actual Amounts		(Negative)
Municipal court judges							
Personal services	\$	10,301,150	10,396,150	\$	10,364,886	\$	31,264
Materials and supplies		61,900	61,900		61,732		168
Contractual services		1,341,944	1,431,944		1,430,286		1,658
Total municipal court judges		11,704,994	11,889,994	-	11,856,904	_	33,090
Municipal court clerk							
Personal services		8,592,057	8,532,348		8,532,348		-
Materials and supplies		161,500	162,780		162,780		_
Contractual services		187,057	174,102		174,102		_
Total municipal court clerk	_	8,940,614	8,869,230	-	8,869,230	-	
rotal manicipal court cicrk		0,510,011	0,005,250	-	0,005,250	_	
Civil service commission							
Personal services		2,499,008	2,449,969		2,431,439		18,530
Materials and supplies		27,897	20,497		13,488		7,009
Contractual services		202,707	147,495		124,106		23,389
Other		, -	1,212		1,212		-
Total civil service commission		2,729,612	2,619,173	-	2,570,245	_	48,928
				-		_	,5_5_
Human resources							
Personal services		1,484,578	1,409,911		1,402,343		7,568
Materials and supplies		27,400	13,900		13,438		462
Contractual services		182,018	193,018		192,726		292
Total human resources	_	1,693,996	1,616,829	-	1,608,507	_	8,322
Technology director							
Personal services		1,916,029	1,843,970		1,834,753		9,217
Materials and supplies		54,796	35,796		32,678		3,118
Contractual services		926,276	829,276		776,022		53,254
Capital outlay		10,545		-		_	-
Total technology director		2,907,646	2,709,042	-	2,643,453	-	65,589
Telecommunications							
Personal services		440,683	379,782		376,601		3,181
Materials and supplies		2,702	2,702		2,034		668
Contractual services		16,650	11,150		8,064		3,086
Total telecommunications		460,035	393,634	-	386,699	_	6,935
Mayor							
Personal services		1,812,328	1,821,522		1,784,295		37,227
Materials and supplies		19,800	4,478		3,865		613
Contractual services		645,114	605,647		583,574		22,073
Other		250	250	-	250	_	-
Total mayor		2,477,492	2,431,897	-	2,371,984	-	59,913 (Continued)
							(Continued)

	T	ear Ended De	cem	bei 31, 2003				
								Variance with
								Final Budget -
		<u>Budgete</u>	ed Am					Positive
		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		Actual Amounts		(Negative)
Community relations commission								
Personal services	\$	566,102	\$	542,264	\$	537,6 <del>4</del> 2	\$	4,622
Materials and supplies		9,275		7,285		6,322		963
Contractual services		40,908		42,898	_	40,618	_	2,280
Total community relations comm.		616,285	_	592,447	-	584,582	-	7,865
Equal business opportunity office								
Personal services		863,539		845,975		839,246		6,729
Materials and supplies		6,000		6,000		4,190		1,810
Contractual services		40,457		37,957		36,005		1,952
Total equal business opportunity		909,996		889,932	-	879,441	-	10,491
Finance								
Personal services		2,312,090		2,295,609		2,282,695		12,914
Materials and supplies		17,400		13,400		8,836		4,564
Contractual services		6,942,504		7,954,737		7,926,160		28,577
Total finance		9,271,994		10,263,746	-	10,217,691	-	46,055
					-		-	
Total general government		67,143,637		67,855,981	-	66,787,345	-	1,068,636
Public service								
Service director								
Personal services		1,912,792		1,403,264		1,385,516		17,748
Materials and supplies		3,250		2,170		2,004		166
Contractual services		18,324		11,904		11,877		27
Total service director		1,934,366		1,417,338	-	1,399,397	_	17,941
Refuse collection								
Personal services		13,150,093		12,947,219		12,872,861		74,358
Materials and supplies		133,554		93,554		91,699		1,855
Contractual services		7,958,126		7,858,126		7,763,892		94,234
Other		78,300		78,300		53,794		
Total refuse collection	_	21,320,073	_	20,977,199	-	20,782,246	-	24,506 194,953
Total Teruse Collection		21,320,073	_	20,977,199	-	20,762,240	-	194,955
Fleet								
Capital outlay		1,656,730		1,100,730	_	1,099,936	_	794
Total fleet		1,656,730		1,100,730	-	1,099,936	-	794
Facilities management								
Personal services		5,303,936		5,347,339		5,347,339		-
Materials and supplies		586,483		380,783		361,693		19,090
Contractual services		6,369,152		6,140,681		6,099,302		41,379
Other		,,		26,700		11,500		15,200
Total facilities management	_	12,259,571	_	11,895,503	•	11,819,834	-	75,669
					-		_	(Continued)

	rear Ended De	ecember 31, 2003	1	
	Budgete	Variance with Final Budget - Positive		
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	Actual Amounts	(Negative)
Materials and supplies Contractual services Other	\$ 416,246 92,150 123,590 105,000	\$ - - -	\$ - - - -	\$ - - - -
Total transportation	736,986	. <u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Total public service	37,907,726	35,390,770	35,101,413	289,357
Public safety Safety director Personal services	2,190,258	2,037,658	2,018,601	19,057
Materials and supplies Contractual services Other	22,800 11,910,443 500	22,800 12,800,443 500	20,909 12,786,765 30	1,891 13,678 470
Total safety director	14,124,001	14,861,401	14,826,305	35,096
Communications		. ,		
Personal services  Materials and supplies	2,266,984 456,863	2,258,068	2,258,068 512,059	10 222
Contractual services	410,306	530,382 339,866	322,687	18,323 17,179
Other	500	500	322,007	500
Total communications	3,134,653	3,128,816	3,092,814	36,002
Police	5/25 :/555			
Personal services Materials and supplies Contractual services Other Capital outlay Total police	182,533,338 4,215,287 8,967,919 325,000 97,200 196,138,744	183,906,360 4,187,337 9,593,352 325,000 93,146 198,105,195	183,065,930 4,183,009 9,295,703 284,773 31,895 196,861,310	840,430 4,328 297,649 40,227 61,251 1,243,885
Fire Personal services Materials and supplies	138,102,950 3,415,193	141,641,434 3,909,772	141,011,353 3,903,292	630,081 6,480
Contractual services	3,594,929	5,207,022	5,206,123	899
Other	22,500	18,650	10,588	8,062
Capital outlay Total fire	145,135,572	25,850 150,802,728	25,560 150,156,916	290 645,812
Total file	173,133,372	130,002,720	130,130,910	. 073,012
Total public safety	358,532,970	366,898,140	364,937,345	1,960,795
Development administration	1 000 505	4 657 000	4 645 704	12.250
Personal services	1,903,626	1,657,989	1,645,721	12,268
Materials and supplies Contractual services	40,061 418,210	22,850 288,184	22,549 269,332	301 18,852
Total development administration	2,361,897	1,969,023	1,937,602	31,421
Total development daministration	2,301,037	1,505,025	1,557,002	(Continued)
				(55.15.1454)

		Budgeted Original	Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)			
Economic Development	<b>.</b>	200 226	+	255 027	+	255 027	+	
Personal services	\$		\$	255,927	\$	255,927	\$	- 127
Materials and supplies		7,700		6,500		6,373		127
Contractual services		581,838		554,170		553,639		531
Other	_	3,000,689	_	2,302,762	-	2,302,762	_	658
Total economic development	-	3,870,553	_	3,119,359	-	3,118,701	-	658
Neighborhood Services								
Personal services		5,661,598		5,415,593		5,375,341		40,252
Materials and supplies		191,882		63,177		61,898		1,279
Contractual services		3,438,464		3,568,293		3,518,192		50,101
Other		10,000		14,950		12,753		2,197
Total neighborhood services	_	9,301,944	_	9,062,013	-	8,968,184	_	93,829
Planning								
Personal services		930,652		885,076		876,368		8,708
Materials and supplies		18,400		11,128		10,866		262
Contractual services		68,140		55,747		39,153		16,594
Total planning	_	1,017,192	_	951,951	-	926,387	-	25,564
Housing								
Personal services		242,413		223,127		215,149		7,978
Materials and supplies		1,000		1,000				1,000
Contractual services		1,843,500		1,343,500		1,338,027		5,473
Total housing	_	2,086,913		1,567,627	-	1,553,176	_	14,451
Total Development	_	18,638,499	_	16,669,973	_	16,504,050		165,923
Expenditures paid through								
county auditor	_	1,026,000	_	796,000	-	759,216	_	36,784
Total expenditures	\$_	483,248,832	\$_	487,610,864	\$_	484,089,369	\$_	3,521,495

## Exhibit A-2

City of Columbus, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual **General Bond Retirement Budget Basis** Year ended December 31, 2003

	_	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget-
		Original		Final		Actual		Positive (Negative)
Revenues		<u>Original</u>		<u>rmai</u>		<u>Amounts</u>		(ivegative)
	\$	65,513	\$	65,513	\$	65,513	\$	_
Special assessments	Ψ	94,780	Ψ	94,780	Ψ	94,780	Ψ	_
Miscellaneous		162,987,786		162,987,786		162,987,786		_
Total revenues	_	163,148,079	_	163,148,079	_	163,148,079	-	
Expenditures	_	, ,	_	, ,	_	, ,	-	
Current								
General government								
Sinking fund trustees		207.050		207.050		160 226		20 514
Personal services		207,850		207,850		169,336		38,514
Materials and supplies Contractual services		1,200		1,200		102		1,098
Capital outlay		13,650 2,300		13,650 2,300		3,493 250		10,157
Total sinking fund trustees	_	225,000	_	2,300	_	173,181	-	2,050 51,819
Total general government	_	225,000	_	225,000	-	173,181	-	51,819
rotal general government	_	223,000	_	223,000	-	175,101	-	31,013
Debt service								
Principal retirement and payment of								
obligation under capitalized lease		125,758,136		252,596,534		252,596,534		-
Interest and fiscal charges		66,720,551		66,720,551		66,371,019		349,532
Total debt service		192,478,687		319,317,085		318,967,553	_	349,532
Total expenditures		192,703,687	_	319,542,085	_	319,140,734	-	401,351
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures		(29,555,608)		(156,394,006)		(155,992,655)		401,351
		( - / / /		(, ,,		(		, , , ,
Other financing sources (uses)								
Operating transfers in	_	155,875,137	_	155,875,137	_	155,875,137	_	<u> </u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
and other financing sources over								
expenditures and other uses		126,319,529		(518,869)		(117,518)		401,351
Fund balance at beginning of year		3,390,483		3,390,483		3,390,483		-
Lapsed encumbrances		-		-		-		-

\$ 129,710,012 \$

Fund balance at end of year

2,871,614 \$ 3,272,965 \$

## Exhibit A-3

City of Columbus, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Special Income Tax

Budget Basis

Year ended December 31, 2003

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual		Variance with Final Budget- Positive	
		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		Actual Amounts		(Negative)	
Revenues Income taxes Miscellaneous	\$_	109,760,620 14,638,603	\$	109,760,620 14,638,603	\$	109,760,620 14,638,603	\$	- -	
Total revenues  Expenditures  Current  General government	-	124,399,223	-	124,399,223	. <u>-</u>	124,399,223	•		
City auditor  Contractual services  Total city auditor	_	<u>-</u>	· -	50,000 50,000	· -	50,000 50,000		<u>-</u>	
City attorney Contractual services Total city attorney	-	125,000 125,000	· -	125,000 125,000	· -	<u>-</u>		125,000 125,000	
Finance Contractual services Other	_	240,700	_	240,700 170,000	_	60,212 170,000		180,488	
Total finance Total general government	-	240,700 365,700	- -	410,700 585,700	-	230,212 280,212		180,488 305,488	
Public service Facilities management Contractual services Total facilities management	-	<u>-</u>	· -	285,000 285,000	· -	285,000 285,000		<u>-</u>	
Refuse collection Contractual services Total refuse collection Total public service	=	10,858,000 10,858,000 10,858,000	· -	10,858,000 10,858,000 11,143,000	· -	10,858,000 10,858,000 11,143,000		<u>-</u> -	
Public safety Police Capital Outlay Total refuse collection	- -	<u>-</u>	- -	1,105,562 1,105,562	. <u>-</u>	1,105,562 1,105,562			
Total public safety  Debt service	-	-	-	1,105,562	-	1,105,562	•	<del>-</del>	
Principal retirement and payment of obligation under capitalized lease Interest and fiscal charges Total debt service Total expenditures	<u>-</u>	1,110,000 227,850 1,337,850 12,561,550	· –	1,110,688 227,850 1,338,538 14,172,800	· =	1,110,688 221,338 1,332,026 13,860,800		6,512 6,512 312,000	
Excess of revenues over expenditures		111,837,673		110,226,423		110,538,423		312,000	
Other financing sources (uses)								_	
Debt Proceeds Operating transfers in Operating transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>-</u>	40,985,000 4,413,674 (153,754,911) (108,356,237)	· -	40,985,000 4,413,674 (189,720,524) (144,321,850)		40,985,000 4,413,674 (189,720,524) (144,321,850)		- - - -	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other uses Fund balance at beginning of year		3,481,436 131,226,204		(34,095,427) 131,226,204		(33,783,427) 131,226,204		312,000	
Lapsed encumbrances Fund balance at end of year	\$	9,584,000 144,291,640	\$	9,584,000 106,714,777	\$	9,584,000 107,026,777	\$	312,000	

## **Other Governmental Funds**

**Special Revenue Funds** – used to account for revenues derived from specific taxes, grants, or other restricted revenue sources. City ordinances or Federal and/or State statutes specify the uses and limitations of each Special Revenue Fund. The title of the funds is descriptive of the activities involved. The Special Revenue Funds are:

## City Ordinances

- Cable Communications
- Fannie Mae Loans
- Land Management
- Area Commissions
- Special Purpose
- Mayor's Education Charitable Trust
- Columbus Community Relations
- Housing/Business Tax Incentives
- Hester Dysart Paramedic Education
- Hotel-Motel Tax
- Emergency Human Services
- Private Leisure Assistance for Youth
- Tree Replacement
- Gatrell Arts Vocational Rehabilitation

- Columbus Housing Fund
- Neighborhood Economic Dev. Fund
- Development Services
- Health
- Fire Quarter Master Incentive Travel Fund
- Municipal Motor Vehicle Tax
- Treasury Investment Earnings
- Golf Course Operations
- Recreation & Parks Operations
- Private Grants
- Urban Site Acquisition Loan Fund
- Collection Fees
- Environmental Fund
- Citywide Training Fund

## State Statutes

## To Account for Shared Revenues, Fines, and Other Special Revenues

- Drivers Alcohol Treatment
- Municipal Court Special Projects
- Municipal Court Clerk

- County Auto License
- Street Const. Maintenance & Repair

# Federal and/or State Statutes To Account for Grants and Subsidies

- HOME Program
- HOPE Program
- HUD Section 108 Loans
- Law Enforcement
- General Government Grants

- Local Law Enforcement Block Grant
- Urban Development Action Grants
- Community Development Act
- Health Department Grants
- Recreation & Parks Grants

# Other Governmental Funds (continued)

**Debt Service Funds** – used to account for the accumulation of resources for and payment of general obligation principal, interest, and related expenditures.

- Tax Increment Financing (TIF) funds
- Recreation Debt Service Fund
- Capitol South Debt Service Fund

**Capital Project Funds** – used to account for financial resources used for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds and fiduciary funds. The titles of the funds are descriptive of the activities involved. The Capital Projects Funds classified by the primary sources of funding are:

## **Debt Proceeds**

- Public Safety V–95
- Parks & Recreation V-95, V-99
- Refuse Collection V-95
- Streets & Highways V-95, V-99
- Health
- Engineering & Construction Bond
- Streets & Traffic Bond
- Nationwide Development Bond
- Parks & Recreation Bond 6–89
- Lyra Gemini Polaris
- Facilities Management
- Northwood Rd. Special Assessment

- Northland & Other Acquisitions
- Police Bonds 6-91
- Brewery District
- Streets & Traffic V-88
- Development Bonds
- Police V-88
- Parks & Recreation V–88
- Geographic Information System Bond
- Computer System Bond
- Information Services Bonds
- Downtown Development
- COSI Bonds

## Grant Revenue and Other Funding Sources

- Short North SID
- Neil Ave-Vine St Improvements
- Parks & Rec. Permanent Improvement
- General Permanent Improvement
- Transportation Improvement Program
- State Issue 2-Streets
- Federal State Highway Engineering
- Street & Highway Improvement

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Special Revenue

		ME Drogram	Cable Drogram Communications	Cal	Cable	HUD Section	Fannie Mae		Land	Law	÷
ASSETS Cach and cach on ivalents:		100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	1		Callons	200					
Cash and investments with treasurer Cash and investments with fiscal and	₩	1,465	9	₩	2,295	\$ 193	₩	15 \$	224	\$	1,626
escrow agents		1	•		ı	1		1	•		1
Investments Receivables (net of allowances for					ı	1			ı		1
uncollectibles) Due from other:		1,148	105		က	823			1		2
Governments		1	'		1	•		ı	ı		ı
Funds		5	1		8	-		-	ı		•
Total assets	₩.	2,618	\$ 111	₩	2,306	\$ 1,016	₩.	15 \$	224	\$ 1	1,628
LIABILITIES											
Accounts payable		162	1		308	16		ı	ı		16
Due to otner runds Interfund pavables									1 1		
Deferred revenue and other		1,298	ı		1	1,000		ı	1		1
Accrued wages and benefits		10			97			 	1		1
Total liabilities		1,470			405	1,016		 	1		16
FUND BALANCES		0			7	000		S			7,70
Reserved for non-current loans receivable		0,072	30 105		t/9	11,930		0 '	1 1		- 200
Unreserved, undesignated		(8,672)			1,422	(12,753)		(5)	224	1	1,346
Total fund balances		1,148	111		1,901	•		15	224	1	1,612
Total liabilities and fund balances	₩.	2,618	\$ 111	₩.	2,306	\$ 1,016	<b>∽</b>	15 \$	224	\$	1,628

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2003
(amounts expressed in thousands)

Special Revenue

				Cable	<b>HUD Section</b>	Fannie Mae	Land	Law
	HOME	Program	HOPE Program	HOME Program HOPE Program Communications	108 Loans	Loans	Management	Enforcement
REVENUES								
Income taxes	↔	1	· \$	· \$	· \$	+	· \$	· \$
Grants and subsidies		1,649	1	1	1	1	1	
Investment income		1	1	1	•	•	1	24
Licenses and permits		1	ı	6,403	•	•	ı	•
Shared revenues		1	•	•	•	•	•	•
Charges for services		•	ı	203	•	•	ı	285
Fines and forfeits		•	ı	1	•	•	ı	302
Miscellaneous		26	'	12	33	17	14	186
Total revenues		1,705	ı	6,918	33	17	14	797
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		1,636	1	4,507	ı	•	1	
Public service		•	ı		•	•	ı	
Public safety		•	ı	9	•	•	ı	230
Development		1	1	•	33	1	4	1
Health		1	1	•	•	1	1	•
Recreation and parks		•	1	•	1	1	•	•
Capital outlay		'		98	1	1		125
Total expenditures		1,636	1	4,658	33	1	4	655
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures		69	ı	2,260	ı	17	10	142
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		7	1	47	•	•	1	
Transfers out		•	1	(1,400)	ı	(28)	1	(14)
Proceeds from bonds and long-term notes issued		1	1	1	1	1	1	
Total other financing sources (uses)		2	1	(1,353)	1	(28)	1	(14)
Net change in fund balance		71	' <del>'</del> <del>'</del> <del>'</del>	907	1	(11)		128
Fund balances—beginning of year	+	1,0//	111	-				
Fund balances—end of year	Ð	1,148	111	T)901	n D	CT	\$ 774	\$ T,012

						Special Revenue	evenue				
								Mayor's			
	General	ral		ت	Local Law			Education		Mun	Municipal
	Government	nent	Area	Enf	Enforcement	Special	ial	Charitable	<b>Drivers Alcohol</b>	Court Special	pecial
	Grants	ts	Commissions		<b>Block Grant</b>	Purpose	ose	Trust	Treatment	Projects	ects
ASSETS											
Cash and cash equivalents:	-	ļ									
Cash and investments with treasurer Cash and investments with fiscal and	₩.	654	9	\$ 29	817	<del>v</del>	2,793	\$ 406	\$ \$	<del>ഗ</del>	290
escrow agents		1			•		ı	1	ı		
Investments		1			1		٠	1	•		ı
Receivables (net of allowances for											
uncollectibles)		14			1		1	1	1		ı
Due from other:					1						
Governments		4,999			236		ı	1	•		
Funds		90		_	1		•	•	1		9
Total assets	₩.	5,757	9	\$ 29	1,055	₩.	2,793	\$ 407	\$ 866	₩	296
LIABILITIES		7		<del>,</del>			Ċ	č	Ľ		ć
Accounts payable		1,492		_	ı		ې د	77	67		77
Due to other lunds Interfind navables		727			1 1		7				
Deferred myanes		, ,		ı	1 110			•	1		ı
Accused wasses and benefits		7,7,7 10,000		. ,	T,U33		، ر				- 1
Total liabilities		5 757		  -	1 055		42	21	25		30
		0110		  -	1,033		7	17	2		9
FUND BALANCES											
Reserved for encumbrances		13,855	4	47	39		149	79	5		30
Reserved for non-current loans receivable		14			1		•	•	•		1
Unreserved, undesignated		13,869)	1	19	(39)		2,602	307	836		527
Total fund balances		1	9	99			2,751	386	841		557
Total liabilities and fund balances	₩.	5.757	9	\$ 29	1.055	<del>(</del>	2.793	407	998	<del>U</del>	596
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	<del>)</del>				-1001-	<del>)</del>					)

City of Columbus, Ohio

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2003
(amounts expressed in thousands)

**Special Revenue** 

					Mayor's		
	General		Local Law		Education		Municipal
	Government	Area	Enforcement	Special	Charitable	<b>Drivers Alcohol</b>	Court Special
	Grants	Commissions	<b>Block Grant</b>	Purpose	Trust	Treatment	Projects
REVENUES							
Income taxes	\$	· <del>• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •</del>		ı <del>S</del>	ı <del>\$</del>	· \$	· \$
Grants and subsidies	11,649	•	709	•	1 1	•	•
Investment income	1		6	1	9	•	•
Licenses and permits	•		•	•	•	1	
Shared revenues	•	•	•	1 1	•	143	•
Charges for services	<b>∞</b>	1		165	7	' '	' (
Fines and torreits	•			26		/1	1,162
Miscellaneous	220		1	874	223	1	72
Total revenues	11,877	2	718	1,095	236	214	1,234
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government	1,269		•	148	231	245	836
Public service	894			•	1		1
Public safety	936	1	268	70	1	23	1
Development	7,750	27	1	1	1	1	•
Health	395	1	•	22	1	•	•
Recreation and parks	•		•	449	•	•	•
Capital outlay	761		228	54	'	1	33
Total expenditures	12,005	27	962	743	231	268	698
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(128)	) (25)	(78)	352	5	(54)	365
OTHER FINANCING SOLIBCES (LISES)							
Transfers in	128	54	78	1	5	ı	1
Transfers out	ı	1	1	(81)	1	1	1
Proceeds from bonds and long-term notes issued				1			
Total other financing sources (uses)	128	54	78	(81)	5		
Net change in fund balance	'	29	•	271	10	(54)	365
Fund balances—beginning of year	•	37	1	2,480	376	895	192
Fund balances—end of year	\$	99 \$	<u>.</u>	\$ 2,751	\$ 386	\$ 841	\$ 557
	-	•			-	-	-

Special Revenue

	Municip	Municipal Court Clerk	Columbus Community Relations	s ty	Housing / Business Tax Incentives	Hester Paran Educa	Hester Dysart Paramedic Education	Hotel-Motel Tax		Emergency Human Services	Private Leisure Assistance for Youth	eisure ce for th
ASSETS												
Cash and cash equivalents: Cash and investments with treasurer	₩	2,577	₩	12	\$ 170	<del>\</del>	145	\$ 203	<del>∨</del>	1,403	₩.	23
Cash and investments with fiscal and												
escrow agents		1			ļ		•		ı	1		430
Investments Receivables (net of allowances for		1		1	•		ı		1	1		ı
uncollectibles)		ı		٠	ı		,		1	1		ı
Due from other:												
Governments		1		1	ı		1			ı		ı
Funds		8		ı	•		•			1		
Total assets	\$	2,585	\$	12	\$ 170	₩.	145	\$ 203	<del>\$</del>	1,403	\$	483
LIABILITIES		Ç								700		
Accounts payable		3			1		1			707		-
Due to otner runds				ı	•		ı		ı	1		
Interfund payables					•					1		ı
Deferred revenue and other		•			•		ı			ı		ı
Accrued wages and benefits		32		'	3		'			1		1
Total liabilities		48			3		1			284		1
FUND BALANCES												
Reserved for encumbrances		108			1		7			280		4
Reserved for non-current loans receivable		•		1	•		1			ı		ı
Unreserved, undesignated		2,429		12	167		143	203	3	539		478
Total fund balances		2,537		12	167		145	203	ا ا	1,119		482
Total liabilities and fund balances	<del>د</del> د	2,585	₩.	12	\$ 170	₩	145	\$ 203	<b>₩</b>	1,403	₩.	483

City of Columbus, Ohio

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2003
(amounts expressed in thousands)

Special Revenue

		Columbus	/ Housing /	Hester Dysart		Emergency	Private Leisure
	Municipal Court Clerk	Community Relations	Business Tax Incentives	Paramedic Education	Hotel-Motel Tax	Human Services	Assistance for Youth
REVENUES Troome taxes	<del>-</del>	Ψ	<del>-</del>	·	4	·	<del>U</del>
drants and subsidies	 <del>О</del>	. '	 <del>0</del>	1 1	1 1 <del>0</del>	1 I	1 1 <del>0</del>
Investment income	1	ı	1	2	1	1	42
Licenses and permits	1	ı	102	ı	1	ı	1
Shared revenues	1	ı	1	1	1	1	1
Charges for services			1	ı	ı	1	1
Miscellaneous	2,542 -	יינ			6.729	943	- 26
Total revenues	2,542		102	2	6,729	943	86
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government	2,380	2	1	•	6,628	1	1
Public service	1	1	1		ı	1	1
Public safety	•	•	•	Ω	1	1	1
Development	1	ı	29	•	1	1,777	1
Health	1	1	•	1	1	•	
Recreation and parks	•	•	•	•	•	•	22
Capital outlay	36		•	38	•	1	'
Total expenditures	2,416	2	29	41	6,628	1,777	57
Excess(deficiency) of revenues over							
expenditures	126	m	43	(38)	101	(834)	41
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	19	1	2	•	•	1	•
Transfers out	(52)	ı	1	ı	(92)	ı	1
Proceeds from bonds and long-term notes issued		1		1			
Total other financing sources (uses)	(36)	1	2	1	(92)	1	1
Net change in fund balance	90	m	45	(39)	25	(833)	41
Fund balances—beginning of year			777			1,952	
Fund balances—end of year	\$ 2,537	\$ 12	\$ 167	\$ 145	\$ 203	\$ 1,119	\$ 482

					Special Revenue			
					Neighborhood	Fire Quarter		
			<b>Gatrell Arts</b>		Economic	Master		
	Tree		Vocational	Columbus	Development	Incentive	Development	Urban Dev.
	Replacement	, 	Rehabilitation	<b>Housing Fund</b>	Fund	Travel Fund	Services	<b>Action Grants</b>
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents: Cash and investments with treasurer	₩	86	\$	· •	\$ 126	\$ 10	\$ 4,297	\$ 797
Cash and investments with fiscal and								
escrow agents		ı	' (	1	•	1	1	1
Investments Receivables (net of allowances for		ı	33	1	1	1	1	ı
uncollectibles)			1	1	1	1	480	847
Due from other:								
Governments			•	•	•	•	•	•
Funds		'	1	1	1	1	160	
Total assets	\$	86	\$ 35	·	\$ 126	\$ 10	\$ 4,937	\$ 1,644
LIABILITIES Accounts payable			ı	1	1	1	152	670
Due to other funds		ı	1	•	•	•	38	1
Interfund payables			1	1	1	1	1	1
Deferred revenue and other			1	1	1	1		1
Accrued wages and benefits		'	1	1	'	1	268	'
Total liabilities		'	1	1	1	1	758	029
FUND BALANCES								
Reserved for encumbrances		7	1	•	H	•	200	25
Reserved for non-current loans receivable		ı	•	•	•	•	•	847
Unreserved, undesignated		96	35	1	125	10	3,979	102
Total fund balances		86	35	1	126	10	4,179	974
Total liabilities and fund balances	₩.	86	\$ 35	\$	\$ 126	\$ 10	\$ 4,937	\$ 1,644

City of Columbus, Ohio

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2003
(amounts expressed in thousands)

Special Revenue

					Neighborhood	Fire Quarter		
			<b>Gatrell Arts</b>		Economic	Master		
	Tree		Vocational	Columbus	Development	Incentive	Development	Urban Dev.
	Replacement	ent	Rehabilitation	<b>Housing Fund</b>	Fund	<b>Travel Fund</b>	Services	<b>Action Grants</b>
REVENUES								
Income taxes	₩.	ı	- \$	· \$	٠ <del>د</del>	· \$	· \$	· •
Grants and subsidies		ı	•	1	1	1	•	•
Investment income		ı	-	1	•	1	•	1
Licenses and permits		ı	•	1	1	1	14,916	1
Shared revenues		ı	•	•	•	•	•	•
Charges for services		ı	•	•	1	•	6,753	•
Fines and forfeits		1	•	•	•	1	•	1
Miscellaneous		21	'	964	127	1	823	247
Total revenues		21	1	964	127	1	22,492	247
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		١	1	•	•	•	1	36
Public service		1	1	•	1	•	8,649	•
Public safety		ı	•	•	•	•		•
Development		١	ı	964	1	ı	13,372	09
Health		1	1	•	1	ı	•	
Recreation and parks		31	1	•	•	•	1	•
Capital outlay		1	1	1		1	29	5
Total expenditures		31	1	964	1		22,050	101
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(10)	H	'	126	ı	442	146
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in		1	,	'	ı	10	190	10
Transfers out		•	1	•	1	•	1	1
Proceeds from bonds and long-term notes issued		1	1	1	1			
Total other financing sources (uses)		'	1	1		10	190	10
Net change in fund balance		(10)	34		126	10	632	156 818
Fund balances—end of year	₩.	98	\$	· ·	\$ 126	\$ 10	\$ 4,179	\$ 974

						S	Special Revenue					
	Cor	Community Development Act	_	Health	Health Department Grants	ŧ	County Auto License	Street Const. Maintenance & Repair	Const. ance & air	Municipal Motor Vehicle Tax	Treasury Investment Earnings	sury ment ngs
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents: Cash and investments with treasurer	₩	2,724	<u> </u>	2,102	\$ 1,	1,585 \$		\$	3,563	\$ 2,071	₩	77
Cash and Investments with fiscal and escrow agents Investments						1 1	, ,		1 1			1 1
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles)		16,157		491		1	ı		364	·		ı
Due from otner: Governments		ı		1		18	1,450		10,875	1,483		ı
Funds	+	49	+	128		•		+	822			'   F
lotal assets	₽	18,930	<del>.</del>	7,721	ξ.	1,664 \$	1,790	<del>∙</del>	15,624	\$ 3,778	<b>₽</b>	`
LIABILITIES Accounts payable		505		337		282	'		105	194		1
Due to other funds Interfund mayables		1		1 1			•		8	436	.0	1 1
Deferred revenue and other		2,187		456	1,	1,204	1,450		10,631	1,483		
Total liabilities		2,861		793	1,	1,664	1,450		11,421	2,113		
FUND BALANCES Reserved for encumbrances		7.832		323	Ĥ	1.679	ı		565	1,283		1
Reserved for non-current loans receivable		16,154		- - 1	. 5	1	340		2,638	- ,		· F
Total fund balances		16,069		1,928		] '    ' '	340		4,203	1,665		77
Total liabilities and fund balances	<del>∨</del>	18,930	<del>0</del>	2,721	\$ 1,	1,664 \$	1,790	₩.	15,624	\$ 3,778	<del>\$</del>	77

City of Columbus, Ohio

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2003
(amounts expressed in thousands)

Special Revenue

	Community		Health		Street Const.	Municipal	Treasury
	Development Act	Health	Department Grants	County Auto License	Maintenance & Repair	Motor Vehicle Tax	Investment Earnings
REVENUES							
Income taxes	· <del>•</del>	' <del>\$</del>	· \$	· \$	· <del>∨</del>	· \$	· \$
Grants and subsidies	10,381	ı	11,377	1	1	1	1
Investment income	34	1	•	1	26	•	
Licenses and permits	1	1,784	1	1	1,043	1	1
Shared revenues	1	1		2,900	21,261	•	1
Charges for services	241	5,719	318	ı	4,465	ı	ı
Fines and forfeits	- 200	136	- Z	1 1	- 245	- 2 966	1 1
Miscellalieous	100	OCT	5		CL2	2,300	
Total revenues	11,563	7,639	11,729	2,900	27,070	2,966	1
2 EXPENDITURES							
Current							
General government	1,079	•	•	•	•	•	•
Public service	263	1	•	292	28,053	3,624	•
Public safety	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Development	11,444	•	1	•	•	•	•
Health	330	24,026	11,689	1	•	1	1
Recreation and parks	252	•	•	•	•	•	•
Capital outlay	10	10	20	1,834	92	433	'
Total expenditures	13,378	24,036	11,739	2,602	28,145	4,057	1
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
expenditures	(1,815)	(16,397)	(10)	298	(1,075)	(1,091)	ı
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	180	16,265	70	1	871	224	1
Proceeds from bonds and long-term notes issued	(01)		(pp)	ı	1	(+/2)	1
Total other financing sources (uses)	170	16,195	10	1	871	(50)	'
Net change in fund balance	(1,645)	(202)	ı	298	(204)	(1,141)	ı
Fund balances—beginning of year	17,714	2,130	1	42	4,407	2,806	77
Fund balances—end of year	\$ 16,069	\$ 1,928	· ·	\$ 340	\$ 4,203	\$ 1,665	\$ 77

					Special Revenue				
		Recre	Recreation &			Urban Site			
	<b>Golf Course</b>		Parks	Recreation &		Acquisition		Environmental	ental
	Operations		Operations	<b>Parks Grants</b>	<b>Private Grants</b>	Loan Fund	<b>Collection Fees</b>	Fund	
ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents: Cash and investments with treasurer	*	1.059 \$	427	\$663	\$ 601	056	198	<del>v</del>	74
Cash and investments with fiscal and			ì				<del>)</del> -	<del>)</del>	-
escrow agents		ı	1	1	ı	ı	1		
Investments			•	ı	ı	ı	ı		
Receivables (net of allowances for		Ç		•		4			
uncollectibles) Due from other:		97		Ħ	1	4,800	1		ı
Governments		,	ı	13,954	ı	ı	1		,
Funds		30	178	63	2	ı	•		
Total assets	\$ 1,1	1,115 \$	1,105	\$ 14,681	\$ 603	\$ 5,750	\$ 198	₩	74
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable		99	382	4,026	6	•	56		
Due to other funds		ı	22	1	1	1	-		
Interfund payables		1	1	•	1	•	•		ı
Deferred revenue and other		1	1	10,446	•	•	•		
Accrued wages and benefits		84	699	209	က	'	2		'
Total liabilities		150	1,073	14,681	12	1	29		1
ELIND BALANCES									
Reserved for encumbrances	m	307	400	31,405	390	950	555		,
Reserved for non-current loans receivable		1	1	1	•	•	•		
Unreserved, undesignated		658 658	(368)	(31,405)	201	4,800	(386)		74
Total fund balances	01	965	32	'	591	5,750	169		74
Total liabilities and fund balances	₩	1,115 \$	1,105	\$ 14,681	\$ 603	\$ 5,750	\$ 198	<del>∨</del>	74

City of Columbus, Ohio

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2003
(amounts expressed in thousands)

Special Revenue

		Recreation &			Urban Site		
	Golf Course Operations	Parks Operations	Recreation & Parks Grants	Private Grants	Acquisition Loan Fund	Collection Fees	Environmental Fund
REVENUES							
Income taxes	· \$	· \$	+	· \$	\$	\$ 223	· \$
Grants and subsidies	1	1	43,430	393	•	•	•
Investment income	1	1	16	•	1	•	•
Licenses and permits	l	4	1	•	Ī	ı	ı
Shared revenues	1	1	1	•	•	1	•
Charges for services	4,059	3,256	209	14	ı	ı	1
Fines and forfeits	1	1	1	•	•	419	74
Miscellaneous	24	854	178	256	1	1	1
Total revenues	4,083	4,114	44,231	663	1	642	74
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government	•	1	•	102	1	599	1
Public service	•	1	1	•	•	1	1
Public safety	l	ı	ı	12	Ī	I	ı
Development	1	Ī	1	1	1	1	•
Health	1	•	•	377	•	ı	1
Recreation and parks	4,496	27,950	37,439	80	ı	1	1
Capital outlay	192	32	7,137	211	'	'	'
Total expenditures	4,688	27,982	44,576	710	-	599	1
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
expenditures	(602)	(23,868)	(345)	(47)	1	43	74
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	88	25,200	345	2	1	•	1
Transfers out	•	(197)	•	•	•	•	•
Proceeds from bonds and long-term notes issued	1	1	1	1		1	1
Total other financing sources (uses)	89	25,003	345	2	1	1	1
Net change in fund balance	(516)	1,135	ı	(45)	1		74
Fund balances—beginning of year	1,481	(1,103)	1	929	5,750	126	1
Fund balances—end of year	\$ 962	\$ 32	· S	\$ 591	\$ 5,750	\$ 169	\$ 74

	Special Revenue				Debt Service		
	Citywide	Total Nonmajor	11 no to 5	Doloric TIE	Tuttle Crossing	Nationwide	Nationwide Off
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents:		4 5 00 0C					
Cash and investments with fiscal and	<b>→</b>	C+0/0C +	con'c *	t,203	700 ¢	OC ←	067
escrow agents Investments Receivables (net of allowances for	1 1	430 33	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	
uncollectibles)	•	25,263	5	e	•	2	1
Governments	1	33,015	1	1	ı	ı	ı
Funds		1,835		1	•	1	1
Total assets	\$	\$ 99,421	\$ 3,068	\$ 1,266	\$ 882	\$ 32	\$ 751
LIABILITIES Accounts payable	ı	9,153	ı	1	1	ı	ı
Due to other funds Interfund payables	1 1	825	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	
Deferred revenue and other	ı	34,728	ı	ı	1	ı	1
Accrued wages and benefits	1	3,152	1	1	'	'	'
Total liabilities	1	47,858	1	'	1	1	1
FUND BALANCES				Ć			
Reserved for non-current loans receivable		82,232		7			
Unreserved, undesignated	1	(49,760)	3,068	1,264	882	32	751
Total fund balances	1	51,563	3,068	1,266	882	32	751
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	\$ 99,421	\$ 3,068	\$ 1,266	\$ 882	\$ 32	\$ 751

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended December 31, 2003 (amounts expressed in thousands) Nonmajor Governmental Funds

**Debt Service** 

(416)Nationwide Off (416)756 747 331 420 10 746 751 Sites TIF (1,971) 1,837 (134)(1114)20 20 20 146 32 Nationwide Pen Site TIF (160) 1,042 **Tuttle Crossing** (817)(817)664 664 882 657 (1,335)(1,335)909 1,643 1,601 266 1,000 1,266 26 16 4 Polaris TIF (1,652)2,120 2,098 (1,652)446 3,068 2,057 22 2,622 22 Easton TIF (41,756)Special Revenue (2,265)(229)223 79,588 **Total Nonmajor** 190 24,252 24,304 26,401 4,626 19,698 2,207 35,491 36,839 70,682 11,396 43,792 51,792 51,563 176,808 42,251 218,564 41,527 **Special Revenue Training Fund** Citywide Proceeds from bonds and long-term notes issued Excess (deficiency) of revenues over Total other financing sources (uses) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Fund balances—beginning of year Net change in fund balance Fund balances—end of year Total expenditures Recreation and parks General government expenditures Licenses and permits **Total revenues** Grants and subsidies Charges for services Investment income **EXPENDITURES** Fines and forfeits Shared revenues Public service Development Public safety **Miscellaneous** Capital outlay Income taxes Transfers out REVENUES Transfers in Health Current:

				Debt Service				Capital Projects
	Miranova TIF	<b>1</b>	Crewville TIF	Brewery District TIF	Recreation Debt Service	Capital South	Total Nonmajor Debt Service	Public Safety V-95
ASSETS Cash equivalents:								
Cash and investments with treasurer Cash and investments with fiscal and	₩.	529	\$ 17	\$ 444	\$ 50	\$ 12,610	\$ 19,638	\$ 21,082
escrow agents		1	ı	1	ı	ı	ı	1
Investments Receivables (net of allowances for		ı	1	1	1	1	1	•
uncollectibles) Due from other:		1	•	2	•	•	13	•
Governments		•	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı
Funds		1	'	1	'	'	'	'
Total assets	₩.	529	\$ 17	\$ 446	\$ 50	\$ 12,610	\$ 19,651	\$ 21,082
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable			ı	ı	1	11	11	2,191
Due to other funds Interfund payables					3,837	' 1	3,837	
Deferred revenue and other		1	ı	1	ı	ı	1	ı
Accrued wages and benefits		1	1	1	•	•	1	1
Total liabilities		1			3,837	11	3,848	2,191
FUND BALANCES						717	6.1	00 1
Reserved for non-current loans receivable						4/0	6,4	10,280
Unreserved, undesignated		529	17	446	(3,787)	12,123	15,325	2,311
Total fund balances		529	17	446	(3,787)	12,599	15,803	18,891
Total liabilities and fund balances	<del>•</del>	529	\$ 17	\$ 446	\$ 50	\$ 12,610	\$ 19,651	\$ 21,082

City of Columbus, Ohio
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2003
(amounts expressed in thousands)

			Debt Service				Capital Projects
	Miranova TIF	Crewwille TIF	Brewery District TIF	Recreation	Capital South	Total Nonmajor Debt Service	Public Safety
REVENUES							
Income taxes	· \$	· \$	· \$	· \$	· \$	· \$	· •
Grants and subsidies							
Investment income	•	1	30	1	ı	166	•
Licenses and permits	1	1	•	1	1	•	•
Shared revenues	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Charges for services	1	•	1	425	1	425	•
Fines and forfeits	1	ı	ı	1	1	1	1
Miscellaneous	472	17		'	1,108	6,664	1
Total revenues	472	17	30	425	1,108	7,255	1
FXPENDITIIRES							
Current:							
General government	273	1	1	1	1	337	1
Public service	•	•	•	•	•	16	•
Public safety	•	•	•	•	•	1	•
Development	1	1	4	1	85	88	1
Health	1	•	•	•	•	1	1
Recreation and parks	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Capital outlay	1			'		'	11,982
Total expenditures	273	1	4	1	85	442	11,982
Excess(deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	199	17	26	425	1,023	6,813	(11,982)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers In	1	•	- (69)	- (1060)	- (305 C)	- (000 0)	1
Proceeds from bonds and long-term notes issued		· 1	- -	(non'T)	(2,003)	1,837	1 1
7							
l otal other financing sources (uses)	1		(62)	(1,060)	(2,685)	(8,161)	1
Net change in fund balance Fund balances—beginning of year	199	17	(36)	(635) (3,152)	(1,662) 14,261	(1,348) 17,151	(11,982) 30,873
Fund balances—end of year	\$ 529	\$ 17	\$ 446	\$ (3,787)	\$ 12,599	\$ 15,803	\$ 18,891

						Ca	Capital Projects	cts					I
	Parks &	×			Streets &	ets &							
	Recreation V-95,	۷-95,	Refuse		Highways V-95,	rs V-95,	;		Short North		Engineering &	Streets &	
	66-N		Collection V-95	95	۸-99	60	Health	اٰ	SID		Const Bond	Traffic Bond	1
ASSETS													
Cash and cash equivalents: Cash and investments with treasurer	¥	47	<del>V</del>	25	v	29.065	<del>. v.</del>	432	22	224 \$	114	42	_
Cash and investments with fiscal and	+	:	<b>+</b>				<b>)</b>				- ! !		
escrow agents		ı		ı		1		ı			ı	ı	
Investments		1		ı		1		•		ı	1	1	
Receivables (net of allowances for													
uncollectibles)		ı		ı		1		ı			1	1	
Community or the community of the commun													
GOVERNIE		ı		ı		ı		ı		ı		•	
Funds		1		'		3,874		'		  -    -	1		
Total assets	₩.	47	₩.	25	₩.	32,939	₩.	432	\$ 22	224 \$	114	\$ 42	. 11
LIABILITIES		,		,		i		Ć					
Accounts payable		119		9		858		69			ı	ı	
Due to other runds		ı		ı				ı			•	•	
Intertund payables				ı		ı		ı			•	•	
Deferred revenue and other		ı						ı			ı	1	
Accrued wages and benefits		1		'		1		1		1	'		
Total liabilities		119		9		828		69		 			
FUND BALANCES													
Reserved for encumbrances		803	3,4	3,417		32,566		185	12	122	ı	1	
Reserved for non-current loans receivable		- (075)	(, (,	- (000 0)		- (101)		- 04		، 5	1 7 7 7	' <u>{</u>	
Olleselveu, ulidesiglialed		(0/2)	(2)	930		(402)		1/0	T	77	114	74	. 1
Total fund balances		(72)		19		32,081		363	22	224	114	42	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	47	\$	25	\$	32,939	₩	432	\$ 224	24	114	\$ 42	. 1
						1							

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2003
(amounts expressed in thousands)

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	Parks &		Streets &				
	Recreation V-95, V-99	Refuse Collection V-95	Highways V-95, V-99	Health	Short North SID	Engineering & Const Bond	Streets & Traffic Bond
REVENUES							
Income taxes	+	•	· \$	· <del>\$</del>	+	· <del>\\$</del>	٠
Grants and subsidies	•	•	1	•	1	•	•
Investment income	1	•	1	1	1	1	1
Licenses and permits	1	•	•	•	•	•	•
Shared revenues	1	•	•	•	•	•	•
Charges for services	1	•	•	•	•	•	•
Fines and forfeits	1	•	•	•	•	•	•
Miscellaneous		1	19	'	64	'	'
Total revenues	•	•	19	1	64	ı	•
515 EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public service	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public safety	1	•	•	•	•	1	•
Development	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Health	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Recreation and parks	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Capital outlay	4,721	1,564	32,116	1,184	1	•	•
Total expenditures	4,721	1,564	32,116	1,184	1	'	1
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
expenditures	(4,721)	(1,564)	(32,097)	(1,184)	49	ı	1
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	400	•	1,379	1	1	1	1
Transfers out	•	•	(11,964)	1	1	1	1
Proceeds from bonds and long-term notes issued	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total other financing sources (uses)	400	1	(10,585)	1	1	1	'
Net change in fund balance	(4,321)	(1,564)	(42,682)	(1,184)	40,	1 3	' (
Fund balances—beginning of year	4,249	1,583					45
Fund balances—end of year	\$ (72)	\$ 19	\$ 32,081	\$ 363	\$ 224	\$ 114	\$ 42

				Capital Projects	ts		
	Nationwide	Neil Ave -	Parks &			Northwood Rd	Northland and
	Development	Vine St	Recreation	Lyra Gemini	Facilities	Special	Other
	Bond	Improvements	Bond 6-89	Polaris	Management	Assessment	Acquisitions
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents:							
Cash and investments with treasurer Cash and investments with fiscal and	\$ 1,062	\$ 140	ı <del>∨</del>	\$ 544	\$ 1,002	\$ 43	ı <del>V</del>
escrow agents	ı	1	1	1	ı	1	ı
Investments Bereitables (net of allowances for	ı	1	ı	ı	ı	ı	1
uncollectibles)	•		•	•	•	1	
Governments	ı		ı	1	ı	1	1
Funds		ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı
Total assets	\$ 1,062	\$ 140	5	\$ 544	\$ 1,002	\$ 43	- I
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	ı		ı	33	16	1	•
Due to other funds	•		ı	1	ı	ı	1
Interfund payables	•		•	•	1	•	
Deferred revenue and other			1 1		1 1	1 1	
Total liabilities			1	58	16	1	I
FUND BALANCES							
Reserved for encumbrances	206	17	ı	511	691	1	3,315
Reserved for non-current loans receivable Unreserved, undesignated	- 556	123			295	. <del>4</del>	(3,315)
Total fund balances	1,062		1	511	986	43	
Total liabilities and fund balances	s \$ 1,062	\$ 140	₩	\$ 544	\$ 1,002	\$ 43	\$

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2003
(amounts expressed in thousands)

# Capital Projects

	Nationwide	Neil Ave -	Parks &			Northwood Rd	Northland and
	Development	Vine St	Recreation	Lyra Gemini	Facilities	Special	Other
REVENIES	Bond	Improvements	Bond 6-89	Polaris	Management	Assessment	Acquisitions
Income taxes	· ·	· •	ι <del>•</del>	· \$	· ·	ı ₩	· •
Grants and subsidies							
Investment income	•	1	1	1	ı	1	ı
Licenses and permits	1	1	1	ı	1	1	1
Shared revenues	ı	1	1	1	1	1	1
Charges for services	1	1	1	1	1	1	•
Fines and forfeits	•	ı	ı	ı	1	ı	ı
Miscellaneous	556	'	1	1		1	1
Total revenues	556	•	1	ı	1	1	•
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government	ı	1	ı	1	1	1	ı
Public service	ı	1	1	1	1	1	
Public safety	ı	1	1	ı	1	1	1
Development	1	•	1	1	•	•	•
Health	ı	1	ı	1	1	1	1
Recreation and parks	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Capital outlay	415	12	1	79	699	•	6,885
Total expenditures	415	12	•	79	699	•	6,885
Excess(deficiency) of revenues over							
expenditures	141	(12)	ı	(62)	(699)	1	(6,885)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	1	1	1	•	1	1	6,885
Transfers out	•	1	(53)	1	1	•	1
Proceeds from bonds and long-term notes issued	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total other financing sources (uses)	'		(53)	1	1	1	6,885
Net change in fund balance	141	(12)	(53)	(79)	(699)	' (	ı
Fund balances—beginning of year	921	132	55	590	4 086	43	
Fund balances—end of year		7 140	<u>Α</u>			φ.	n D

Capital Projects

										Parks & Rec.	٠;
	Police Bonds	Sonds	Bre	Brewery	Streets &	Development	ment		Parks &	Permanent	
	6-91	_	Dis	District	Traffic V-88	Bonds	S	Police V-88	Recreation V-88	Improvement	ᆈ
ASSETS											
Cash and cash equivalents:	·	[3	¥	1 532	578	·	1 047 ¢	9	v	497	2
Cash and investments with fiscal and	<del>)</del>	ò	<del>)</del> -			<del>)</del>			<del>)</del>		1
escrow agents		ı		•	ı		1	ı	ı		,
Investments		ı		•	•			1	•		
Receivables (net of allowances for											
uncollectibles)		ı		•	1		ı	1	1		
Due from other:											
Governments		ı		į	1			1	1		ı
Funds		1		1	1		•	-	1		
Total assets	₩.	57	\$	1,532	\$ 578	₩.	1,047 \$	9	\$	\$ 492	2
LIABILITIES											
Accounts payable		ı		•	•		16	1	•		2
Due to other funds		ı		ı	1		1	ı	1		
Interfund payables		ı		ı	•			1	•		
Deferred revenue and other		1		ı	•			1	•		
Accrued wages and benefits		1		1	1		•	-	1		٠,
Total liabilities		-		-	1		16	1	1		3
FUND BALANCES Reserved for enclimbrances				1.532	22		714	09	1	256	ب
Reserved for non-current loans receivable		ı		' 	'		 !	'	1	İ	, ,
Unreserved, undesignated		22		•	520		317	1	•	233	23
Total fund balances		22		1,532	578		1,031	09	'	489	ရွ
											l
Total liabilities and fund balances	↔	57	8	1,532	\$ 578	₩.	1,047 \$	09	\$	\$ 492	2

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2003
(amounts expressed in thousands)

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								Parks & Rec.
	Police Bonds	3onds	Brewery	Streets &	Development		Parks &	Permanent
	6-91	1	District	Traffic V-88	Bonds	Police V-88	Recreation V-88	Improvement
REVENUES								
Income taxes	₩	٠	1	· \$	· ·	· *	· \$	· \$
Grants and subsidies			ı				•	
Investment income		ı	1	1	•	1	•	•
Licenses and permits			1	1	•	•	•	•
Shared revenues		•	1	•	•	1	1	1
Charges for services			ı	•		ı	•	1
Fines and forfeits			1	•	•	1	•	•
Miscellaneous		ı	1	1	1	1	'	150
		ı	ı	•	1	ı	ı	150
6 EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government			1	ı	1	ı	1	1
Public service		,	1	1	1	1	•	•
Public safety			1	•		•	•	•
Development			1	•		•	•	•
Health			1	•		•	•	•
Recreation and parks			1	•		1	•	•
Capital outlay		'	896	86	107	-	1	520
Total expenditures		'	896	86	107	1	•	520
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures		ı	(896)	(86)	(107)	ı	ı	(370)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in			ı	•	•	1	1	1
Transfers out			1	ı	1	ı	(1)	1
Proceeds from bonds and long-term notes issued		'	1	1		1	1	1
Total other financing sources (uses)		'	1			1	(1)	
Net change in fund balance		٦ '	(968)	(86)	(107)	- 09	(1)	(370)
rund balances—beginning or year Fund balances—end of year	8	57 \$		₩	\$ 1,031	09 \$	\$	\$ 489

Capital Projects

	General	<u>e</u>	Geographic				Transportation	ion		Fede	Federal State
	Permanent	ent	Information		Computer	Information	Improvement		State Issue 2 -	Ī	Highway
	Improvement	nent	<b>System Bond</b>		System Bond	<b>Services Bonds</b>	Program		Streets	Eng	Engineering
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents:											
Cash and investments with treasurer	₩	1,757	\$ 650	0 *	184	\$ 829	\$ 3,1	3,129 \$	532	₩	1,648
Cash and Investments with fiscal and		,		ı	ı	1		,	1		
Investments		ı			1	•					1
Receivables (net of allowances for											
uncollectibles)		1		1	1	1		ı	1		
Governments		ı			ı	1		,	1,961		3,099
Funds		165		,	1	1		ı			
Total assets	₩.	1,922	\$ 650	<del>   </del>	184	\$ 829	\$ 3,1	3,129 \$	2,493	₩.	4,747
LIABILITIES											
Accounts payable		103	93	m	ı	20	1	199	•		944
Due to other funds		ı		ı	ı	1		1	2,493		2,174
Interfund payables		ı			1	•		ı	•		1 (
Deferred revenue and other		ı		ı	ı	1			ı		1,629
Accided Wayes and Denems Total liabilities		103	- 63	     ~	1	י טי		     8     1	2 493		4 747
		3		l ol		S	1	 	5.77		2 24
FUND BALANCES											
Reserved for encumbrances		666	197	7	117	300	4, 4,	4,435	684		16,313
Reserved for non-current loans receivable					1	1	,	ı	1		1
Unreserved, undesignated		820	360	ا ا0	29	479	(1,5	(1,505)	(684)		(16,313)
Total fund balances		1,819	557	7	184	779	2,9	2,930	1		•
Total liabilities and fund balances	₩.	1,922	\$ 650	<u>↔</u>	184	\$ 829	\$ 3,1	3,129 \$	2,493	₩.	4,747

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2003
(amounts expressed in thousands)

Capital Projects

	General	Geographic			Transportation		Federal State
	Permanent Improvement	Information System Bond	Computer System Bond	Information Services Bonds	Improvement Program	State Issue 2 - Streets	Highway Engineering
REVENUES		1	1				
Income taxes	· \$	· \$	•	· <del>•</del>	+	· \$	· *
Grants and subsidies	1	•	1	•	1,099	4,939	1,366
Investment income	1	•	1	•	1	1	•
Licenses and permits	•	•	1	•	1	1	•
Shared revenues	•	1	1	•	•	1	1
Charges for services	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Fines and forfeits	ı	ı	1	1	ı	ı	Į
Miscellaneous	299	1	1	1	1	1	1,626
Total revenues	299	1	1	1	1,099	4,939	2,992
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government	•	•	•	•	•	1	•
Public service	•	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public safety	ı	1	1	ı	ı	ı	Į
Development	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Health	•	•	'	•	•	•	1
Recreation and parks	1	•	•	•	1	1	1
Capital outlay	683	107	1	470	5,422	5,539	6,237
Total expenditures	683	107	1	470	5,422	5,539	6,237
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
expenditures	(84)	(107)	1	(470)	(4,323)	(009)	(3,245)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	165	ı	ı	1	7,503	•	1,429
Transfers out	(62)	1	ı	1	(250)		(1,767)
Proceeds from bonds and long-term notes issued	1	1	1	1	1	009	1
Total other financing sources (uses)	70	1	1	1	7,253	009	(338)
Net change in fund balance	(14)	(107)	1 ,	(470)	2,930	ı	(3,583)
Fund balances—beginning of year				I,			
Fund balances—end of year	\$ 1,819	\$ 557	\$ 184	\$ 779	\$ 2,930	<del>-</del>	\$

	Stre	Street &						Total	Total Nonmajor
	High	Highway	Downtown			<b>Total Nonmajor</b>	major	Gove	Governmental
	Improvement	/ement	Development	COSI Bonds	spu	Capital Projects	ojects	F	Funds
ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents:									
Cash and investments with treasurer	₩	1,223	<b>↔</b>	<del>\$</del>	1	\$	67,540	₩.	126,023
Cash and investments with fiscal and									
escrow agents		1			ı		ı		430
		1			ı		ı		33
Receivables (net of allowances for									
uncollectibles)		1			ı		ı		25,276
Due from other:									
Governments		1		ı	•		2,060		38,075
Funds		376			٠		4,415		6,250
Total assets	-\$-	1,599	\$	\$	1	2 \$	77,015	₩.	196,087
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable		75		ı	٠		4,775		13,939
Due to other funds		1			ı		4,667		5,492
Interfund payables		1			ı		ı		3,837
Deferred revenue and other		1			•		1,629		36,357
Accrued wages and benefits		1			'		1		3,152
Total liabilities		75			'	1	11,071		62,777
FUND BALANCES									
Reserved for encumbrances		222	356	.0	1	ω	84,956		167,666
Reserved for non-current loans receivable		1		1	1		ı		19,091
Unreserved, undesignated		1,302	(326)	(5)	'	(1	(19,012)		(53,447)
Total fund balances		1,524			'	9	65,944		133,310
Total liabilities and fund balances		1 500	¥	¥		ι· Ψ	77.015	4	106 087
Total madimines and fully varances	<del>n</del>	1,000	<del>A</del>	A-	'		CTO'/	<del>0</del>	יחחיחבד

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2003
(amounts expressed in thousands)

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	Highway	way	Downtown	COSI Bonds	Total Nonmajor Canital Projects	Governmental
REVENUES						
Income taxes	₩	1	-	· •	· \$	\$ 223
Grants and subsidies		•			7,404	86,992
Investment income		•	1	1		
Licenses and permits		1	1	•	ı	24,252
Shared revenues		1	1	1	•	24,3(
Charges for services		151	1	I	151	26,97
Fines and forfeits		•	ı	ı	ı	4,626
Miscellaneous		363			3,377	27,265
Total revenues		514	1	ı	10,932	194,995
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government		•	•	•	•	20,035
Public service		•	1	ı	1	42,267
Public safety		•	ı	ı	ı	2,207
Development		1	1	I	ı	35,580
Health		•	•	1	•	36,839
Recreation and parks		•	•	1	•	70,682
Capital outlay		909	1,144	1	84,528	95,92
Total expenditures		909	1,144	•	84,528	303,534
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
expenditures		(95)	(1,144)	ı	(963'82)	(108,539)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in		41	1,144	1	21,946	65,738
Transfers out		•		(66)	J	_
Proceeds from bonds and long-term notes issued		1	1	1	009	
Total other financing sources (uses)		41	1,144	(38)	8,377	41,743
Net change in fund balance Fund balances—beginning of year		(51) 1,575		(39)	(65,219) 131,163	(66,796)
Fund balances—end of year	8	1,524	\$	\$	8	₩.

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual HOME Program Budget Basis Year ended December 31, 2003

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget-
			Actual	Positive
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Amounts</u>	(Negative)
Revenues				
Grants and subsidies	6,108,302 \$	6,108,302 \$	6,108,302 \$	-
Miscellaneous	320,490	320,490	320,490	-
Total revenues	6,428,792	6,428,792	6,428,792	
Expenditures				
Current				
Development				
Housing				
Personal services	-	507,298	506,919	379
Materials and supplies	-	10,000	265	9,735
Contractual services	-	303,649	299,491	4,158
Other	42,749	4,694,778	4,694,778	
Total housing	42,749	5,515,725	5,501,453	14,272
Total development	42,749	5,515,725	5,501,453	14,272
Total expenditures	42,749	5,515,725	5,501,453	14,272
Excess of revenues				
over expenditures	6,386,043	913,067	927,339	14,272
Other financing sources (uses)				
Operating transfers in	1,900	1,900	1,900	
Excess of revenues				
and other financing sources over				
expenditures and other uses	6,387,943	914,967	929,239	14,272
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year	(8,341,858)	(8,341,858)	(8,341,858)	11,212
Lapsed encumbrances	42,872	42,872	42,872	_
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year \$	(1,911,043) \$	(7,384,019) \$	(7,369,747) \$	14,272
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	7: -70:07	7-2-1/0-07	77	

City of Columbus, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual HOPE Program **Budget Basis** Year ended December 31, 2003

		Budgeted A	mounts		Variance with Final Budget-
		<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Positive (Negative)
Revenues					
Miscellaneous	\$	6,500 \$	6,500 \$	6,500 \$	-
Total revenues	-	6,500	6,500	6,500	
Expenditures	-	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
Excess of revenues over expenditures		6,500	6,500	6,500	-
Other financing sources (uses)	-	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over					
expenditures and other uses		6,500	6,500	6,500	-
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year		(52,103)	(52,103)	(52,103)	-
Lapsed encumbrances		-	-	-	-
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$	(45,603) \$	(45,603) \$	(45,603) \$	-

City of Columbus, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual **Cable Communications** Budget Basis Year ended December 31, 2003

		Budgeted	Am	nounts				Variance with Final Budget-
						Actual		Positive
		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		<u>Amounts</u>		(Negative)
Revenues								
Licenses and permits	\$	6,403,405	\$	6,403,405	\$	6,403,405	\$	-
Charges for services		502,828		502,828		502,828		-
Miscellaneous		12,000		12,000	_	12,000		_
Total revenues		6,918,233		6,918,233		6,918,233		-
Expenditures		<u> </u>				<u>.</u>		
Current								
General government								
Telecommunications								
Personal services		1,001,353		1,001,353		981,794		19,559
Materials and supplies		258,665		258,665		229,652		29,013
Contractual services		4,089,173		4,089,173		3,668,460		420,713
Capital outlay		60,815		60,815		28,782		32,033
Total telecommunications		5,410,006		5,410,006		4,908,688		501,318
Total general government		5,410,006		5,410,006		4,908,688		501,318
Total expenditures	_	5,410,006	_	5,410,006		4,908,688		501,318
Excess of revenues								
over expenditures		1,508,227		1,508,227		2,009,545		501,318
Other financing sources (uses)								
Operating transfers in		47,500		47,500		47,500		-
Operating transfers out		(1,400,363)		(1,400,363)		(1,400,363)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,352,863)		(1,352,863)		(1,352,863)		-
Excess of revenues								
and other financing sources over								
expenditures and other uses		155,364		155,364		656,682		501,318
Fund balance at beginning of year		445,455		445,455		445,455		,
Lapsed encumbrances		406,262		406,262		406,262		-
Fund balance at end of year	<b>\$</b>		\$ <del>_</del>	1,007,081	\$	1,508,399	\$	501,318
•			_		_ =		_ =	

City of Columbus, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual **HUD Section 108 Loans Budget Basis** Year ended December 31, 2003

		Budgeted	l Am	ounts		Actual		Variance with Final Budget- Positive
		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		Amounts		(Negative)
Revenues								
Miscellaneous	\$_		\$	115,491	\$_		\$_	
Total revenues	_	115,491	_	115,491	-	115,491	_	
Expenditures	_	_			_		_	
Excess of revenues								
over expenditures		115,491		115,491		115,491		-
Other financing sources (uses)	_	-			_		_	
Excess of revenues								
and other financing sources over								
expenditures and other uses		115,491		115,491		115,491		-
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year		(11,868,467)	(	(11,868,467)		(11,868,467)		-
Lapsed encumbrances Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	s <sup>-</sup>	(11,752,976)	s —	(11,752,976)	<u>\$</u> –	(11,752,976)	s -	
Jour	→ =	(==,, ==,5.0)	<b>→</b>	==,: ==,: 0)	T =	(=2,:32,370)	→=	

### Exhibit B-7

### City of Columbus, Ohio

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Fannie Mae Loans Budget Basis Year ended December 31, 2003

	Budgeted A	mounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget- Positive
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Amounts</u>	(Negative)
Revenues				
Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$ <u>17,145</u> \$ <u>17,145</u>	17,145 \$ 17,145	17,145 \$ 17,145	-
Expenditures		_		
Excess of revenues over expenditures	17,145	17,145	17,145	-
Other financing sources (uses) Operating transfers out	(7,571)	(28,429)	(28,429)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other uses Fund balance at beginning of year Lapsed encumbrances	9,574 6,654 -	(11,284) 6,654 -	(11,284) 6,654	-
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$ 16,228 \$	(4,630) \$	(4,630) \$	-

## City of Columbus, Ohio

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Land Management
Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2003

		Budgete	d Am	ounts	Actual		Variance with Final Budget- Positive
		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>	Amounts		(Negative)
Revenues							<del></del>
Miscellaneous	\$_	13,814	\$	13,814	\$ 13,814	\$	-
Total revenues	_	13,814		13,814	13,814		
Expenditures Current Development Administration							
Contractual services		-		10,000	3,944	ŀ	6,056
Other		-		5,000		-	5,000
Total expenditures		-		15,000	3,944		11,056
Excess of revenues							
over expenditures		13,814		(1,186)	9,870	)	11,056
Other financing sources (uses)	_		_				
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over							
expenditures and other uses		13,814		(1,186)	9,870		11,056
Fund balance at beginning of year		214,084		214,084	214,084	ŀ	-
Lapsed encumbrances	. –	-	. —	-			-
Fund balance at end of year	\$ <b>_</b>	227,898	\$ <u></u>	212,898	\$ 223,954	\$	11,056

## City of Columbus, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Law Enforcement Budget Basis Year ended December 31, 2003

		Budgete	d An	nounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget- Positive
		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues							
Investment earnings	\$	35,077	\$	35,077	\$	35,077	\$ -
Charges for services		284,978		284,978		284,978	-
Fines and forfeitures		302,028		302,028		302,028	-
Miscellaneous		185,747	_	185,747		185,747	 _
Total revenues		807,830	_	807,830		807,830	 
Expenditures							
Current							
Public safety							
Police							
Materials and supplies		-		452,039		409,147	42,892
Contractual services		-		187,650		182,401	5,249
Other		-		5,000		100	4,900
Capital outlay		-	_	143,500		111,598	 31,902
Total police		-	_	788,189		703,246	 84,943
Total public safety		-	_	788,189		703,246	 84,943
Total expenditures		-	_	788,189		703,246	 84,943
Excess of revenues							
over expenditures		807,830		19,641		104,584	84,943
Other financing sources (uses)							
Operating transfers in		276		276		276	
Operating transfers out		(13,412)					-
Total other financing sources (u	200)	(13,136)	_	(13,412) (13,136)	_	(13,412) (13,136)	 
3 (	565)	(13,130)		(13,130)		(13,130)	_
Excess of revenues							
and other financing sources over							
expenditures and other uses		794,694		6,505		91,448	84,943
Fund balance at beginning of year		1,224,405		1,224,405		1,224,405	-
Lapsed encumbrances		43,338	. —	43,338	—	43,338	 
Fund balance at end of year	\$	2,062,437	\$_	1,274,248	\$	1,359,191	\$ 84,943

Variance with

City of Columbus, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Government Grants Budget Basis Year ended December 31, 2003

	Budgeted A	mounts		Final Budget-
	<u>Original</u>	Final	Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Positive (Negative)
Revenues	<u>Original</u>	<u>riiiai</u>	Amounts	(Negative)
Grants and subsidies	\$ 10,181,359 \$	10,181,359 \$	10,181,359 \$	-
Charges for services	8,190	8,190	8,190	-
Miscellaneous	210,107	210,107	210,107	
Total revenues	10,399,656	10,399,656	10,399,656	
Expenditures Current				
General government				
City attorney				
Personal services	147,865	649,628	649,628	-
Materials and supplies	4,706	4,706	4,706	-
Contractual services	<u> </u>	200,299	144,159	56,140
Total city attorney	152,571	854,633	798,493	56,140
Municipal court judges				
Personal services	3,783	217,209	217,209	-
Materials and supplies	942	-	-	-
Other	-	26,579	26,579	-
Capital outlay	1,243	243,788	243,788	
Total municipal court judges	5,968	243,766	243,766	
Finance				
Contractual services		300,000	300,000	
Total finance Total general government	158,539	300,000 1,398,421	300,000 1,342,281	56,140
Total general government	130,339	1,390,421	1,342,201	30,140
Public service				
Refuse collection	120.602	220.070	220.070	
Personal services	128,682	229,078	229,078	- E 107
Materials and supplies Contractual services		6,244 13,020	1,047 9,856	5,197 3,164
Total refuse collection	128,682	248,342	239,981	8,361
	110/001	2 :0/0 :2	200/502	0,002
Transportation		636,583	554,951	81,632
Materials and supplies Capital outlay	25,000	150,000	150,000	61,032
Total transportation	25,000	786,583	704,951	81,632
Total public service	153,682	1,034,925	944,932	89,993
·				
Public safety Safety director				
Materials and supplies	-	392,603	392,603	_
Capital outlay	<del>-</del>	95,000	88,165	6,835
Total safety director		487,603	480,768	6,835
		<u> </u>		
Communications				
Contractual services	-	3,400	2 241 002	3,400
Capital outlay Total communications	<del></del>	2,503,513 2,506,913	2,241,983 2,241,983	261,530 264,930
Total communications	<del></del>	2,300,913	2,271,303	204,930
Police				
Personal services	505,833	288,047	288,047	-
Materials and supplies	-	463,356	154,538	308,818
Contractual services	18,265	34,586	34,586	-
Other	700	-	-	-
Capital outlay Total police	10,642 535,440	785,989	477,171	308,818
rotal police	<u> </u>	705,909	4//,1/1	300,010
Fire				
Personal services	6,698	-		-
Materials and supplies	42,356	50,794	50,794	-
Contractual services	6,349	21 200	21 200	-
Capital outlay Total fire	<u>36,044</u> 91,447	31,369 82,163	31,369 82,163	
Total file  Total public safety	626,887	3,862,668	3,282,085	580,583
	520,007	-,302,000	-,-0-,000	223,303

### Exhibit B-10 (continued)

City of Columbus, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Government Grants Budget Basis Year ended December 31, 2003

	Budgeted		Actual	Variance with Final Budget- Positive	
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Amounts</u>	(Negative)	
Development					
Development administration					
Personal Services	\$ 197,386 \$	197,386 \$	197,386	-	
Materials and supplies	679	679	679	-	
Contractual services	9,005	9,005	9,005		
Total development administration	207,070	207,070	207,070		
Economic Development					
Contractual services	115,623	115,623	115,623	-	
Total economic development	115,623	115,623	115,623		
Neighborhood services					
Contractual services	10,000	210,000	210,000	_	
Total neighborhood services	10,000	210,000	210,000		
5	10,000	210,000	210,000		
Housing		407.000			
Personal services	-	487,290	148,087	339,203	
Materials and supplies	600	600	600	-	
Contractual services	452.002	118,130	86,267	31,863	
Other	152,093	1,682,093	1,682,093	271.066	
Total housing	152,693	2,288,113	1,917,047	371,066	
Total development	485,386	2,820,806	2,449,740	371,066	
Health					
Health					
Personal services	-	16,950	15,262	1,688	
Materials and supplies	-	11,901	50	11,851	
Contractual services	<u></u> _	587,982	547,237	40,745	
Total health		616,833	562,549	54,284	
Total health	-	616,833	562,549	54,284	
Total expenditures	1,424,494	9,733,653	8,581,587	1,152,066	
Excess of revenues					
over expenditures	8,975,162	666,003	1,818,069	1,152,066	
Other financing sources (uses)					
Operating transfers in	132,617	132,617	132,617		
Operating transfers out	(276)	(276)	(276)	-	
Total other financing sources (uses)	132,341	132,341	132,341		
- · · · ·	132,341	132,341	132,341		
Excess of revenues					
and other financing sources over	0.407.500	700 244	4.050.440	4 452 066	
expenditures and other uses	9,107,503	798,344	1,950,410	1,152,066	
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year	(17,027,736)	(17,027,736)	(17,027,736)	-	
Lapsed encumbrances	383,434	383,434	383,434	1 152 000	
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$ (7,536,799) \$	(15,845,958) \$	(14,693,892)	1,152,066	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Area Commissions Budget Basis

Year ended December 31, 2003

	Budgeted Am	nounts <u>Final</u>	Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)	
Revenues					
Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$ 1,571 \$ 1,571	1,571 \$ 1,571	1,571 1,571	<u>-</u>	
Expenditures Current Development Neighborhood services Contractual services Total neighborhood services Total development Total expenditures		54,000 54,000 54,000 54,000	47,843 47,843 47,843 47,843	6,157 6,157 6,157 6,157	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	1,571	(52,429)	(46,272)	6,157	
Other financing sources (uses) Operating transfers in Excess of revenues	54,000	54,000	54,000		
and other financing sources over expenditures and other uses Fund balance at beginning of year Lapsed encumbrances Fund balance at end of year	\$ 55,571 4,280 6,419 66,270 \$	1,571 4,280 6,419 12,270 \$	7,728 4,280 6,419 18,427	6,157 - - 5 6,157	

## City of Columbus, Ohio

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Local Law Enforcement Block Grant Budget Basis Year ended December 31, 2003

		Budgeted An	nounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget- Positive
		<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Amounts</u>	(Negative)
Revenues				·	
Grants and subsidies	\$	538,821 \$	538,821 \$	,	\$ -
Investment earnings	-	18,390	18,390	18,390	
Total revenues	-	557,211	557,211	557,211	
Expenditures					
Current					
Public safety					
Police Personal services			82,554	70,989	11,565
Materials and supplies		- -	234,871	128,042	106,829
Contractual services		98,738	147,526	147,526	-
Capital outlay		-	53,820	-	53,820
Total police	-	98,738	518,771	346,557	172,214
Total public safety		98,738	518,771	346,557	172,214
Total expenditures	-	98,738	518,771	346,557	172,214
Excess of revenues					
over expenditures		458,473	38,440	210,654	172,214
Other financing sources (uses)					
Operating transfers in		77,952	77,952	77,952	-
, ,	-			,	
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over					
expenditures and other uses		536,425	116,392	288,606	172,214
Fund balance at beginning of year		484,661	484,661	484,661	
Lapsed encumbrances		3,051	3,051	3,051	-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	1,024,137 \$	604,104 \$		\$ 172,214
	-	170			

# City of Columbus, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Special Purpose Budget Basis Year ended December 31, 2003

	<u> </u>	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget- Positive	
	<u>Ori</u>	<u>ginal</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Amounts</u>	(Negative)	
Revenues					<del></del>	
Charges for services	\$ 1	64,700 \$	,	\$ 164,700 \$	-	
Fines and forfeitures		55,774	55,774	55,774	-	
Miscellaneous		71,761	871,761	871,761		
Total revenues	1,0	92,235	1,092,235	1,092,235		
Expenditures						
Current						
General government City auditor						
Materials and supplies			92	92		
Contractual services		_	8,649	8,649	_	
Total city auditor		_	8,741	8,741		
•			0// 11	0,7 12		
City attorney			202.000	125 404	166 506	
Personal services			302,000	135,494	166,506	
Total city attorney		-	302,000	135,494	166,506	
Mayor						
Materials and supplies			27,498	24,998	2,500	
Total mayor			27,498	24,998	2,500	
Total general government			338,239	169,233	169,006	
Public service						
Transportation						
Materials and supplies		-	1,468	225	1,243	
Other			500	<u></u> _	500	
Total transportation		-	1,968	225	1,743	
Total public service			1,968	225	1,743	
Public safety Police						
Materials and supplies		-	13,500	794	12,706	
Contractual services		-	53,299	34,559	18,740	
Capital outlay			5,500		5,500	
Total police			72,299	35,353	36,946	
Fire			100.001	24.621	02.040	
Materials and supplies		-	106,661	24,621	82,040	
Contractual services Capital outlay		_	10,000 2,000	9,885 8,628	115 13,372	
Total fire		<del></del>	138,661	43,134	95,527	
Total nucleon Total public safety			210,960	78,487	132,473	
Recreation and parks  Recreation and parks						
Materials and supplies		64,094	189,094	92,905	96,189	
Contractual services		86,836	453,954	349,334	104,620	
Capital outlay		96,956	1,695,860	63,800	1,632,060	
Total recreation and parks		47,886	2,338,908	506,039	1,832,869	
Total recreation and parks		47,886	2,338,908	506,039	1,832,869	
Total expenditures		47,886	2,890,075	753,984	2,136,091	
5 (deficiency) of						
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	16	55,651)	(1,797,840)	338,251	2,136,091	
over experialtures	(0	33,031)	(1,737,040)	330,231	2,130,091	
Other financing sources (uses)						
Operating transfers out	(	80,641)	(80,641)	(80,641)	-	
, <del></del>		.,	(,-,-)	(//-		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
and other financing sources over						
expenditures and other uses		36,292)	(1,878,481)	257,610	2,136,091	
Fund balance at beginning of year	2,3	38,909	2,338,909	2,338,909	-	
Lapsed encumbrances		6,666	6,666	6,666		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ <u>1,6</u>	09,283 \$	467,094	\$ <u>2,603,185</u> \$	2,136,091	

### Exhibit B-14

City of Columbus, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Mayor's Education Charitable Trust **Budget Basis** Year ended December 31, 2003

	Budgeted Amounts  Original Final				Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)		
Revenues Investment Earnings Charges for services Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$ 	8,757 7,251 223,039 239,047	\$ 	8,757 7,251 223,039 239,047	\$	8,757 7,251 223,039 239,047	\$ 	- - - -
Expenditures Current General government Office of education Materials and supplies Contractual services Other Total office of education Total general government Total expenditures	- - -	- - - -	· –	2,000 73,669 250 75,919 75,919	· -	1,059 64,550 250 65,859 65,859 65,859	- - - - -	941 9,119 - 10,060 10,060 10,060
Excess of revenues over expenditures		239,047		163,128		173,188		10,060
Other financing sources (uses) Operating transfers in	_	4,409	_	4,409	_	4,409		
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other uses Fund balance at beginning of year Lapsed encumbrances Fund balance at end of year	\$	243,456 127,031 880 371,367	\$	167,537 127,031 880 295,448	\$_ \$_	177,597 127,031 880 305,508	\$	10,060 - - 10,060

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Drivers Alcohol Treatment Budget Basis

Year ended December 31, 2003

		Budgeted Original	d A	mounts <u>Final</u>	Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)
Revenues						
Shared revenues	\$	142,529	\$	142,529 \$	142,529	\$ -
Fines and forfeitures		70,704		70,704	70,704	-
Total revenues		213,233		213,233	213,233	
Expenditures						
Current						
General government						
Municipal court judges						
Contractual services				250,000	231,432	18,568
Total municipal court judges				250,000	231,432	18,568
Total general government				250,000	231,432	18,568
Public safety Police						
Contractual services		_		30,000	25,670	4,330
Total police		-		30,000	25,670	4,330
Total public safety		-		30,000	25,670	4,330
Total expenditures		-		280,000	257,102	22,898
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures		213,233		(66,767)	(43,869)	22,898
Other financing sources (uses)						
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over						
expenditures and other uses		213,233		(66,767)	(43,869)	22,898
Fund balance at beginning of year		879,446		879,446	879,446	-
Lapsed encumbrances	+	1 002 670	+	- 012.670 #	- 025 577	- 22.000
Fund balance at end of year	\$	1,092,679	\$	812,679 \$	835,577	\$ 22,898

# City of Columbus, Ohio

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Muncipal Court Special Projects Budget Basis Year ended December 31, 2003

		Budgeted A	mounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget- Positive
		<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>		Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues						
Fines and forfeitures	\$	1,161,603 \$	1,161,603	\$	1,161,603	\$
Miscellaneous	_	71,973	71,973	_	71,973	
Total revenues	_	1,233,576	1,233,576	_	1,233,576	
Expenditures						
Current						
General government						
Municipal court judges						
Personal services		559,056	563,376		561,528	1,848
Materials and supplies		2,000	2,000		1,360	640
Contractual services		306,000	306,000		304,470	1,530
Capital outlay	-	37,000	32,680		32,680	
Total municipal court judges	_	904,056	904,056		900,038	
Total general government	-	904,056	904,056		900,038	4.010
Total expenditures	-	904,056	904,056	_	900,038	4,018
Excess of revenues						
over expenditures		329,520	329,520		333,538	4,018
Other financing sources (uses)	_		-	_	<u>-</u> .	
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over						
expenditures and other uses		329,520	329,520		333,538	4,018
Fund balance at beginning of year		204,221	204,221		204,221	, -
Lapsed encumbrances	_		-		_	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	533,741 \$	533,741	\$	537,759	\$ 4,018

City of Columbus, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Municipal Court Clerk Budget Basis Year ended December 31, 2003

Budgeted Journes         Variance with Final Budget-Positive           Revenues         Final         Actual         Positive           Fines and forfeitures         \$ 2,542,029         \$ 2,542,029         \$ 2,542,029         \$ -           Total revenues         \$ 2,542,029         \$ 2,542,029         \$ -         -           Expenditures         Current         S
Fines and forfeitures \$ 2,542,029 \$ 2,542,029 \$ - Total revenues 2
Fines and forfeitures \$ 2,542,029 \$ 2,542,029 \$ - Total revenues 2
Current General government Municipal court judges Personal services 113,209 241,189 231,704 9,485
General government Municipal court judges Personal services 113,209 241,189 231,704 9,485
Municipal court judges Personal services 113,209 241,189 231,704 9,485
Materials and sunnlies 305 500 313 820 289 140 24 680
Contractual services 331,875 399,843 367,021 32,822
Capital outlay 13,000 11,000 5,649 5,351
Total municipal court judges 763,584 965,852 893,514 72,338
Municipal court clerk
Personal services 600,955 635,955 632,853 3,102
Materials and supplies 698,350 698,350 357,478 340,872 Contractual services 1,028,477 993,477 549,881 443,596
1
Capital outlay         50,000         50,000         35,729         14,271           Total municipal court clerk         2,377,782         2,377,782         1,575,941         801,841
Total general government 3,141,366 3,343,634 2,469,455 874,179
Total expenditures 3,141,366 3,343,634 2,469,455 874,179
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (599,337) (801,605) 72,574 874,179
Other financing sources (uses)
Operating transfers in 19,000 19,000 19,000
Operating transfers out (55,000) (55,000) -
Total other financing sources (uses) (36,000) (36,000) -
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over
expenditures and other uses (635,337) (837,605) 36,574 874,179
Fund balance at beginning of year 2,405,363 2,405,363 -
Lapsed encumbrances 13,998 13,998 -
Fund balance at end of year \$ 1,784,024 \$ 1,581,756 \$ 2,455,935 \$ 874,179

City of Columbus, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Columbus Community Relations Budget Basis Year ended December 31, 2003

		Budgete	d Am	ounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget- Positive	-
		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>	Amounts	(Negative)	
Revenues Miscellaneous	\$_	5,358	\$	-/	\$ 5,358	\$	_
Total revenues	_	5,358		5,358	 5,358		_
Expenditures Current General government Community relations							
Materials and supplies		_		7,254	299	6,955	
Contractual services		-		7,254	1,725	5,529	
Total community relations		-		14,508	2,024	12,484	_
Total general government	_	-		14,508	 2,024	12,484	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		5,358		(9,150)	3,334	12,484	
Other financing sources (uses)	_	-		-	 -		_
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other uses Fund balance at beginning of year Lapsed encumbrances		5,358 9,094		(9,150) 9,094	3,334 9,094	12,484 - -	
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$	14,452	\$	(56)	\$ 12,428	\$ 12,484	-

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Housing/Business Tax Incentives Budget Basis Year ended December 31, 2003

	Budge Original	ed Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)
Revenues				<del></del>
Licenses and permits Total revenues	\$ 102,75 102,75		\$ 102,750 102,750	\$ <u> </u>
Expenditures Current Development Economic development				
Personal services		- 58,047	57,491	556
Total economic development		- 58,047	57,491	556
Total development		- 58,047		556
Total expenditures		- 58,047	57,491	556
Excess of revenues over expenditures	102,75	0 44,703	45,259	556
Other financing sources (uses) Operating transfers in	1,90	0 1,900	1,900	
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other uses Fund balance at beginning of year Lapsed encumbrances Fund balance at end of year	104,65 123,29 \$ 227,94	5 123,295 	47,159 123,295 - \$ 170,454	556 - - - \$ 556

# City of Columbus, Ohio

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual **Hester Dysart Paramedic Education Budget Basis** Year ended December 31, 2003

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget- Positive
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Amounts</u>	(Negative)
Revenues				
Investment earnings	\$ 3,674	\$ 3,674	\$ 3,674	\$
Total revenues	3,674	3,674	3,674	-
Expenditures				
Current				
Public safety				
Fire				
Materials and supplies	-	7,500	524	6,976
Contractual services		17,500	3,650	13,850
Total fire	-	25,000	4,174	20,826
Total public safety		25,000	4,174	20,826
Total expenditures		25,000	4,174	20,826
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	3,674	(21,326)	(500)	20,826
Other financing sources (uses)				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over				
expenditures and other uses	3,674	(21,326)	(500)	20,826
Fund balance at beginning of year	143,410	143,410	143,410	-
Lapsed encumbrances	87	87	87	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 147,171	\$ 122,171	\$ 142,997	\$ 20,826

# City of Columbus, Ohio

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Hotel-Motel Tax Budget Basis Year ended December 31, 2003

		Budgeted A	mounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget- Positive
		<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Amounts</u>	(Negative)
Revenues					
Miscellaneous	\$	6,729,338 \$	6,729,338		\$
Total revenues	-	6,729,338	6,729,338	6,729,338	
Expenditures					
Current General government City council					
Contractual services	_	6,840,000	6,840,000	6,628,398	211,602
Total city council		6,840,000	6,840,000	6,628,398	211,602
Total general government	-	6,840,000	6,840,000	6,628,398	211,602
Total expenditures	-	6,840,000	6,840,000	6,628,398	211,602
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(110,662)	(110,662)	100,940	211,602
Other financing sources (uses) Operating transfers out	-	(75,900)	(75,900)	(75,900)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other uses Fund balance at beginning of year Lapsed encumbrances	<u>-</u>	(186,562) 178,191 -	(186,562) 178,191 -	25,040 178,191 	211,602 - -
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$	(8,371) \$	(8,371)	203,231	\$ 211,602

# City of Columbus, Ohio

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Emergency Human Services Budget Basis Year ended December 31, 2003

Variance with Final Budget-**Budgeted Amounts Positive** Actual **Original Final Amounts** (Negative) Revenues Miscellaneous 942,702 942,702 942,702 942,702 Total revenues **Expenditures** Current Development Neighborhood services Contractual services 810,167 795,000 795,000 Total neighborhood services 810,167 15,167 Housing Contractual services 266,667 766,667 766,667 766,667 Total housing 266,667 766,667 Total development 266,667 1,576,834 1,561,667 Total expenditures 266,667 1,576,834 1,561,667 15,167 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 676,035 15,167 (634,132)(618,965)Other financing sources (uses) Operating transfers in 1,004 1,004 1,004 Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other uses 677,039 (633,128)(617,961) 15,167 Fund balance at beginning of year 1,078,475 1,078,475 1,078,475 <u>78,8</u>55 78,855 78,855 Lapsed encumbrances 524,202 Fund balance at end of year 1,834,369 539,369 15,167

City of Columbus, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Private Leisure Assistance For Youth Budget Basis Year ended December 31, 2003

		Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget-
				Actual	Positive
		<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Amounts</u>	(Negative)
Revenues					
Investment earnings	\$	1,715 \$	1,715 \$	1,715	\$ -
Miscellaneous		56,295	56,295	56,295	
Total revenues		58,010	58,010	58,010	
Expenditures					
Current					
Recreation and parks					
Recreation and parks					
Materials and supplies		-	20,000	2,418	17,582
Contractual services	_	<u> </u>	88,959	58,153	30,806
Total recreation and parks	_	<u> </u>	108,959	60,571	48,388
Total recreation and parks	_	<u> </u>	108,959	60,571	48,388
Total expenditures	_	<u> </u>	108,959	60,571	48,388
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures		58,010	(50,949)	(2,561)	48,388
ove. experience		50,010	(33/3 .3)	(=/55=/	10,000
Other financing sources (uses)		-	-	-	-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	_				
and other financing sources over		E0.010	(50.040)	(2.561)	40.200
expenditures and other uses		58,010	(50,949)	(2,561)	48,388
Fund balance at beginning of year		434,381	434,381	434,381	-
Lapsed encumbrances	<sub>+</sub> -	6,721	6,721	6,721	± 40.200
Fund balance at end of year	*=	499,112 \$	390,153 \$	438,541	\$ 48,388

City of Columbus, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Tree Replacement Budget Basis Year ended December 31, 2003

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget- Positive
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Amounts</u>	(Negative)
Revenues				
Miscellaneous	\$ 20,988 \$	20,988 \$	=0/500	\$ <u>-</u>
Total revenues	20,988	20,988	20,988	
Expenditures Current				
Recreation and parks				
Recreation and parks				
Materials and supplies	-	97,426	5,586	91,840
Contractual services	-	1,450	1,450	F00
Other		1,000 99,876	500 7 536	500
Total recreation and parks Total recreation and parks		99,876	7,536 7,536	92,340 92,340
Total recreation and parks  Total expenditures	<del></del>	99,876	7,536	92,340
•		33/070	7,550	32/3 10
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	20,988	(78,888)	13,452	92,340
Other financing sources (uses)		<u> </u>		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over				
expenditures and other uses	20,988	(78,888)	13,452	92,340
Fund balance at beginning of year	75,343	75,343	75,343	-
Lapsed encumbrances	7,266	7,266	7,266	- 02.240
Fund balance at end of year	\$ <u>103,597</u> \$	3,721 \$	96,061	\$ 92,340

City of Columbus, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Gatrell Arts and Vocational Rehabilitation Budget Basis Year ended December 31, 2003

		Budgete	d Am	nounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget- Positive
		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		<u>Amounts</u>	(Negative)
Revenues Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$_ _	706 706	\$	706 706	\$_ _	706 706	\$ <u>-</u>
Expenditures							
Recreation and parks Recreation and parks Contractual services Total recreation and parks Total recreation and parks Total expenditures  Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	- - - -	- - - - 706		1,990 1,990 1,990 1,990 (1,284)		- - - - - 706	1,990 1,990 1,990 1,990
Other financing sources (uses)		-		-		_	-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other uses	_	706		(1,284)		706	1,990
Fund balance at beginning of year Lapsed encumbrances Fund balance at end of year	<u> </u>	34,228 - 34,934	\$	34,228 - 32,944	<b>\$</b>	34,228 - 34,934	\$ 1,990

City of Columbus, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Columbus Housing **Budget Basis** Year ended December 31, 2003

		Budgete	d A	mounts		Actual		Variance with Final Budget- Positive
		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		<b>Amounts</b>		(Negative)
Revenues								
Miscellaneous	\$	964,439	\$_	964,439	\$_	964,439	\$_	-
Total revenues	_	964,439	_	964,439	_	964,439	_	
Expenditures Current Development Development administration								
Contractual services		_		980,000		964,439		15,561
Total development administration	_	_	-	980,000	_	964,439	-	15,561
Total development	_	-	_	980,000	_	964,439	-	15,561
Total expenditures	_	=	_	980,000	_	964,439	_	15,561
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		964,439		(15,561)		-		15,561
Other financing sources (uses)	_		_	-	_		_	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other uses Fund balance at beginning of year Lapsed encumbrances		964,439 - -		(15,561) - -		- - -		15,561 - -
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$	964,439	\$	(15,561)	\$		\$	15,561

City of Columbus, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Neighborhood Economic Development Budget Basis Year ended December 31, 2003

		Budgeted Ar	mounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget- Positive
		<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Amounts</u>	(Negative)
Revenues					
Miscellaneous	\$_	127,000 \$	127,000 \$	127,000 \$	
Total revenues	-	127,000	127,000	127,000	-
Expenditures	-				
Current					
Development					
Development administration					
Contractual services		-	10,000	1,186	8,814
Total housing	_		10,000	1,186	8,814
Total development	_		10,000	1,186	8,814
Total expenditures	-		10,000	1,186	8,814
Excess of revenues					
over expenditures		127,000	117,000	125,814	8,814
Other financing sources (uses)	_	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other uses Fund balance at beginning of year		127,000	117,000	125,814 -	8,814 -
Lapsed encumbrances Fund balance at end of year	\$	127,000 \$	117,000 \$	125,814 \$	8,814

City of Columbus, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Fire Quarter Master Incentive Travel **Budget Basis** Year ended December 31, 2003

		Budgeted A	mounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget- Positive
		<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues	\$ <u> </u>	\$	\$_	\$	
Expenditures Current Public safety					
Fire Contractual services Total fire Total public safety Total expenditures	-		10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000	- - - -	10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		-	(10,000)	-	10,000
Other financing sources (uses) Operating transfers in	-	10,000	10,000	10,000	
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other uses Fund balance at beginning of year Lapsed encumbrances Fund balance at end of year	\$	10,000	- - - - \$	10,000	10,000

City of Columbus, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Development Services Budget Basis

Year ended December 31, 2003

		Budgete	d Aı	mounts		Actual		/ariance with Final Budget- Positive
		<u>Original</u>		Final		Amounts		(Negative)
Revenues		<u>Original</u>		<u>u.</u>		Amounts		(IVCGULIVC)
Licenses and permits	\$	15,005,602	\$	15,005,602	\$	15,005,602	\$	-
Charges for services	Ċ	6,449,296		6,449,296		6,449,296	•	-
Miscellaneous		821,368	_	821,368	_	821,368		_
Total revenues		22,276,266	_	22,276,266		22,276,266		_
Expenditures								
Current								
Development								
Development administration								
Personal Services	_	211,719	_	434,375	_	418,626	_	15,749
Total development administration	_	211,719	_	434,375	_	418,626	_	15,749
Building services								
Personal Services		11,135,930		10,796,105		10,617,804		178,301
Materials and supplies		156,225		117,241		117,241		-
Contractual services		2,004,897		2,161,040		2,161,040		-
Other		19,160		72,181		72,181		-
Capital outlay	_	25,000	_	28,896		28,896		
Total building services	_	13,341,212	_	13,175,463	_	12,997,162	_	178,301
Dlanning								
Planning Personal Services		96,882		60,722		60,000		722
Materials and supplies		90,002		30,670		30,634		36
Total planning	_	96,882	_	91,392	_	90,634	-	758
Total development		13,649,813	_	13,701,230		13,506,422	_	194,808
Dublic Comice								
Public Service Public Service Administration								
Personal services		288,289		271,989		270,017		1,972
Total public service administration	_	288,289	-	271,989	_	270,017	-	1,972
Total public Service duministration	_	200/203	_	2, 1,505	_	27 0/017	-	1/3/2
Transportation								
Personal services		7,083,811		7,350,700		7,284,867		65,833
Materials and supplies		67,050		50,020		50,020		-
Contractual services Other		1,344,975 5,000		1,327,728		1,229,033		98,695
Capital outlay		10,000		-		_		-
Total transportation	_	8,510,836	-	8,728,448	_	8,563,920	-	164,528
Total public service	_	8,799,125	-	9,000,437	_	8,833,937	-	166,500
Total expenditures	_	22,448,938	_	22,701,667	_	22,340,359	_	182,249
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			_				_	
over expenditures		(172,672)		(425,401)		(64,093)		361,308
Other financing sources (uses)								
Operating transfers in		190,000		190,000		190,000		-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	_	•	_	•	_	•	_	
and other financing sources over								
expenditures and other uses		17,328		(235,401)		125,907		361,308
Fund balance at beginning of year		3,634,288		3,634,288		3,634,288		-
Lapsed encumbrances		184,087		184,087		184,087		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	3,835,703	\$	3,582,974	\$	3,944,282	\$	361,308

City of Columbus, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Urban Development Action Grants
Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2003

	Budgeted An	nounts		Variance with Final Budget-
			Actual	Positive
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Amounts</u>	(Negative)
Revenues				
Miscellaneous	\$ <u>101,207</u> \$_	101,207		<u> </u>
Total revenues	101,207	101,207	101,207	
Expenditures Current				
General government				
Finance				
Contractual services	_	66,668	66,668	-
Total finance		66,668	66,668	
Total general government	<u> </u>	66,668	66,668	
Development				
Economic development Contractual services		272.000	272.000	
Total economic dev. and planning		272,000 272,000	<u>272,000</u> 272,000	
rotal economic dev. and planning		272,000	272,000	
Development administration				
Other .	-	6,000	6,000	-
Total development administration	<u> </u>	6,000	6,000	
Total development	<u> </u>	278,000	278,000	
Total expenditures	<u> </u>	344,668	344,668	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	101,207	(243,461)	(243,461)	_
	, ,	( -, - ,	( -, - ,	
Other financing sources (uses)				
Operating transfers in	10,193	10,193	10,193	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
and other financing sources over				
expenditures and other uses	111,400	(233,268)	(233,268)	-
Fund balance at beginning of year	57,022	57,022	57,022	_
Lapsed encumbrances	278,000	278,000	278,000	- -
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 446,422 \$	101,754		-

City of Columbus, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Community Development Act
Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2003

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget-
						Actual	Positive
		<u>Original</u>		Final		Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues		<u>Original</u>		<u>- 11101</u>		71110uitts	(Hogativo)
Grants and subsidies	\$	10,381,067	\$	10,381,067	\$	10,381,067	\$ -
Investment earnings	7	41,115	Τ.	41,115	Ψ.	41,115	-
Charges for services		239,864		239,864		239,864	_
Miscellaneous		4,290,510		4,290,510		4,290,510	_
Total revenues	-	14,952,556	-	14,952,556	_	14,952,556	
Expenditures	-	= 1/00=/000	_	- 1/20-/200	_		
Current							
General government							
Community relations							
Contractual services		5,266		5,266		_	5,266
Total community relations	-	5,266	_	5,266		_	5,266
•	-		_	-,	_	-	
Office of education							_
Personal services		250,000		250,000		249,992	8
Contractual services	_	4,340	_	4,340	_	30	4,310
Total office of education	_	254,340	_	254,340	_	250,022	4,318
Finance							
Personal services		430,614		430,614		395,203	35,411
Materials and supplies		5,500		5,500		420	5,080
Contractual services		404,695		404,695		399,370	5,325
Other		105,000		105,000		61,760	43,240
Total Finance	_	945,809		945,809		856,753	89,056
Total general government	_	1,205,415		1,205,415		1,106,775	98,640
Dublic contice	_						
Public service							
Refuse		11.040		11 040			11 040
Personal services		11,040		11,040		4.746	11,040
Materials and supplies		12,693		12,693		4,746	7,947
Contractual services	_	165,267	_	165,267	_	158,000	7,267
Total refuse	_	189,000	_	189,000	_	162,746	26,254
Facilities was a small							
Facilities management				C 204		F 024	200
Capital outlay	-		_	6,284	_	5,924	360
Total facilities management	-		_	6,284	_	5,924	360
Transportation							
Transportation Personal services		122 166		122 166		120.026	2 240
Contractual services		132,166 7,000		132,166 7,000		128,826	3,340 7,000
Total transportation	-		-		_	120.026	
Total transportation  Total public service	-	139,166 328,166	_	139,166 334,450	_	128,826 297,496	10,340 36,954
Total public service	-	320,100	-	334,430	_	297,490	30,934
Development							
Development administration							
Personal services		779,195		779,195		728,188	51,007
Materials and supplies		7,646		7,646		1,500	6,146
Contractual services		26,005		26,005		11,911	14,094
Total development administration	_	812,846		812,846		741,599	71,247
Economic development							
Personal services		932,575		932,575		925,855	6,720
Materials and supplies		12,100		12,100		6,235	5,865
Contractual services		1,054,474		2,054,474		2,022,027	32,447
Other	_	1,285,000	_	285,000	_	285,000	
Total economic development	_	3,284,149	_	3,284,149	_	3,239,117	45,032
Neighborhood services							
Personal services		915,494		915,494		822,695	92,799
Materials and supplies		5,000		5,000		-	5,000
Contractual services		539,154		539,154		453,894	85,260
Other		125,000		125,000		120,807	4,193
Total neighborhood services	-	1,584,648	-	1,584,648	_	1,397,396	187,252
. Jan Signibornious del viced	-	2,50 1,0 10	-	-,501,010	_	-,557,1550	10, 1232

(continued)

City of Columbus, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Community Development Act
Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2003

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget-
			Actual	Positive
51	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Amounts</u>	(Negative)
Planning	# 102.022 #	102 022	ф 16E 020	ф 17.002
Personal services Materials and supplies	\$ 183,822 \$ 1,500	183,822 1,500	\$ 165,939 1,500	\$ 17,883
Contractual services	5,000	5,000	1,721	3,279
Total planning	190,322	190,322	169,160	21,162
, occ. planing				
Housing				
Personal services	1,925,061	1,925,061	1,783,720	141,341
Materials and supplies	29,733	47,733	42,329	5,404
Contractual services	1,951,976	2,251,976	2,163,694	88,282
Other	2,530,318	2,230,318	2,229,947	371
Capital outlay	24,000	6,000		6,000
Total housing	6,461,088	6,461,088	6,219,690	241,398
Total development	12,333,053	12,333,053	11,766,962	566,091
Health				
Health				
Personal services	319,960	319,960	313,071	6,889
Materials and supplies	4,012	4,012	2,354	1,658
Contractual services	16,028	16,028	13,334	2,694
Total health	340,000	340,000	328,759	11,241
Total health	340,000	340,000	328,759	11,241
Recreation and parks				
Recreation and parks				
Personal services	176,062	200,334	174,063	26,271
Materials and supplies	14,005	9,017	8,544	473
Contractual services	78,933	59,649	58,299	1,350
Other	1,000	1,000	950	50
Total recreation and parks	270,000	270,000	241,856	28,144
Total recreation and parks	270,000	270,000	241,856	28,144
Total expenditures	14,476,634	14,482,918	13,741,848	741,070
Excess of revenues				
over expenditures	475,922	469,638	1,210,708	741,070
Other financing sources (uses)				
Operating transfers in	180,500	180,500	180,500	-
Operating transfers out	(10,193)	(10,193)	(10,193)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	170,307	170,307	170,307	
Excess of revenues				
and other financing sources over				
expenditures and other uses	646,229	639,945	1,381,015	741,070
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year	(7,763,838)	(7,763,838)	(7,763,838)	771,070
Lapsed encumbrances	632,845	632,845	632,845	_
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$ (6,484,764) \$	(6,491,048)	\$ (5,749,978)	\$ 741,070
	(-1:-:1:-:1	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(2): (2)	

# City of Columbus, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Health

# Budget Basis Year ended December 31, 2003

		Budgete	d A	mounts				Variance with Final Budget-
						Actual		Positive
		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		<u>Amounts</u>		(Negative)
Revenues								
Grants and subsidies	\$	54,088	\$	54,088	\$	54,088	\$	-
Licenses and permits		1,783,636		1,783,636		1,783,636		-
Charges for services		4,236,988		4,236,988		4,236,988		-
Miscellaneous	_	145,914		145,914	_	145,914	_	-
Total revenues	_	6,220,626		6,220,626	_	6,220,626	_	-
Expenditures								
Current								
Health								
Health								
Personal services		15,215,381		14,740,852		14,620,846		120,006
Materials and supplies		660,480		627,984		614,800		13,184
Contractual services		9,189,860		9,027,560		9,017,037		10,523
Other		5,400		19,700	_	19,420		280
Total health	_	25,071,121	_	24,416,096	_	24,272,103	_	143,993
Total health	_	25,071,121	_	24,416,096	_	24,272,103	_	143,993
Total expenditures	_	25,071,121		24,416,096	_	24,272,103	_	143,993
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures		(18,850,495)		(18,195,470)		(18,051,477)		143,993
		. , , ,		( , , ,		. , , ,		,
Other financing sources (uses)		17.050.451		17.050.451		17.050.451		
Operating transfers in		17,253,451		17,253,451		17,253,451		-
Operating transfers out	_	(70,000)		(70,000)	_	(70,000)	_	
Total other financing sources (uses)		17,183,451		17,183,451		17,183,451		-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
and other financing sources over								
expenditures and other uses		(1,667,044)		(1,012,019)		(868,026)		143,993
Fund balance at beginning of year		405,364		405,364		405,364		, -
Lapsed encumbrances		540,457		540,457		540,457		-
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$	(721,223)	\$	(66,198)	\$	77,795	\$	143,993
	_	-	-		_	•	-	

City of Columbus, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Health Department Grants
Budget Basis
Year ended December 31, 2003

Revenues		Budgeted Original	Amounts <u>Final</u>		Actual <u>Amounts</u>		Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)
Grants and subsidies	4	11 000 706 #	11 000 706	4	11 000 706	4	
	\$	11,000,786 \$		\$	11,000,786	<b>\$</b>	-
Charges for service		317,573	317,573		317,573		-
Miscellaneous	-	33,841	33,841		33,841		
Total revenues	-	11,352,200	11,352,200		11,352,200		
Expenditures Current Health Health							
Personal services		2,458,466	8,190,578		8,190,578		-
Materials and supplies		608,389	498,008		498,008		-
Contractual services		2,165,910	3,232,621		3,232,621		-
Other		361,851	174,625		174,625		-
Capital outlay		184,150	50,192		50,192		-
Total health	-	5,778,766	12,146,024	-	12,146,024		-
Total health	_	5,778,766	12,146,024	-	12,146,024		_
Total expenditures	_	5,778,766	12,146,024		12,146,024		_
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		5,573,434	(793,824)		(793,824)		-
Other financing sources (uses)							
Operating transfers in		70,000	70,000		70,000		-
Operating transfers out	_	(60,000)	(60,000)	_	(60,000)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		10,000	10,000		10,000		-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other uses		5,583,434	(783,824)		(783,824)		_
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year		(93,127)	(93,127)		(93,127)		_
Lapsed encumbrances		500,421	500,421		500,421		_
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	¢-	5,990,728 \$		¢ -	(376,530)	¢	<del></del>
i una parance (uchor) at cha or year	Ψ	J,330,120 \$	(3/0,330)	Ψ	(3/0,330)	Ψ	

# City of Columbus, Ohio

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual County Auto License Budget Basis Year ended December 31, 2003

	Budgeted	l Amounts	A shoot	Variance with Final Budget- Positive
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	Actual <u>Amounts</u>	(Negative)
Revenues Shared revenues Total revenues	\$ 2,900,000 2,900,000	\$ <u>2,900,000</u> <u>2,900,000</u>	\$ <u>2,900,000</u> <u>2,900,000</u>	\$
Expenditures Current Public service Transportation				
Contractual services Capital outlay Total transportation Total public service Total expenditures Excess of revenues		900,000 2,000,000 2,900,000 2,900,000 2,900,000	767,943 1,834,421 2,602,364 2,602,364 2,602,364	132,057 165,579 297,636 297,636 297,636
over expenditures	2,900,000	-	297,636	297,636
Other financing sources (uses)			<u> </u>	
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other uses	2,900,000	-	297,636	297,636
Fund balance at beginning of year Lapsed encumbrances Fund balance at end of year	42,406 - \$ 2,942,406	42,406 - \$ 42,406	42,406 - \$ 340,042	\$ <u>297,636</u>

# City of Columbus, Ohio

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Street Construction Maintenance & Repair Budget Basis

Year ended December 31, 2003

		Budgeted A	Amounts		Actual		Variance with Final Budget- Positive	
		<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>		<u>Amounts</u>		(Negative)	
Revenues								
Investment earnings	\$	84,615 \$	84,615	\$	84,615	\$	-	
Licenses and permits		1,164,360	1,164,360		1,164,360		-	
Shared revenues		21,260,789	21,260,789		21,260,789		-	
Charges for services		4,275,368	4,275,368		4,275,368		-	
Miscellaneous		204,932	204,932		204,932		-	
Total revenues		26,990,064	26,990,064		26,990,064	_	-	
Expenditures								
Current								
Public service								
Service director								
Personal services		1,251,233	1,299,600		1,291,139		8,461	
Total service director	_	1,251,233	1,299,600	_	1,291,139	_	8,461	
Transportation	_		22.000.076	_		_		
Personal services		19,614,354	20,098,876		20,098,874		2	
Materials and supplies		1,155,342	1,047,492		1,019,366		28,126	
Contractual services		6,206,939	7,017,253		6,116,192		901,061	
Other			115,000		109,644		5,356	
Capital outlay	_	325,000	75,000	_	74,847	_	153	
Total transportation	_	27,301,635	28,353,621	_	27,418,923	_	934,698	
Total public service	_	28,552,868	29,653,221	_	28,710,062	_	943,159	
Total expenditures	_	28,552,868	29,653,221	_	28,710,062	_	943,159	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(1,562,804)	(2,663,157)		(1,719,998)		943,159	
Other financing sources (uses)								
Operating transfers in	_	870,759	870,759	_	870,759	_		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over								
expenditures and other uses		(692,045)	(1,792,398)		(849,239)		943,159	
Fund balance at beginning of year		3,268,419	3,268,419		3,268,419		-	
Lapsed encumbrances		469,895	469,895		469,895			
Fund balance at end of year	\$	3,046,269 \$	1,945,916	\$	2,889,075	\$	943,159	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Municipal Motor Vehicle Tax Budget Basis Year ended December 31, 2003

Revenues         Pinal         Actual Amounts         Positive (Negative)           Revenues         Miscellaneous         \$ 2,966,223         \$ 2,986,223         \$ 2,986,223         \$ 2,986,223         \$ 2,986,223         \$ 2,986,223         \$ 2,14,065         \$ 2,14,065         \$ 2,14,065         \$ 2,14,065         \$ 2,13,932         \$ 2,13,932         \$ 2,13,932         \$ 2,13,93		Budgeted Amounts							/ariance with inal Budget-
Miscellaneous			<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>				
Total revenues 2,966,223 2,966,223 2,966,223 -  Expenditures Current Public service Transportation Materials and supplies - 1,356,902 1,321,022 35,880 Contractual services - 1,992,799 1,678,734 314,065 Capital outlay 213,932 713,932 713,932 - Total transportation 213,932 4,063,633 3,713,688 349,945 Total public service 213,932 4,063,633 3,713,688 349,945 Total expenditures 213,932 4,063,633 3,713,688 349,945  Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 2,752,291 (1,097,410) (747,465) 349,945  Other financing sources (uses) Operating transfers out (273,500) (273,500) -  Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other uses 2,478,791 (1,370,910) (1,020,965) 349,945  Fund balance at beginning of year 1,471,919 1,471,919 1,471,919 - Lapsed encumbrances 143,012 143,012 143,012 -									
Expenditures Current Public service Transportation Materials and supplies Contractual services Capital outlay Capital outlay Total transportation  Total public service  213,932 Total public service  213,932 Total expenditures  314,065 349,945 Total expenditures  22,752,291 Total expendit	Miscellaneous	\$	2,966,223	\$	2,966,223	\$	2,966,223	\$_	
Current         Public service         Transportation         Materials and supplies       -       1,356,902       1,321,022       35,880         Contractual services       -       1,992,799       1,678,734       314,065         Capital outlay       213,932       713,932       713,932       -         Total transportation       213,932       4,063,633       3,713,688       349,945         Total public service       213,932       4,063,633       3,713,688       349,945         Total expenditures       213,932       4,063,633       3,713,688       349,945         Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures       2,752,291       (1,097,410)       (747,465)       349,945         Other financing sources (uses)         Operating transfers out       (273,500)       (273,500)       (273,500)       -         Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other uses       2,478,791       (1,370,910)       (1,020,965)       349,945         Fund balance at beginning of year       1,471,919       1,471,919       1,471,919       1,471,919       1,471,919       1,471,919       1,471,919       1,471,919       1,471,919       1,471,919       1,471,919       1,471,919       <	Total revenues		2,966,223		2,966,223		2,966,223		
Public service Transportation  Materials and supplies Contractual services - 1,992,799 1,678,734 314,065 Capital outlay 213,932 713,932 713,932 - Total transportation 213,932 4,063,633 3,713,688 349,945 Total public service 213,932 4,063,633 3,713,688 349,945 Total expenditures 213,932 4,063,633 3,713,688 349,945  Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 2,752,291 (1,097,410) (747,465) 349,945  Other financing sources (uses) Operating transfers out (273,500) (273,500) -  Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other uses 2,478,791 (1,370,910) (1,020,965) 349,945  Fund balance at beginning of year 1,471,919 1,471,919 1,471,919 - Lapsed encumbrances 143,012 143,012 143,012 -	Expenditures								
Transportation  Materials and supplies Contractual services Capital outlay Capital outlay Contractual services Capital outlay Capital outlay Contractual services Capital outlay Capital C	Current								
Materials and supplies         -         1,356,902         1,321,022         35,880           Contractual services         -         1,992,799         1,678,734         314,065           Capital outlay         213,932         713,932         713,932         -           Total transportation         213,932         4,063,633         3,713,688         349,945           Total public service         213,932         4,063,633         3,713,688         349,945           Total expenditures         213,932         4,063,633         3,713,688         349,945           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures         2,752,291         (1,097,410)         (747,465)         349,945           Other financing sources (uses) Operating transfers out         (273,500)         (273,500)         (273,500)         -           Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other uses         2,478,791         (1,370,910)         (1,020,965)         349,945           Fund balance at beginning of year         1,471,919         1,471,919         1,471,919         -           Lapsed encumbrances         143,012         143,012         143,012         -	Public service								
Contractual services         -         1,992,799         1,678,734         314,065           Capital outlay         213,932         713,932         713,932         -           Total transportation         213,932         4,063,633         3,713,688         349,945           Total public service         213,932         4,063,633         3,713,688         349,945           Total expenditures         213,932         4,063,633         3,713,688         349,945           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures         2,752,291         (1,097,410)         (747,465)         349,945           Other financing sources (uses)         0perating transfers out         (273,500)         (273,500)         (273,500)         -           Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other uses         2,478,791         (1,370,910)         (1,020,965)         349,945           Fund balance at beginning of year         1,471,919         1,471,919         1,471,919         -           Lapsed encumbrances         143,012         143,012         143,012         -	Transportation								
Capital outlay         213,932         713,932         713,932         -           Total transportation         213,932         4,063,633         3,713,688         349,945           Total public service         213,932         4,063,633         3,713,688         349,945           Total expenditures         213,932         4,063,633         3,713,688         349,945           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures         2,752,291         (1,097,410)         (747,465)         349,945           Other financing sources (uses)         0perating transfers out         (273,500)         (273,500)         (273,500)         -           Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other uses         2,478,791         (1,370,910)         (1,020,965)         349,945           Fund balance at beginning of year         1,471,919         1,471,919         1,471,919         -         -           Lapsed encumbrances         143,012         143,012         143,012         -         -	Materials and supplies		-		1,356,902		1,321,022		35,880
Total transportation         213,932         4,063,633         3,713,688         349,945           Total public service         213,932         4,063,633         3,713,688         349,945           Total expenditures         213,932         4,063,633         3,713,688         349,945           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures         2,752,291         (1,097,410)         (747,465)         349,945           Other financing sources (uses)         Operating transfers out         (273,500)         (273,500)         (273,500)         -           Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other uses         2,478,791         (1,370,910)         (1,020,965)         349,945           Fund balance at beginning of year         1,471,919         1,471,919         1,471,919         -           Lapsed encumbrances         143,012         143,012         143,012         -	Contractual services		-		1,992,799		1,678,734		314,065
Total public service 213,932 4,063,633 3,713,688 349,945  Total expenditures 213,932 4,063,633 3,713,688 349,945  Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 2,752,291 (1,097,410) (747,465) 349,945  Other financing sources (uses) Operating transfers out (273,500) (273,500) (273,500) -  Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other uses 2,478,791 (1,370,910) (1,020,965) 349,945  Fund balance at beginning of year 1,471,919 1,471,919 - Lapsed encumbrances 143,012 143,012 -	Capital outlay				- /				
Total expenditures 213,932 4,063,633 3,713,688 349,945  Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 2,752,291 (1,097,410) (747,465) 349,945  Other financing sources (uses) (273,500) (273,500) -  Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other uses 2,478,791 (1,370,910) (1,020,965) 349,945  Fund balance at beginning of year 1,471,919 1,471,919 - Lapsed encumbrances 143,012 143,012 -	Total transportation		213,932		4,063,633		3,713,688		349,945
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 2,752,291 (1,097,410) (747,465) 349,945  Other financing sources (uses) Operating transfers out (273,500) (273,500) -  Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other uses 2,478,791 (1,370,910) (1,020,965) 349,945  Fund balance at beginning of year 1,471,919 1,471,919 - Lapsed encumbrances 143,012 143,012 -	Total public service		213,932		4,063,633		3,713,688		349,945
over expenditures         2,752,291         (1,097,410)         (747,465)         349,945           Other financing sources (uses)           Operating transfers out         (273,500)         (273,500)         (273,500)         -           Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other uses         2,478,791         (1,370,910)         (1,020,965)         349,945           Fund balance at beginning of year         1,471,919         1,471,919         1,471,919         -           Lapsed encumbrances         143,012         143,012         143,012         -	Total expenditures		213,932		4,063,633	_	3,713,688	_	349,945
Other financing sources (uses)         (273,500)         (273,500)         (273,500)         -           Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other uses         2,478,791         (1,370,910)         (1,020,965)         349,945           Fund balance at beginning of year         1,471,919         1,471,919         1,471,919         -           Lapsed encumbrances         143,012         143,012         143,012         -	Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
Operating transfers out         (273,500)         (273,500)         (273,500)         -           Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other uses         2,478,791         (1,370,910)         (1,020,965)         349,945           Fund balance at beginning of year         1,471,919         1,471,919         1,471,919         -           Lapsed encumbrances         143,012         143,012         143,012         -	over expenditures		2,752,291		(1,097,410)		(747,465)		349,945
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other uses 2,478,791 (1,370,910) (1,020,965) 349,945  Fund balance at beginning of year 1,471,919 1,471,919 - Lapsed encumbrances 143,012 143,012 -									
and other financing sources over expenditures and other uses 2,478,791 (1,370,910) (1,020,965) 349,945  Fund balance at beginning of year 1,471,919 1,471,919 1,471,919 - Lapsed encumbrances 143,012 143,012 143,012 -	Operating transfers out		(273,500)		(273,500)	_	(273,500)	_	
Fund balance at beginning of year       1,471,919       1,471,919       1,471,919       -         Lapsed encumbrances       143,012       143,012       143,012       -	` ','								
Lapsed encumbrances         143,012         143,012         143,012         -	expenditures and other uses		2,478,791		(1,370,910)		(1,020,965)		349,945
•	Fund balance at beginning of year		1,471,919		1,471,919		1,471,919		-
Fund balance at end of year \$ 4,093,722 \$ 244,021 \$ 593,966 \$ 349,945	Lapsed encumbrances		143,012		143,012		143,012	_	<u>-</u>
	Fund balance at end of year	\$	4,093,722	\$	244,021	\$	593,966	\$_	349,945

# City of Columbus, Ohio

Exhibit B-37

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Treasury Investment Earnings Budget Basis Year ended December 31, 2003

		Budgeted	Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget- Positive
		<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>		<u>Amounts</u>	(Negative)
Revenues						
Investment earnings	\$_	413,343 \$	\$ 413,343	\$_	413,343	\$
Total revenues	-	413,343	413,343		413,343	-
Expenditures						
Current						
General government						
City auditor						
Other		413,343	413,343		413,343	-
Total city auditor	_	413,343	413,343	_	413,343	-
Total general government	_	413,343	413,343	_	413,343	
Total expenditures		413,343	413,343		413,343	
Excess of revenues						
over expenditures		-	-		-	-
Other financing sources (uses)	_			_	-	
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other uses						
•						_
Fund balance at beginning of year		77,301	77,301		77,301	-
Lapsed encumbrances					-	. <u>-</u>
Fund balance at end of year	\$	77,301	77,301	\$_	77,301	\$

# City of Columbus, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Golf Course Operations Budget Basis Year ended December 31, 2003

	Budgete Original	d A	mounts <u>Final</u>		Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)
Revenues						
Charges for services	\$ , ,	\$	4,075,488	\$	, ,	\$ -
Miscellaneous	24,597	_	24,597		24,597	_
Total revenues	4,100,085	_	4,100,085		4,100,085	_
Expenditures						
Current						
Recreation and parks						
Golf	2 222 447		2 222 447		2 400 500	400 507
Personal services	3,230,117		3,230,117		3,100,520	129,597
Materials and supplies Contractual services	493,700 1,181,700		443,700		435,185	8,515 30,100
Other	3,200		1,252,700 3,200		1,222,600 1,813	1,387
Capital outlay	223,300		223,300		177,140	46,160
Total golf	5,132,017	_	5,153,017	_	4,937,258	215,759
Total recreation and parks	5,132,017	_	5,153,017	_	4,937,258	215,759
Total expenditures	5,132,017	_	5,153,017		4,937,258	215,759
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(1,031,932)		(1,052,932)		(837,173)	215,759
Other financing sources (uses) Operating transfers in	89,300	_	89,300		89,300	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over						
expenditures and other uses	(942,632)		(963,632)		(747,873)	215,759
Fund balance at beginning of year	1,193,922		1,193,922		1,193,922	-
Lapsed encumbrances	239,068	_	239,068	_	239,068	=
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 490,358	\$	469,358	\$	685,117	\$ 215,759

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Recreation and Parks Operations Budget Basis Year ended December 31, 2003

100		aca Becenibe		., 2000				
		Budgeto Original	ed A	mounts Final	Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)	
Revenues								
Licenses and permits	\$	4,000	\$	4,000	\$	4,000	\$	-
Charges for services	·	3,272,967		3,272,967		3,272,967	·	
Miscellaneous		853,924		853,924		853,924		-
Total revenues	_	4,130,891	_	4,130,891	_	4,130,891		=
Expenditures	_	· ·	_		_			
Current								
Recreation and parks								
Recreation and parks								
Personal services		22,228,145		22,606,199		22,490,781		115,418
Materials and supplies		1,078,000		1,008,000		743,768		264,232
Contractual services		5,581,394		5,652,294		5,263,610		388,684
Other		64,000		139,000		137,561		1,439
Capital outlay		35,000		35,000		32,300		2,700
Total recreation and parks		28,986,539	_	29,440,493	_	28,668,020		772,473
Total recreation and parks		28,986,539	_	29,440,493	_	28,668,020		772,473
Total expenditures		28,986,539	_	29,440,493		28,668,020		772,473
Fueres (definions ) of verrouses			_					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		(24 055 640)		(25 200 602)		(24 527 120)		772 472
over expenditures		(24,855,648)		(25,309,602)		(24,537,129)		772,473
Other financing sources (uses)								
Operating transfers in		25,200,392		25,200,392		25,200,392		-
Operating transfers out		(197,200)		(197,200)		(197,200)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		25,003,192	_	25,003,192	_	25,003,192		-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over								
expenditures and other uses		147,544		(306,410)		466,063		772,473
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year		(611,482)		(611,482)		(611,482)		-
Lapsed encumbrances		288,705		288,705		288,705		-
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$	(175,233)	\$	(629,187)	\$	143,286	\$	772,473

# City of Columbus, Ohio

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Recreation & Parks Grants Budget Basis Year ended December 31, 2003

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget-		
_		<u>Original</u>	,,,,	<u>Final</u>		Actual Amounts		Positive (Negative)	
Revenues									
Grants and subsidies	\$	39,048,560	\$	39,048,560	\$	39,048,560	\$	-	
Investment earnings		19,493		19,493		19,493		-	
Charges for service		2,160,767		2,160,767		2,160,767		-	
Miscellaneous	_	179,710	_	179,710		179,710			
Total revenues	_	41,408,530	_	41,408,530		41,408,530			
Expenditures									
Current									
Recreation and parks									
Recreation and parks				0.057.226		7 762 515		202.024	
Personal services		-		8,057,336		7,763,515		293,821	
Materials and supplies		-		770,051		303,007		467,044	
Contractual services		9,511,284		39,916,090		39,916,090		24 204	
Other		7 452 010		46,000		24,796		21,204	
Capital outlay	_	7,452,819	_	10,610,489		10,610,489		702.000	
Total recreation and parks	_	16,964,103	_	59,399,966		58,617,897		782,069	
Total recreation and parks	_	16,964,103	_	59,399,966		58,617,897		782,069	
Total expenditures	_	16,964,103	_	59,399,966		58,617,897	-	782,069	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over expenditures		24,444,427		(17,991,436)		(17,209,367)		782,069	
Other financing sources (uses)									
Operating transfers in	_	345,400	_	345,400	_	345,400			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over									
expenditures and other uses		24,789,827		(17,646,036)		(16,863,967)		782,069	
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year		(25,846,858)		(25,846,858)		(25,846,858)		-	
Lapsed encumbrances	_	7,941,721		7,941,721		7,941,721	_		
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$	6,884,690	\$	(35,551,173)	\$	(34,769,104)	\$	782,069	

# City of Columbus, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Private Grants Budget Basis Year ended December 31, 2003

· ·	rear e	nded December	31, 2003				
		Budgeted A	Mounts		Variance with Final Budget-		
_		<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Positive (Negative)		
Revenues Grants and subsidies Charges for services Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$	428,900 \$ 14,472	428,900 14,472 133,803 577,175	\$ 428,900 5 14,472 133,803 577,175	- -		
Expenditures Current General government Office of education							
Personal services Materials and supplies Contractual services Total office of education Total general government		27,451 - - - - - 27,451 27,451	40,711 82,309 90,990 214,010 214,010	40,711 14,321 59,838 114,870 114,870	67,988 31,152 99,140 99,140		
Public safety Police							
Materials and supplies Total police		<u> </u>	7,500 7,500	7,500 7,500			
Fire Materials and supplies Contractual services Total fire Total public safety		- - - -	11,600 3,000 14,600 22,100	8,355 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	3,245 3,000 6,245 6,245		
Health Health Personal Services Materials & supplies Contractual services Other Capital outlay Total health Total health		51,823 23,577 - 82,411 157,811	308,624 15,826 99,494 2,693 183,547 610,184 610,184	256,312 15,826 99,494 2,693 183,547 557,872	52,312 - - - - - - - 52,312 52,312		
Recreation and parks Recreation and parks Materials & supplies Contractual services Capital outlay Total recreation and parks Total recreation and parks Total expenditures		33 39,477 22,500 62,010 62,010 247,272	33 6,829 22,500 29,362 29,362 875,656	33 6,829 22,500 29,362 29,362 717,959	- - - - - - 157,697		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		329,903	(298,481)	(140,784)	157,697		
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in		123,650	123,650	123,650			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other uses		453,553	(174,831)	(17,134)	157,697		
Fund balance at beginning of year Lapsed encumbrances Fund balance at end of year	\$	205,951 12,296 671,800 \$	205,951 12,296 43,416	205,951 12,296 \$ 201,113	157,697		

City of Columbus, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fine Balance - Budget and Actual **Urban Site Acquisition Loan Fund** Budget Basis Year ended December 31, 2003

	-	Budgete	mounts		Antonia	Variance with Final Budget-		
		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		Actual <u>Amounts</u>		Positive (Negative)
Revenues	\$_	-	\$_		\$_		\$_	
Expenditures	_	-	_		_		_	
Excess of revenues over expenditures		-		-		-		-
Other financing sources (uses)	_		_	<u>-</u>	-		-	
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other uses		-		-		-		-
Fund balance at beginning of year Lapsed encumbrances		183		183		183		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	183	\$	183	\$	183	\$	-

City of Columbus, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Collection Fees
Budget Basis Year ended December 31, 2003

		Budgete	ed Ar	mounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget- Positive		
		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		<u>Amounts</u>	(Negative	<u>e)</u>	
Revenues									
Income taxes	\$	223,352	\$	223,352	\$	-,	\$	-	
Fines & forfeitures	_	418,630	_	418,630	_	418,630			
Total revenues	_	641,982		641,982		641,982	-		
Expenditures Current									
General government City attorney									
Contractual services		300,000		458,953	_	435,846	23,1		
Total City attorney	_	300,000	_	458,953		435,846	23,1	.07	
Parking violations bureau									
Contractual services	_	-	_	38,663	_	32,034	6,6		
Total Parking violations bureau	_	-	-	38,663		32,034	6,6	29	
Municipal court clerk							_		
Personal services				2,900		2,670		30	
Contractual services		150,000		787,100	_	690,000	97,1		
Total municipal court clerk Total general government	_	150,000 450,000	-	790,000 1,287,616	-	692,670 1,160,550	97,3 127,0		
Total general government  Total expenditures	_	450,000	-	1,287,616	-	1,160,550	127,0		
Total experiatares	_	130,000	_	1,207,010	-	1,100,550	127,0	-	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		191,982		(645,634)		(518,568)	127,0	166	
Other financing sources (uses)	_	-	_	-	_	<u> </u>			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over									
expenditures and other uses		191,982		(645,634)		(518,568)	127,0	66	
Fund balance at beginning of year		136,038		136,038		136,038		-	
Lapsed encumbrances	. –	-	—	-	–		. ————	-	
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$ <u>_</u>	328,020	\$_	(509,596)	\$_	(382,530)	\$ 127,0	66	

City of Columbus, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual **Environmental Fund** Budget Basis Year ended December 31, 2003

		Budgeted Ar	mounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget- Positive	
		<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	Amounts	(Negative)	
Revenues						
Fines and forfeitures Total revenues	\$ <u> </u>	74,201 \$ 74,201	74,201 \$ 74,201	74,201 \$ 74,201	<u> </u>	
Expenditures	-	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>		
Excess of revenues over expenditures		74,201	74,201	74,201	-	
Other financing sources (uses)	_	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other uses Fund balance at beginning of year Lapsed encumbrances		74,201 - -	74,201 - -	74,201 - -	- - -	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	74,201 \$	74,201 \$	74,201 \$	-	

Exhibit B-45

City of Columbus, Ohio
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Citywide Training **Budget Basis** Year ended December 31, 2003

		Budgeted Original	Amounts <u>Final</u>		Actual <u>Amounts</u>		Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)
Revenues							
Charges for services Total revenues	\$ <u>_</u>	1,206 \$ 1,206	1,206 1,206	\$ <u>_</u>	1,206 1,206	\$	<u>-</u>
Expenditures	-			_		-	
Excess of revenues over expenditures		1,206	1,206		1,206		-
Other financing sources (uses)	_			_		-	
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other uses Fund balance at beginning of year		1,206	1,206		1,206		Ī
Lapsed encumbrances		-	-		-		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	1,206 \$	1,206	\$	1,206	\$	-

# City of Columbus, Ohio

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual **Easton TIF Budget Basis** 

Daagot Dasis		
Year ended December	31.	2003

		Budgete	d A	mounts		Actual		Variance with Final Budget- Positive
		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		<u>Amounts</u>		(Negative)
Revenues								_
Investment earnings	\$	80,730	\$	80,730	\$	80,730	\$	-
Miscellaneous	_	2,035,210	_	2,035,210	_	2,035,210	_	-
Total revenues	_	2,115,940	_	2,115,940	-	2,115,940	-	
Expenditures	_	-	_	-	_	-	-	
Excess of revenues over expenditures		2,115,940		2,115,940		2,115,940		-
Other financing sources (uses) Operating transfers out	_	(1,652,199)	_	(1,652,199)	_	(1,652,199)	-	<u>-</u> _
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over								
expenditures and other uses		463,741		463,741		463,741		-
Fund balance at beginning of year Lapsed encumbrances		2,596,711 -		2,596,711 -		2,596,711 -		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	3,060,452	\$	3,060,452	\$	3,060,452	\$	-

# City of Columbus, Ohio

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Polaris TIF **Budget Basis** 

Year ended December 31, 2003

Variance with Final Budget-**Budgeted Amounts** Actual **Positive Original Amounts** (Negative) **Final** Revenues Investment earnings 53,729 53,729 \$ 53,729 \$ Miscellaneous 1,573,395 1,573,395 1,573,395 Total revenues 1,627,124 1,627,124 1,627,124 **Expenditures** Current Public Service Public service director Contractual services 11,438 11,437 Total public service director 11,438 11,437 Total public service 11,438 11,437 Total expenditures 11,437 Excess of revenues over expenditures 1,627,124 1,615,686 1 1,615,687 Other financing sources (uses) Operating transfers out (105,000)(1,405,000)(1,334,929)70,071 Excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other uses 210,686 280,758 70,072 1,522,124 Fund balance at beginning of year 920,791 920,791 920,791 Lapsed encumbrances 57,613 57,613 57,613 2,500,528 1,189,090 1,259,162 70,072 Fund balance at end of year

# City of Columbus, Ohio

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Tuttle Crossing TIF Budget Basis Year ended December 31, 2003

Parameter	Budgete <u>Original</u>	ed Amounts Final	Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)
Revenues  Miscellaneous  Total revenues	\$ 656,576 656,576	\$ 656,576 656,576	\$ 656,576 656,576	\$ <u> </u>
Expenditures				
Excess of revenues over expenditures	656,576	656,576	656,576	-
Other financing sources (uses) Operating transfers out	<del>-</del> _	(816,950)	(816,950)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other uses Fund balance at beginning of year Lapsed encumbrances Fund balance at end of year	656,576 1,042,063 - \$ 1,698,639	(160,374) 1,042,063 - \$ 881,689	(160,374) 1,042,063 - \$ 881,689	- - - -

# City of Columbus, Ohio

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Nationwide Pen Site TIF Budget Basis Year ended December 31, 2003

		Budgete	d Ar	mounts				Variance with Final Budget-
						Actual		Positive
_		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		<u>Amounts</u>		(Negative)
Revenues								
Investment earnings	\$	28,885	\$	28,885	\$	28,885	\$	-
Miscellaneous	_	1,836,913	_	1,836,913		1,836,913		
Total revenues	_	1,865,798	_	1,865,798		1,865,798	_	-
Expenditures	_	-	_		_	-	_	
Excess of revenues								
over expenditures		1,865,798		1,865,798		1,865,798		-
Other financing sources (uses)								
Operating transfers out		-	_	(1,970,721)	_	(1,970,721)	_	-
		-	_	(1,970,721)		(1,970,721)	-	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over								
expenditures and other uses		1,865,798		(104,923)		(104,923)		-
Fund balance at beginning of year		133,808		133,808		133,808		-
Lapsed encumbrances		-		-		-		_
Fund balance at end of year	\$	1,999,606	\$	28,885	\$	28,885	\$	-

# City of Columbus, Ohio

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Nationwide Off Sites TIF Budget Basis Year ended December 31, 2003

Revenues		Budgete Original	d A	mounts Final		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)
Investment earnings	\$	12,093	\$	12,093	\$	12,093	\$	-
Miscellaneous	· _	737,167		737,167		737,167		-
Total revenues	_	749,260	_	749,260		749,260		-
Expenditures	_	-	_		_			
Excess of revenues over expenditures		749,260		749,260		749,260		-
Other financing sources (uses) Operating transfers out	_		_	(416,371)	_	(416,371)	. ,	
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other uses		749,260		332,889		332,889		-

# City of Columbus, Ohio

416,371

1,165,631

416,371

749,260 \$

416,371

749,260

Fund balance at beginning of year

Lapsed encumbrances

Fund balance at end of year

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Miranova TIF Budget Basis Year ended December 31, 2003

	<u>-</u>	Budgeted a	Amounts Final	Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)
Revenues					
Miscellaneous	\$	466,528 \$	466,528	\$ 466,528	\$
Total revenues		466,528	466,528	466,528	
Expenditures Current General government					
City auditor			267.040	247.040	
Other			267,940	267,940	
Total city auditor			267,940	267,940	
Total general government			267,940	267,940	
Total expenditures			267,940	267,940	
Excess of revenues over expenditures		466,528	198,588	198,588	-
Other financing sources (uses)		-			
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other uses Fund balance at beginning of year Lapsed encumbrances		466,528 330,301	198,588 330,301	198,588 330,301	- - -
Fund balance at end of year	\$	796,829 \$	528,889	\$ 528,889	\$

# **City of Columbus, Ohio**

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Crewville TIF Budget Basis Year ended December 31, 2003

	-	Budgete Original	d Aı	mounts Final		Actual		Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)
Revenues		Original		<u>riiidi</u>		<u>Amounts</u>		(Negative)
Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$	16,970 16,970	\$_	16,970 16,970	\$_ _	16,970 16,970	\$_ _	<u>-</u>
Expenditures	_	-	_		_		_	
Excess of revenues over expenditures		16,970		16,970		16,970		-
Other financing sources (uses)	_	-	_	-	_		_	<u> </u>
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other uses		16,970		16,970		16,970		-
Fund balance at beginning of year Lapsed encumbrances Fund balance at end of year	\$ <b>_</b>	- - 16,970	\$ <b>_</b>	- - 16,970	\$ _	- - 16,970	\$	- - -

# City of Columbus, Ohio

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Brewery District TIF Budget Basis Year ended December 31, 2003

Paramana	Budgeted A	Amounts Final	Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Variance with Final Budget- Positive ( <u>Negative)</u>
Revenues Investment earnings Total revenues	\$ 50,390 \$ 50,390	50,390 \$ 50,390	50,390 \$ 50,390	
Expenditures Current Development				
Other Total development Total expenditures	<u> </u>	1,755 1,755 1,755	1,755 1,755 1,755	
Excess of revenues over expenditures	50,390	48,635	48,635	-
Other financing sources (uses) Operating transfers out	(120,000)	(120,000)	(62,430)	57,570
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other uses	(69,610)	(71,365)	(13,795)	57,570
Fund balance at beginning of year Lapsed encumbrances Fund balance at end of year	430,343 25,449 \$ 386,182 \$	430,343 25,449 384,427 \$	430,343 25,449 441,997 \$	57,570

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Recreation Debt Service Budget Basis Year ended December 31, 2003

	Budgeted Ar	mounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget- Positive
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues				<del></del>
Charges for service	\$ <u>425,315</u> \$	425,315 \$	425,315 \$	
Total revenues	425,315	425,315	425,315	
Expenditures	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u> -	<u>-</u>	
Excess of revenues over expenditures	425,315	425,315	425,315	-
Other financing sources (uses) Operating transfers out	(1,072,825)	(1,463,771)	(424,256)	1,039,515
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other uses Fund balance at beginning of year Lapsed encumbrances	(647,510) 46,871	(1,038,456) 46,871	1,059 46,871 -	(1,039,515) - -
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$ (600,639) \$	(991,585) \$	47,930 \$	(1,039,515)

# City of Columbus, Ohio

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Capitol South Budget Basis Year ended December 31, 2003

		Budgeted A	mounts		Variance with Final Budget-
				Actual	Positive
		<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Amounts</u>	(Negative)
Revenues					
Miscellaneous	\$	1,108,430 \$	1,108,430 \$		<u>-</u>
Total revenues	_	1,108,430	1,108,430	1,108,430	
Expenditures					
Current					
Development					
Housing					
Personal services		-	7,848	7,8 <del>4</del> 8	-
Contractual services		-	97,152	97,152	-
Other	_		100,000	100,000	
Total Housing	_	<u> </u>	205,000	205,000	
Total development	_	<u> </u>	205,000	205,000	
Total expenditures	_	<u> </u>	205,000	205,000	
Excess of revenues					
over expenditures		1,108,430	903,430	903,430	-
Other financing sources (uses)					
Operating transfers out		(1,800,000)	(3,300,000)	(3,041,175)	258,825
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(1,800,000)	(3,300,000)	(3,041,175)	258,825
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
and other financing sources over					
expenditures and other uses		(691,570)	(2,396,570)	(2,137,745)	258,825
Fund balance at beginning of year		14,260,411	14,260,411	14,260,411	· -
Lapsed encumbrances		<u> </u>	<del>_</del> _		=
Fund balance at end of year	\$	13,568,841 \$	11,863,841 \$	12,122,666 \$	258,825

# **Internal Service Funds**

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the government, generally on a cost-reimbursement basis. The title of the funds indicates the type of service provided. The Internal Service Funds are:

- Employee Benefits
- Fleet Management
- Information Services
- Purchasing/Contract
- Telecommunications
- Land Acquisition

City of Columbus, Ohio
Combining Statement of Net Assets
Internal Service Funds
December 31, 2003
(amounts expressed in thousands)

	Emp	Employee Benefits	Man	Fleet Management	Information Services	Purchasing/ Contract	Telecom- munications	Land Acquisition		Total
ASSETS Current assets:										
Casil and casil equivalents Cash and investments with treasurer Pacaivables (not of allowances for uncollectibles)	₩.	14,562	₩-	1,549	\$ 2,529	\$ 82	\$ 143	\$ 195	₩	19,060
neceivables (riet of allowalites for uncollectibles)  Due from other funds		' ∞		126	900		2 2	7		208 208
Inventory Total current assets		14,570		923	2,624	- 82	148	202		923 20,224
Noncurrent assets: Property, plant and equipment, at cost		1		4,721	31,773	,	3,120	10		39,624
Less accumulated depreciation				(2,//6)	(27,316)		(2,366)	(1)		(32,459)
Total noncurrent assets:		'		1.945	4.457		754	6		7.165
Total assets		14,570		4,543	7,081	82	905	211		27,389
LIABILITIES										
Current liabilities:		7 796		887	355	1	4	ı		4.037
Accrued interest payable		5,7		100	10		- 1	1		11
Accrued wages and benefits		5,537		236	363	1	8	24		6,168
Accrued vacation and sick leave		81		460	443	1	ı	10		994
Current portion of: Bonds payable		1		30	625		1	'		655
Total current liabilities		8,414		1,609	1,796	1	12	34		11,865
Noncurrent liabilities: Bonds payable		ı		450	2,540	1	1	ı		2,990
Total noncurrent liabilities:		'		450	2,540	1	1	1		2,990
Total liabilities		8,414		2,059	4,336		12	34		14,855
NET ASSETS Invested in capital assets		1		1.465	1,292	1	754	σ		3.520
Unrestricted		6,156		1,019	1,453	82	136	168		9,014
Total net assets	₩.	6,156	₩	2,484	\$ 2,745	\$ 82	\$ \$800	\$ 177	₩	12,534

City of Columbus, Ohio

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets
Internal Service Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2003
(amounts expressed in thousands)

	Employee	yee	Fleet		Information	Purchasing/	Telecom-	Land	
OBEDATING BEVENIES	pellelle	2	Manayement	  }	Selvices	Contract	IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII	Acquisition	Iorai
Criscian revises	\$	64,195	\$ 19,157	57 \$	17,569	· \$	\$ 170	\$ 719	\$ 101,810
Total operating revenues	9	64,195	19,210	니 [유]	17,570		170	720	101,865
OPERATING EXPENSES Personal services		982	7,5	34	7,829	1	191	582	17,118
Materials and supplies		28	9,178	78	412	ı	29	w (	9,650
Collidactual services Depreciation	n		1,0 3	,15/ 318	2,381	1 1	179	74 '	2,878
Other		1		1	9	1	1	1	9
Total operating expenses	9	60,748	20,167	29	18,799	ı	470	627	100,811
Operating income (loss)		3,447	6)	(657)	(1,229)	1	(300)	93	1,054
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)			•						
Interest expense Other net			<u> </u>	(23)	(173)	1 1	- 2	1 1	(196) 520
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		'		၂ ရှ က	299	1	28	'	324
Income before transfers		3,447	6)	(096)	(930)	ı	(272)	93	1,378
Transfers in		23	С	300	179	1	5	17	524
Transfers out	(1	(19,000)		 		1		1	(19,000)
Net income (loss)	1)	(15,530)	9)	(099)	(751)	ı	(267)	110	(17,098)
Total net assets at beginning of year	2	21,686	3,1	4	3,496	82	1,157	29	29,632
Total net assets at end of year	<del>∨</del>	6,156	\$ 2,4	2,484 \$	2,745	\$ 82	\$ 890	\$ 177	12,534

City of Columbus, Ohio
Combining Statement of Cash Flows
Internal Service Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2003
(amounts expressed in thousands)

	Employee Benefits		Fleet <u>Management</u>	Information Services	Purchasing/ Contract	Telecom- munications	Land Acquisition		Total
OPERATING ACTIVITIES:     Quasi external operating receipts     Cash paid to employees     Cash paid to suppliers     Other receipts     Other payments	\$ 64,219 (995) (62,218)	6. (5. (8. · ·	19,217 (7,630) (12,505) 53	\$ 17,663 (7,813) (8,952) 1 (6)	φ	\$ 170 (192) (106)	\$ 741 (580) (45)	·	102,010 (17,210) (83,826) 55 (6)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	1,006	  9	(865)	893	1	(128)	117		1,023
NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers in Transfers out	23 (19,000)	23 00)	300	179	1 1	5	17		524 (19,000)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	(18,977	[] 	300	179		5	17		(18,476)
					1	5	17		
CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Purchases of property, plant, and equipment Principal payments on bonds and notes Interest paid on bonds and notes			(30) (23)	(303) (565) (175)		1 1 1	(6)		(312) (595) (198)
Net cash used by capital financing activities		  -	(53)	(1,043)			(6)		(1,105)
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(17,971)	.1)	(618)	29	ı	(123)	125		(18,558)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	32,533	ျ ကျ	2,167	2,500	82	766	70		37,618
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 14,562	<u>\$</u>	1,549	\$ 2,529	\$ 82	\$ 143	\$ 195	₩	19,060

City of Columbus, Ohio
Combining Statement of Cash Flows
Internal Service Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2003
(amounts expressed in thousands)

	Em	Employee Benefits	Fleet <u>Managemen</u> t	Information or Services		Purchasing/ Contract	Telecom- munications	Land Acquisition	ج  اع	Total	al
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	¥	3 447	\$ 50)	v	220) ¢	,	(300)	<del>.</del>	9		1 054
Operating income (1933) Depreciation	<del>)</del> -	È.	318	<del>)</del>	2,381	ı	179	<del>)</del> -		_	2,878
Decrease (increase) in operating assets and increase (doctors) in operating lightilities.											
Receivables		1			(4)		ı		,		(4)
Due from other funds		16	40	0	48	ı	(2)		16		118
Inventory		1	80	80	1	ı	'		,		80
Accounts payable net of items											
affecting property, plant and equipment		(1,451)	(26	(6	(369)	1	(2)	_	ı		2,094)
Due to other funds		I	(22)	2)	(15)	1	1		,		(37)
Accrued wages and benefits		(1,000)	_	(9)	35	ı	1		٣		(896)
Accrued vacation and sick leave		(9)	4)	(49)	46	1	1		2		(4)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	₩.	1,006	\$ (865)	\$ (2)	\$ 863	1	\$ (128)	₩.	117		1,023

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# **Fiduciary Funds - Agency Funds**

Agency funds - used to account for assets held by the government as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. Assets held for other funds or governments include payroll taxes and other employee withholdings and income taxes and utility charges collected by the City on behalf of other governments. Their titles are descriptive of their nature. They are:

- Payroll Deposit
- Garnishments
- Unclaimed money
- Short North SID Deposit
- Capital Crossroads SID
- Health Deposit
- Construction Insp. Deposit
- City Auditor's Deposit
- City Attorney's Deposit
- Safety Agency Deposit

- Police Property Room Deposit
- Suburb Utility Surcharges
- Suburb Income Tax
- City Treasurer's Deposit
- Purchasing Deposit
- Recreation Deposit
- Development Deposit
- Convention Facility Tax
- Service Department Deposit

City of Columbus, Ohio Schedule of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds—Individual Fund Grouping For the Year Ended December 31, 2003

	Balance	Assets	ıts	Balance	Balance	Liabilities	ties	Balance
Agency Funds	January 1, 2003	Additions	Deletions	December 31, 2003	January 1, 2003	Additions	Deletions	December 31, 2003
Payroll deposit	\$ 26,065,322	275,001,380	258,982,210	42,084,492	\$ 26,065,322	275,001,380	258,982,210	42,084,492
Garnishments	1	10,998	10,998	1	ı	10,998	10,998	ı
Unclaimed money	1,674,550	803,784	1,606,975	871,359	1,674,550	803,784	1,606,975	871,359
Short North SID deposit	1	103,715	103,715	1	ı	103,715	103,715	ı
Capital Crossroads SID	1	1,173,511	1,173,511	i	ı	1,173,511	1,173,511	ı
Health deposit	175,760	1,671,730	1,408,190	439,300	175,760	1,671,730	1,408,190	439,300
Construction Insp. deposit	4,549,943	5,146,522	4,530,429	5,166,036	4,549,943	5,146,522	4,530,429	5,166,036
50 City auditor's deposit	838,263	21,451	750,876	108,838	838,263	21,451	750,876	108,838
City attorney's deposit	13,275	16,411	6,167	23,519	13,275	16,411	6,167	23,519
Safety agency deposit	112,317	138,180	192,607	27,890	112,317	138,180	192,607	27,890
Police property room deposit	1,310,804	652,657	594,848	1,368,613	1,310,804	652,657	594,848	1,368,613
Suburb utility surcharges	427,804	4,408,169	4,473,535	362,438	427,804	4,408,169	4,473,535	362,438
Suburb income tax	2,432,973	28,608,786	28,687,157	2,354,602	2,432,973	28,608,786	28,687,157	2,354,602
City treasurer's deposit	46,372	254,299	252,196	48,475	46,372	254,299	252,196	48,475
Purchasing deposit	245,910	64,325	86,579	223,656	245,910	64,325	86,579	223,656
Recreation deposit	28,495	71,368	98£′69	30,477	28,495	71,368	986'69	30,477
Development deposit	780,099	535,032	429,810	885,321	660'082	535,032	429,810	885,321
Convention facility tax	•	13,263,391	13,263,391	1	•	13,263,391	13,263,391	•
Service department deposit	1,118,080	944,271	1,115,604	946,747	1,118,080	944,271	1,115,604	946,747
Total all agency funds	\$ 39,819,967	332,889,980	317,738,184	54,971,763	\$ 39,819,967	332,889,980	317,738,184	54,971,763

# STATISTICAL SECTION

Table 1

General Governmental Expenditures by Function (1) City of Columbus, Ohio

(in thousands, except %) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Total	485,504	546,298	567,304	604,776	656,843	698,063	750,275	809,639	819,033	825,015
	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
- 7										(3)
Capital <u>outlay</u>	8,372	12,529 2.30	17,776 3.13	17,776 2.93	25,140 3.83	22,097 3.16	19,451 2.59	12,376 1.53	14,046 1.72	12,669
+ 8										(3)
Debt	48,297	69,999	72,309	75,750	84,205	94,828	99,317	107,238	108,850	116,387
<u>service</u>	9.95	12.81	12.75	12.53	12.82	13.58	13.24	13.25	13.29	14.11
Public utilities (2)	6,331 1.30	10,248 1.88	10,338 1.82	10,711	11,938 1.82	12,327 1.77	12,963 1.73	11,100	1 1	1 1
Recreation	39,712	44,276	48,169	50,622	53,624	55,362	62,501	68,662	71,696	71,290
<u>&amp; parks</u>	8.18	8.10	8.49	8.37	8.16	7.93	8.33	8.48	8.75	8.64
Health	26,739	28,102	29,233	30,827	33,126	34,476	36,712	37,529	38,678	37,106
	5.51	5.14	5.15	5.10	5.04	4.94	4.89	4.64	4.72	4.50
Development	25,876	40,127	26,995	36,842	42,031	43,831	42,357	52,419	54,068	52,077
	5.33	7.35	4.76	6.09	6.40	6.28	5.64	6.47	6.60	6.31
Public	211,597	224,158	241,863	256,283	265,701	291,930	322,963	342,649	355,237	363,100
<u>safety</u>	43.58	41.03	42.64	42.38	40.45	41.82	43.05	42.32	43.37	44.01
Public	59,055	55,442	58,269	65,880	69,067	77,414	81,400	95,808	90,495	90,279
<u>service</u>	12.17	10.15	10.27	10.89	10.52	11.09	10.85	11.83	11.05	10.94
General	59,525	61,417	62,352	60,085	72,011	65,798	72,611	81,858	85,963	82,107
government	12.26	11.24	10.99	9.94	10.96	9.43	9.68		10.50	9.95
Fiscal <u>year</u>	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003

Source: City of Columbus, Ohio, City Auditor.

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes General, Special Revenue, and Debt Service Funds presented on modified accrual basis of accounting.
(2) Prior to 2002, storm sewer financial activities, a public utility service, were accounted for in a special revenue fund. In 2002, those activities and net assets were transferred to an enterprise fund.

<sup>(3) 2003</sup> excludes \$44.235 million of refunded bond principal in debt service and \$84.528 million of capital projects funds

%

%

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City of Columbus, Ohio

General Governmental Revenues by Source (1)
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(in thousands, except %)

neou <u>s</u> Total	522,709 5.38 100.00	50 581,999 97 100.00	47 576,790 34 100.00	,836 634,602 5.65 100.00	82 705,394 61 100.00	716,246 4.53 100.00	5.88 776,128 5.88 100.00	99 811,743 15 100.00	46 784,217 77 100.00	
nd <u>S Miscellaneous</u>	78	34,750 .40 5.97	99 25,047 .43 4.34	35	5,320 53,682 2.17 7.61	33	4	15,975 41,799 1.96 5.15	.08 37,346 .44 4.77	717 77 575
or Fines and	11,967	13,943	13,999	16,183	15,320	15,214	15,196	15,9	19,108	717 10
<u>forfeits</u>	2.29	2.40	2.43	2.55	2.17	2.12	1.96	1	2.44	
Charges for	52,094	56,805	52,682	54,781	53,441	54,235	62,201	73,193	57,051	707 03
<u>services</u>	9.96	9.76	9.13	8.63	7.58	7.57	8.01	9.02	7.27	
Shared <u>revenues</u>	58,740 11.24	63,137 10.85	66,885 11.60	70,359 11.09	79,409 11.26	81,577 11.39	86,455 11.14	85,374 10.52	79,634 10.15	01
Licenses	9,190	10,553	10,243	11,840	14,229	17,425	18,229	20,133	23,567	טטר שנ
<u>and permits</u>	1.76	1.81	1.78	1.87	2.02	2.43	2.35	2.48	3.01	
Special <u>assessments</u>	97	135 0.02	278 0.05	196 0.03	161 0.02	161 0.02	179 0.02	100	99	100
Investment	10,767	16,097	16,636	18,622	21,501	20,610	36,241	29,379	14,195	0 100
<u>earnings</u>	2.06	2.77	2.88	2.93	3.05	2.88	4.67	3.62	1.81	
Grants and	32,425	44,815	35,757	45,500	52,778	49,246	52,133	69,923	76,130	(c) 001 02
<u>subsidies</u>	6.20	7.70	6.20	7.17	7.48	6.88	6.72	8.61	9.71	
Property	29,522	29,507	30,132	31,856	33,496	34,403	39,049	40,881	41,520	75 20
<u>taxes</u>	5.65	5.07	5.22	5.02	4.75	4.80	5.03	5.04	5.29	
Income	289,776	312,257	325,131	349,429	381,377	410,964	420,812	434,986	435,567	730,002
<u>taxes</u>	55.44	53.65	56.37	55.06	54.06	57.38	54.22	53.59	55.54	
Fiscal <u>year</u>	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	COOC

Source: City of Columbus, Ohio, City Auditor.

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes General, Special Revenue, and Debt Service Funds presented on modified accrual basis of accounting.
(2) Excludes \$7.404 million of grants, \$151 thousand in charges for services and \$3.377 million in miscellaneous revenue in Capital Projects Funds.

City of Columbus, Ohio

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Percent of outstanding delinquent taxes to tax levy		7.2	7.1	7.7	6.1	6.5	6.9	7.5	8.1	9.1	9.1		2.7 %		2.8 %
Outstanding delinquent <u>taxes</u>		2,045,461	2,069,850	2,285,876	1,918,120	2,108,344	2,405,944	2,889,008	3,233,123	3,756,375	4,036,335		\$ 9,246		\$ 9,317
Percent of total tax collections to tax levy		103.0	101.4	100.4	100.9	101.2	100.0	99.4	100.2	8.86	8'66		98.2 %		100.1 %
Total tax <u>collections</u>		29,388,091	29,391,640	29,883,895	31,879,252	32,912,354	34,666,856	38,359,221	40,213,316	40,625,863	44,489,040		339,836		332,807
Delinquent tax collections	Franklin County (1)	1,482,625	1,072,973	963,489	1,039,115	1,093,519	706,787	1,063,510	1,439,087	1,671,021	2,062,871	Fairfield County (1)	9,873	Delaware County (1)	17,209
	Fra	8	7	Τ.	9.	œ.	0.	.7	9.	7	.2	Fair	95.4 % \$	Dela	94.9 % \$
Percent of levy collected		97.	97.	97.1	97.	97.	98.	.96	96.	94.	95.		95.		94.
Current tax <u>collections</u>		27,905,466	28,318,667	28,920,406	30,840,137	31,818,835	33,960,069	37,295,711	38,774,229	38,954,842	42,426,169		329,963		315,598
Total tax levy		28,518,945	28,987,569	29,774,228	31,591,109	32,534,565	34,666,856	38,579,140	40,143,446	41,113,475	44,572,666		346,018		332,431
Fiscal <u>year</u>		1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003		2003 \$		2003

The City of Columbus entered Fairfield County in 1975 and Delaware County in 1991. Because the vast majority of property within the City lies within Franklin County, the above table demonstrates a ten year history of tha property within Franklin County, but only current year data for Fairfield and Delaware counties (1)

Sources: Franklin, Fairfield, and Delaware County Auditors

Percent of

City of Columbus, Ohio

Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands, except %)

total assessed to total	estimated	actual	<u>value</u>		33.1	33.1	33.1	33.1	33.1	33.2	33.2	33.2	33.3	33.4		34.9 %		32.3 %
<u>la</u>	Estimated	actual	<u>value</u>		27,835,867	28,440,701	30,323,542	31,350,531	32,622,726	36,621,457	38,038,582	38,722,095	42,801,304	42,552,238		351,919		515,202
Total		Assessed	<u>value</u>		9,212,406	9,408,078	10,027,526	10,363,450	10,798,912	12,169,647	12,614,721	12,850,828	14,239,292	14,199,724		122,830		166,320
Public Utilities	Estimated	actual	<u>value (2)</u>		1,578,769	1,482,594	1,485,611	1,542,329	1,545,406	1,597,020	1,585,431	1,323,326	1,222,423	1,262,229		4,517		16,978
Public		Assessed	<u>value</u>	1ty (1)	552,569	518,908	519,964	539,815	540,892	558,957	554,901	463,164	427,848	441,780	(1) ytr	1,581	nty (1)	5,942
sonal Property	Estimated	actual	<u>value (2)</u>	Franklin County (1	5,301,472	5,461,676	5,857,140	6,092,356	6,190,420	6,478,628	6,987,828	7,019,052	7,411,644	6,305,083	Fairfield County (1)	3,414	Delaware County (1)	140,011
Personal		Assessed	<u>value</u>		1,325,368	1,365,419	1,464,285	1,523,089	1,547,605	1,619,657	1,746,957	1,754,763	1,852,911	1,513,220		853		35,003
perty	Estimated	actnal	<u>value</u>		20,955,626	21,496,431	22,980,791	23,715,846	24,886,900	28,545,809	29,465,323	30,379,717	34,167,237	34,984,926		343,988		358,213
Real Property		Assessed	<u>value</u>		7,334,469	7,523,751	8,043,277	8,300,546	8,710,415	9,991,033	10,312,863	10,632,901	11,958,533	12,244,724		\$ 120,396		\$ 125,375
			<u>For</u>		1995	9661	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004		2004		2004
		Tax	<u>year</u>						1998						200	2003		2003

The City of Columbus entered Fairfield County in 1975 and Delaware County in 1991. Because the vast majority of property within the City lies within Franklin County, the above table demonstrates a ten year history of that  $\Xi$ (2)

Sources: Franklin, Fairfield, and Delaware County Auditors.

property within Franklin County, but only current year data for Fairfield and Delaware Counties. Estimated actual values for Personal Property and Public Utilities have been calculated by the respective county auditors.

Table 5

City of Columbus, Ohio

Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Per \$ 1,000 of Assessed Valuation)

Joint	Vocational School and Other		ı	Ī	Ī	1	ı	ı	1	ı	ı	ı		ı		3.20
	Library		2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20		I		0.12
	School		53.01	52.98	58.11	58.04	57.95	57.57	57.37	57.37	58.80	59.18		80.00		50.50
	County		14.57	14.82	15.12	15.22	17.54	17.64	17.64	17.64	17.64	17.64		7.05		5.30
	Total <u>City</u>		3.14	3.14	3.14	3.14	3.14	3.14	3.14	3.14	3.14	3.14		2.30		2.10
λ	Fire <u>Pensions</u>	inty (2)	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	<u>ınty (2)</u>	0.30	unty (2)	0:30
City	Police <u>Pensions</u>	Franklin County (2)	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	Fairfield County	0.30	Delaware County (2	0:30
	General <u>Fund</u>		2.54	2.54	2.54	2.54	2.54	2.54	2.54	2.54	2.54	2.54		1.70		1.50
	Total <u>Rate</u>		72.92	73.14	78.57	78.60	80.83	80.55	80.35	80.35	81.78	82.16		89.95		61.22
Rate (1)	Class 2 <u>All other</u>		55.40	56.12	60.44	60.39	62.33	59.56	58.62	58.16	57.41	58.05		50.15		37.07
Effective Rate (1)	Class 1 <u>Res/Agr</u>		49.40	49.64	52.00	52.05	54.12	49.04	48.63	48.39	46.20	46.37		50.05		37.99
ı	Fiscal Year		for	for	for	fo	for	fo	2000 for 2001	fo	for	for		2003 for 2004		2003 for 2004

<sup>(1)</sup> The effective rate is determined by multiplying the total rate by a composite reduction factor which is determined annually by the State Tax Commissioner to adjust for changes in the valuation of the property tax base.

Sources: Franklin, Fairfield, and Delaware County Auditors.

The City of Columbus entered Fairfield County in 1975 and Delaware County in 1991. Because the vast majority of property within the City lies within Franklin County, the above table demonstrates a ten year history of that property within Franklin County, but only current year data for Fairfield and Delaware counties. .

## Principal Property Taxpayers Franklin County December 31, 2003

		Assessed valuation (in thousands)	% of total assessed <u>valuation</u>
	<u>Public Utilities</u>		
1. 2. 3. 4.	Columbus Southern Power Company Ohio Bell Telephone Company (Ameritech) Columbia Gas of Ohio Inc. New Par	\$ 232,568,410 105,243,650 38,397,740 23,859,550	1.64 % 0.74 0.27 0.17
	Real Estate		
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9.	Nationwide Mutual Insurance Company Huntington Center Capitol South Community Distribution Land Corp. American Electric Power Duke Realty LP Equitable Life Assurance Olentangy Commons Battelle Memorial Anheuser-Busch, Inc.	99,260,390 58,450,000 43,603,800 37,408,980 29,770,160 29,560,980 25,200,000 18,267,210 18,094,410 17,776,400	0.70 0.41 0.31 0.26 0.21 0.21 0.18 0.13 0.13
	Tangible Personal Property		
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9.	Anheuser Busch Inc. Abbott Laboratories Lucent Technologies, Inc. Roxane Laboratories Inc. Techneglas, Inc. Sears Roebuck & Company Amerisource Corporation Kal Kan Foods Inc. IBM Credit LLC Big Lots Stores, Inc.	 84,472,909 34,959,140 34,388,610 28,616,298 27,549,520 22,836,610 22,005,830 17,139,940 14,937,240 14,863,740	0.59 0.25 0.24 0.20 0.19 0.16 0.15 0.12 0.11 0.10
	Total Principal Property Taxpayers	1,079,231,517	7.60
	All Others	 13,120,492,962	92.40
	Total Assessed Valuation in Franklin County	\$ 14,199,724,479	100.00 %

Source: Franklin County Auditor

Table 7

# Special Assessment Billings and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal <u>year</u>	Special assessment debt service <u>requirements</u>	Special assessment requirements billed by <u>County Auditor</u>	Special assessments <u>collected</u>
1994	59,372	N.A.	108,603
1995	103,869	N.A.	163,759
1996	291,322	251,329	279,809
1997	270,904	312,006	344,745
1998	749,068	1,234,815	525,163
1999	453,997	1,970,085	1,374,804
2000	448,576	2,303,866	1,233,392
2001	388,785	1,946,808	916,666
2002	431,248	3,334,082	2,065,070
2003	519,301	3,350,785	2,188,407

Responsibility for the billing and collection of special assessments is, under Ohio Law, vested with the County Auditor's office. Data relative to Special assessment requirements billed during 1994 and 1995 are not available (N.A.).

All Special assessment type debt is general obligation debt of the City.

Sources: City of Columbus, Ohio, City Auditor and Franklin County Auditor.

# Statement of Legal Debt Margins December 31, 2003

(in thousands)

Line		To	tal debt limit 10.5%	Total unvoted debt limit 5.5%
1 2 3	Total assessed property value, per Franklin County Fairfield County	\$	14,199,724 122,830	14,199,724 122,830
4	Delaware County		166,320	166,320
5	Total (lines 2 through 4)	\$	14,488,874	14,488,874
6	Debt limit 10.5% & 5.5% of assessed value (x line 5)	\$	1,521,332	796,888
7 8 9 10	Total Outstanding Bond and Note Debt  Bonds & Long-Term Notes Payable (excludes long term lease of \$1.740 million)  Notes, Short-Term  Total (lines 8 + 9)	\$	1,672,623 1,693 1,674,316	777,133 1,693 778,826
11 12 13	Exemptions:  Debt Service Fund Balances Applicable to Non-Enterprise G.O. Bonds G.O. Assessment Bonds (Non-Enterprise)		166,839 167	166,839 167
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	G.O. Limited Enterprise debt (Unvoted; supported by enterprise revenues) Water Bonds Sanitary Sewer Bonds Storm Sewer Bonds Electric Bonds Electric Assessment Notes Airport Bonds Total (lines 15 through 20)		53,394 23,288 6,825 6,385 1,693 11,625 103,210	53,394 23,288 6,825 6,385 1,693 11,625 103,210
22 23 24 25 26 27 28	G.O. Unlimited Enterprise debt (Voted; supported by enterprise revenues) Water Bonds Sanitary Sewer Bonds Storm Sewer Bonds Electric Bonds Airport Bonds Total (lines 23 through 27)		169,262 170,809 42,155 19,695 1,875 403,796	- - - - -
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	Revenue Bonds and Long-Term Notes Water Sewer: Sewer Revenue OWDA/EPA Non-Enterprise Bonds (TIF) Non-Enterprise Note (TIF) Total (lines 30 through 35)		44,110 112,300 283,530 35,455 3,058 478,453	44,110 112,300 283,530 35,455 3,058 478,453
37 38 39 40 41	Urban Redevelopment Bonds Taxable Single Family Mortgage Revenue Note (FNMA) Total Exemptions (lines 12, 13, 21, 28, 36, 37 and 38) Net Debt (line 10 less line 39) Total Legal Debt Margin (line 6 less line 40)	\$	5,240 42 1,157,747 516,569 1,004,763	5,240 42 753,951 24,875 772,013
42	Percent of Net Debt to Assessed Value (lines 40 / 5)		3.57%	0.17%
43	Percent of Legal Debt Limit		10.50%	5.50%
	-			
44	Percent of Legal Debt Margin (line 43 less line 42)		6.93%	5.33%

Source: City of Columbus, Ohio, City Auditor

City of Columbus, Ohio

Ratio of Net General Obligation Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net General Obligation Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years (dollar amounts in thousands, except per capita)

	Net	general	ponded	debt per	<u>capita</u>	\$667.88	656.63	693.85	706.14	749.00	830.01	906.74	869.05	813.89	702.20
Ratio of net	general	ponded	debt to	assessed	<u>value</u>	4.76	4.61	4.62	4.61	4.76	4.68	4.99	4.78	4.11	3.60
			Net	general	bonded debt	440,734	437,143	468,379	483,657	521,937	579,761	645,115	625,917	597,418	521,976
ble from	venues, TIF	and CRAA		Revenue	(9) spuoq	394,407	396,339	408,449	424,708	519,494	546,425	545,775	528,446	569,864	478,495
Less paya	Enterprise Re	Revenues, a	General	obligation	bonds (5) bonds (6	521,108	534,083	519,756	554,058	567,085	525,360	480,308	542,989	565,062	505,313
			Less debt	service	funds (4)	64,831	73,436	76,367	88,053	118,942	135,216	148,677	160,083	165,985	166,839
				Gross	bonded debt (3)	\$1,421,080	1,441,001	1,472,951	1,550,476	1,727,458	1,786,762	1,819,875	1,857,435	1,898,329	1,672,623
				Assessed	<u>value (2)</u>	\$9,266,927	9,483,390	10,130,785	10,483,853	10,972,327	12,397,530	12,939,074	13,107,854	14,551,080	14,488,874
					Population (1)	628,839	665,734	675,045	684,928	696,849	698,495	711,470	720,230	734,024	743,343
				Fiscal	<u>Year</u>	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003

(1) U.S. Bureau of Census for 2000; City of Columbus; Department of Trade and Development for 1991-1995; and Mid Ohio Regional Planning Commission for 1996-1999 and 2001-2003. Sources:

- (2) Franklin, Fairfield, and Delaware County Auditors; from Table 4.
- (3) Gross bonded debt includes long-term notes; excludes short term notes (\$1.693 million) and capitalized lease (1.740 million) in 2003.
- (4) Debt service fund balances applicable to non-enterprise G.O. bonds only.
- (5) Includes \$13.500 million G.O. governmental type bonds paid by Columbus Regional Airport Authority (CRAA); excludes \$17.024 million storm sewer G.O. debt not supported by enterprise in 2003.
- (6) Includes long term Ohio Water Development Authority/EPA notes, FNMA note, TIF revenue bonds and long term TIF notes.

City of Columbus, Ohio

Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Obligation Bonded Debt to Total General Governmental Expenditures

Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands, except %)

Fiscal <u>year</u> 1994  1995  1996  1999  2000	Principal 26,138 38,476 42,264 44,634 50,689 60,840 59,916	Interest 22,159 31,523 30,045 31,116 33,516 33,186 37,413 40,928	Total debt gervice (1)  48,297  69,999  72,309  75,750  84,205  94,026  97,329  105,671	Total general governmental ge expenditures (2) 485,504 546,298 567,304 604,776 656,843 698,063 750,275	Ratio of debt service to total general governmental expenditures 9.95 12.81 12.75 12.53 12.82 13.47 13.05
2002	70,362	36,292	106,654	819,033	13.02
2003	74,753	38,555	113,308	825,025	13.73

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes all general obligation bond debt service other than proprietary; excludes FNMA revenue note (\$24,912 principal and \$3,517 interest), TIF revenue bonds (\$1,450,000 principal and \$1,599,558 interest) and current refunding bond principal of \$44.235 million in 2003.

Source: City of Columbus, Ohio, City Auditor.

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes Total Governmental Funds, exclusive of Capital Projects Funds, presented on modified accrual basis of accounting (Table 1).

#### **Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt**

Debt of the City, authorized by the Council but not by a vote of the electors, is subject to overlapping restrictions with each respective county and school district. Limitations apply to each county total and should not be considered cumulatively. Total debt service charges for any one year of all overlapping debt must not exceed ten mills (1%) of the assessed property value. This determination is made by the respective county auditors each time a subdivision proposes to issue unvoted debt. The most recent data prepared by the county auditors for this purpose is as of December 31, 2003.

Political subdivisior of State of Ohio	1	ou	Principal tstanding <u>:housands)</u>	Percentage applicable to Columbus	to	int applicable Columbus <u>:housands)</u>	Mills <u>required</u>
Per Franklin County Au Direct	ditor:						
City of Columbus		\$	287,307	100.00 %	\$	287,307	3.5585
Overlapping Franklin County School District			146,590 725	57.54 23.36		84,348 169	0.6298 0.8168
	Total	\$	434,622		\$	371,824	5.0051
Per Fairfield County Au Direct	ditor:						
City of Columbus		\$	2,485	100.00 %	\$	2,485	3.5585
Overlapping Fairfield County JVSD			53,543 1,530	4.95 18.68		2,650 286	1.9337 0.0421
	Total	\$	57,558		\$	5,421	5.5343
Per Delaware County A	uditor:						
City of Columbus		\$	3,366	100.00 %	\$	3,366	3.5585
Overlapping Delaware County JVSD			94,635 290	4.34 6.36		4,107 18	2.1990 0.0223
	Total	\$	98,291		\$	7,491	5.7798

The City does not pay general obligation debt service from property taxes. General obligation debt service relating to enterprise funds is paid from the respective enterprise fund. All other general obligation debt service is paid from income taxes, certain charges for services, and payments in lieu of taxes designated by the City for that purpose and accounted for in a debt service fund and from special assessments

City of Columbus, Ohio

Water System Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 1999 Water Enterprise Revenue Bond Coverage (1) 1994 through 2003

79,673 (15,550)(1,267) 36,975 4,680 19,538 10,964 2003 94,287 94,287 31,431 38,803 62,856 30,689 62,120 (6,345)2,530 18,658 2002 100,037 15,446 36,928 4,395 36,587 30,583 67,170 63,450 100,037 2001 100,506 16,749) (6,073) 18,713 39,780 4,020 34,371 10,647 100,506 60.726 1,204) (5,641)3,745 2,963 2000 95,978 15,167 39,568 18,753 56,410 38,848 92,978 37.171 (5,585)16,413) 102,417 46,568 39,000 3,040 3,989 12,947 55,849 33,415 17,431 102,417 100,108 (5,450)14,004) 4,050 16,229 45,613 35,000 2,770 2,522 100,108 69,821 54,49 (in thousands, except coverages) <u>1997</u> 94,690 4,189 1,150 41,376 94,690 32,000 26,669 2,595 15,062 25 (4,876)<u>1996</u> 89,368 (12,430)4,309 40,604 12,517 28,000 2,325 12,714 89,368 48.764 (4,514)1995 83,464 10,627 38,329 12,112 83,464 1,184 23,000 2,240 4,422 12,687 56,946 (4,420)4,422 10,097 8,807 12,290 77,950 55,818 1,522 33,751 18,700 1,522 44,199 14,280 27,041 Total debt service requirements (M - R) O & M expense reserve requirement (G imes 10%) Adjusted net revenues (H + K) System reserve fund balance on January 31 As defined in indenture Net revenues (C - G) Construction and rebate funds interest Revenues (A - B) System reserve fund available (I - J) Gross revenues, including interest Payment to/for Ohio water rights Payment to/for Ohio water rights General obligation bond principal General obligation bond interest General obligation note interest O & M expenses (D - E - F) Revenue bonds principal Revenue bonds interest Rate covenant tests: Gross O & M expenses Depreciation **в** О Ошго  $\Sigma$  Z O  $\Gamma$  O  $\Gamma$  O  $\Gamma$  O 工  $\Gamma$   $\Lambda$   $\Gamma$ 216

1.50 11.38 1.25 11.38 1.00 1.25 11.02 1.50 11.02 1.50 1.25 1.94 1.25 9.61 1.50 1.00 1.00 1.25 1.50 8.53 1.00 1.50 10.86 1.25 10.86 Adjusted net revenues vs. revenue bond debt service Adjusted net revenues vs. revenue bond debt service Required ratio of lines  $L \div (M + N)$ Required ratio of lines  $L \div (M + N)$ Bond reserve requirement test: Actual ratio of lines  $L \div (M + N)$ Actual ratio of lines  $L \div S$ 

Adjusted net revenues vs. total debt service

Required ratio of lines L ÷ S

1.25

1.25 9.70

1.25

1.25 10.60

1.00

1.00 1.84

1.00

1.00

1.00

1.50

1.50 9.70

1.50

1.50

to increase user rates or engage an independent engineer to assist in determining adequate rates. The bond reserve requirement test determines whether the City will be required to establish a debt service (1) The Water System Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 1999 includes a partial refunding of the Series 1991; both series require three coverage tests. Two rate covenant tests determine if the City is required reserve fund. The City has exceeded all coverage requirements.

Source: City of Columbus, Ohio, City Auditor.

Actual ratio of lines  $L \div (M + N)$ 

City of Columbus, Ohio

Sanitary Sewer Enterprise Revenue Bond Coverage (1)
Sanitary Sewer System Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 1992 (2), 1994 and 2002
1994 through 2003

(in thousands, except coverages)

<sup>(1)</sup> The Sanitary Sewer System Refunding Bonds Series 1992 and 1994 require three coverage tests. Two rate covenant tests determine if the City is required to increase user rates or engage an independent engineer to assist in determining adequate rates. The bond reserve requirement test determines whether the City will be required to establish debt service reserve funds. The City has exceeded all coverage requirements.

Source: City of Columbus, Ohio, City Auditor.

<sup>(2)</sup> The 1992 bonds were called for redemption by the Trustee on June 1, 2002. These 1992 bonds were refunded (a current refunding) on April 2, 2002 with Series 2002 bonds requiring the same coverage tests.

City Income Tax Revenue
Net of Refunds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(in thousands, except percent)

# GAAP (modifed accrual) Basis:

Fiscal <u>Year</u>	General <u>Fund</u>	Debt Service <u>Funds</u>	Other Governmental <u>Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>	% Increase Over Prior <u>Year</u>
1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003	\$ 217,215 234,309 243,848 262,072 286,034 308,223 315,610 326,259 326,612 329,077	72,561 77,947 81,283 87,357 95,343 102,741 105,202 108,727 108,897 109,693	- - - - - - 58 223	289,776 312,256 325,131 349,429 381,377 410,964 420,812 434,986 435,567 438,993	5.63 7.76 4.12 7.47 9.14 7.76 2.40 3.37 0.13 0.79
Budget (d	Basis et of refunds):				
1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003	\$ 217,415 234,030 244,820 257,891 288,668 301,794 318,170 329,210 328,205 329,282	72,627 77,854 81,607 85,963 96,222 100,623 106,057 109,737 109,402 109,761	- - - - - - - 58 223	290,042 311,884 326,427 343,854 384,890 402,417 424,227 438,947 437,665 439,266	5.79 7.53 4.66 5.34 11.93 4.55 5.42 3.47 (0.29) 0.37

Source: City of Columbus, Ohio, City Auditor

#### Business Indicators (1) 1994—2003

<u>Year</u>	Square Mile Area	Air	Scheduled
	City of Columbus	Passengers	Airline Freight
	<u>Year End</u>	(000)	(000 lbs.) (2)
1994	199.9	5,440	129,787
1995	204.3	5,640	98,297
1996	209.2	6,276	82,767
1997	212.0	6,517	81,173
1998	212.5	6,420	60,728
1999	214.7	6,542	51,329
2000	216.6	6,873	49,772
2001	218.6	6,680	33,649
2002	221.2	6,741	23,591
2003	222.5	6,252	23,742
<u>Year</u>	Active <u>Gas Meters</u>	Telephone <u>Access Lines</u>	New Car Sales
1994	344,890	710,121	67,378
1995	359,222	756,432	42,993
1996	364,751	N.A.	87,232
1997	404,742	N.A.	93,666
1998	404,937	N.A.	86,414
1999	414,824	836,971	54,920
2000	419,865	813,214	52,819
2001	427,844	855,027	49,812
2002	444,612	769,332	41,865
2003	442,639	758,364	39,604
		All Vehicle	Registrations Franklin County
<u>Year</u>	New Truck Sales	Columbus, Ohio	(Includes Columbus)
1994	15,981	465,844	732,928
1995	29,984	475,608	745,402
1996	21,910	491,487	772,661
1997	26,699	497,131	777,427
1998	28,838	516,543	795,869
1999	48,856	693,200	1,054,030
2000	38,092	668,609	1,072,923
2001	35,284	692,880	1,084,172
2002	30,654	664,144	1,094,862
2003	31,073	668,534	1,100,170

<sup>(1)</sup> Franklin County data unless otherwise indicated.

Sources: Columbus Area Chamber of Commerce, Research Department; Columbia Gas of Ohio; Ameritech; Columbus Municipal Airport Authority; The Polk Company, Government Relations; and the State of Ohio, Bureau of Motor Vehicles.

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes cargo, freight and mail. Data representative of Columbus Municipal Airport Authority only. N.A. Information not available.

# Growth in Land Area Selected Years

<u>Year</u>	Square miles at <u>December 31</u>	Square miles <u>annexed (1)</u>
1950	39.977	-
1955	54.406	14.429
1960	91.210	36.804
1965	104.700	13.490
1970	143.894	39.194
1975	173.210	29.316
1980	183.112	9.902
1985	187.316	4.204
1990	196.028	8.712
1991	196.829	0.801
1992	198.344	1.515
1993	199.323	0.979
1994	199.965	0.642
1995	204.279	4.314
1996	209.218 (	2) 1.953
1997	212.015	2.797
1998	213.535	1.520
1999	214.676	1.141
2000	216.633	1.957
2001	218.554	1.921
2002	221.232	2.678
2003	222.461	1.229

<sup>(1)</sup> Net of de-annexations.

Source: City of Columbus, Division of Engineering and Construction, Maps Section.

<sup>(2) 1996</sup> includes 2.986 square miles resulting from refined remeasurements of City area.

Table 17

# Largest Employers in the Greater Columbus Area Ranked by Number of Employees

1.	State of Ohio	25,787	25.	Battelle	2,184
2.	Ohio State University	17,361	26.	Retail Ventures, Inc.	2,058
3.	Federal Government/United States Postal Service	13,300 (1)	27.	Big Lots, Inc.	2,030
*	Defense Supply Center	2,275 (1)	28.	Big Bear Stores Co.	2,000
*	Defense Finance & Accounting Service Center	2,080 (1)	29.	Cardinal Health, Inc.	2,000
4.	Columbus Public Schools	12,092	30.	Arc Industries Inc.	1,950
5.	Nationwide	10,815	31.	Dispatch Printing Co.	1,900
6.	Bank One Corp.	8,873	32.	State Farm	1,800
7.	Ohio Health	8,304	33.	National City Corp.	1,795
8.	City of Coumbus	8,067	34.	Hilliard City Schools	1,648
9.	Limited Brands	7,200	35.	Alliance Data Systems	1,647
10.	Franklin County	7,161	36.	Westerville City Schools	1,606
11.	Honda of America Mfg. Inc .	6,600	37.	United Parcel Service	1,601
12.	Mount Carmel	4,983	38.	Netjets Inc.	1,533
13.	Kroger Co.	4,632	39.	Owens Corning	1,531
14.	Wendy's International Inc.	4,500	40.	Ashland Inc.	1,511
15.	Wal-Mart Stores Inc.	4,444	41.	Dublin City Schools	1,449
16.	American Electric Power	3,795	42.	Chemical Abstracts Service	1,420
17.	Huntington Bancshares Inc.	3,521	43	Verizon Wireless	1,401
18.	SBC Ohio	3,000	44.	Lucent Technologies	1,400
19.	Chase Home Finance	2,861	45.	Fairfield Medical Center	1,230
20.	Medco Health Solutions, Inc.	2,528	46.	TS Tech North America	1,225
21.	Children's Hospital, Inc.	2,505	47.	McDonald's Corp.	1,199
22.	Discover Financial Services	2,496	48.	Worthington City Schools	1,190
23.	South-Western City Schools	2,440	49.	Anchor Hocking Glass Co.	1,185
24.	Ross Products, division Abbott Laboratories	2,392	50.	Liebert Corp.	1,169

<sup>(1)</sup> Greater Columbus, excluding Union County federal government employment as of August 2003. This number includes the federal agencies shown above.

Source: Reprinted with permission of Business First of Columbus, Inc. December 12, 2003  $\,$ 

# Estimated Civilian Labor Force and Annual Average Unemployment Rates 1994—2003

(Labor Force in Thousands)

	Frankl	lin County	Columbus M.S.A. (1)		Ohio			U.S.
		Unem-		Unem-		Unem-		Unem-
	Labor	ployment	Labor	ployment	Labor	ployment		ployment
Year	force (2)	rate (3)	force (2)	rate (3)	force (2)	rate (3)	_	rate (3)
1994	561.2	3.9 %	767.8	4.1 %	5,537.0	5.5	%	6.1 %
1995	562.4	3.3	769.4	3.5	5,573.0	4.8		5.6
1996	574.0	2.9	794.0	3.1	5,643.0	4.9		5.4
1997	588.3	2.7	813.7	2.9	5,756.0	4.6		4.9
1998	581.9	2.5	811.8	2.7	5,678.0	4.3		4.5
1999	593.4	2.5	829.9	2.6	5,749.0	4.3		4.2
2000	604.3	2.4	850.8	2.5	5,783.0	4.1		4.0
2001	622.0	2.8	875.5	2.8	5,857.0	4.3		4.8
2002	624.7	4.4	882.9	4.4	5,828.0	5.7		5.8
2003	629.6	4.7	890.6	4.8	5,877.0	5.9		6.0

- (1) The Columbus M.S.A. includes Delaware, Fairfield, Franklin, Licking, Madison, and Pickaway counties.
- (2) Civilian labor force is the estimated number of persons 16 years of age and over, employed and unemployed distributed by place of residence.
- (3) The unemployment rate is equal to the estimate of unemployed persons divided by the estimated civilian labor force.

Source: Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, Bureau of Labor Market Information (preliminary data that is subject to change).

City of Columbus, Ohio Estimated Per Capita Income 1994—2003

Table 19

United States (2)	Per capita <u>income</u>	\$ 22,186	23,359	24,436	25,288	27,203	28,546	29,469	30,413	N.A.	N.A.
(2)	% of national <u>average</u>	% E'96	9'96	96.1	92'6	92.8	95.2	94.9	94.4	N.A.	N.A.
Ohio (2)	Per capita <u>income</u>	\$ 21,370	22,560	23,493	24,163	26,073	27,171	27,977	28,699	N.A.	N.A.
unty (1)	% of national <u>average</u>	106.6 %	106.8	106.2	105.4	108.2	108.0	107.5	106.4	N.A.	N.A.
Franklin County (1)	Per capita <u>income</u>	₩-	24,943	25,959	26,647		30,820	31,685	32,361	N.A.	N.A.
us (1)	% of national <u>average</u>	102.5 %	102.4	101.7	101.7	104.6	104.3	103.9	103.1	N.A.	Z.A.
Columb M.S.A. (	Per % of capita national income average	\$ 22,738	23,910	24,863	25,728	28,454	777,62	30,619	31,343	N.A.	N.A.
	Year	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003

(1) Per capita income has been restated for years 1994 to 1996 using revised Bureau of Census population estimates.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Division of Regional Measurement, Bureau of Economic Analysis

<sup>(2)</sup> Per capita income information has been computed using revised Bureau of Census population estimates. Accordingly, all years have been restated and benchmarked against this new data.

N.A. = Infomation not available.

Percentage of

City of Columbus, Ohio

Columbus Metropolitan Statistical Area Employment (1)
Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment in Selected Industries (2)
Annual Average Data for 1994—2003
(in thousands, except percent)

12.8 40.7 16.5 5.6 4.7 3.9 4.3 8.4 1.5 6.8 8.2 8.7 3.1 100.0 employment **Total 2002** Ä. Ä. Ä. Z.A Ä. Ä. Ä. Ä. Ä. Ä. Ä. N.A N.A. 2003 49.4 27.6 38.4 74.9 13.6 59.9 34.1 72.1 41.1 113.2 359.2 77.0 806.5 145.6 883.5 2002 54.9 36.3 45.8 182.8 78.0 13.8 59.6 70.4 40.1 43.1 265.1 889.9 91.2 143.8 798.7 2001 68.0 57.6 42.9 37.4 40.4 46.0 184.2 76.8 261.5 14.6 58.7 888.1 95.0 793.1 141.3 2000 55.8 77.8 58.5 857.9 93.0 37.2 38.1 40.3 44.2 247.2 38.9 14.3 66.1 764.9 177.7 1999 58.6 35.5 38.0 238.9 64.2 836.2 93.3 55.2 742.9 42.7 174.4 75.2 37.5 14.7 38.1 1998 55.6 37.2 35.0 58.5 62.6 36.2 41.5 71.2 15.6 814.2 92.8 721.4 171.7 229.1 136.7 1997 57.5 798.9 54.3 37.4 32.6 35.7 40.2 176.5 9.79 220.5 14.2 62.0 91.6 707.3 133.7 1996 55.8 37.5 58.0 31.2 34.5 216.0 60.3 39.4 171.3 64.3 15.3 784.4 93.3 691.1 133.6 1995 29.8 32.8 59.6 92.0 54.4 37.7 6.899 38.2 161.5 63.2 204.9 57.9 32.7 15.2 755.9 1994 Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate Transportation and Public Utilities Industry Federal Government State Government Local Government Nonmanufacturing: Nondurable Goods Wholesale Trade **Durable Goods** Manufacturing: Government: Construction Retail Trade Services

Source: Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, Labor Market Information Bureau

<sup>(1)</sup> Columbus Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Delaware, Franklin, Fairfield, Licking, Madison, and Pickaway counties.

<sup>(2)</sup> Nonagricultural employment excludes farm workers, proprietors, the self-employed, unpaid family workers, and domestic workers.

N.A. = Information not available.

# School Enrollment Trends in Franklin County 1994—2003

	The	Columbus	Other	Total	Columbus
	Ohio State	State Community	Colleges/	Colleges/	Public
<u>Year</u>	<u>University</u>	<u>College</u>	Universities (1)	<u>Universities</u>	Schools (2)
1994	50,000	16,795	14,348	81,143	62,915
1995	48,676	15,999	14,432	79,107	62,812
1996	48,352	16,330	14,439	79,121	63,368
1997	48,278	16,340	14,652	79,270	64,248
1998	48,511	16,600	14,969	80,080	65,054
1999	48,003	17,662	15,600	81,265	64,339
2000	47,952	18,094	15,943	81,989	64,859
2001	48,477	19,642	16,678	84,617	64,548
2002	49,676	22,222	17,140	89,038	63,628
2003	50,731	23,297	18,010	92,038	62,281

(1) Includes Capital University, Columbus College of Art & Design, Franklin University, Ohio Dominican College, Otterbein College and Mt. Carmel College of Nursing.

Devry Institute of Technology, Fall 2003 enrollment was approximately 3,550 students. Also, in Franklin County there are 42 proprietary schools with an estimated enrollment of 6,760 students.

(2) The Columbus City School District is a political subdivision under Ohio law, separate and distinct from the City of Columbus. Sixteen other public school districts lie partially or wholly within Franklin County. Enrollment in these districts, for Franklin County only, is estimated at 111,576. Additionally, the Catholic Diocese of Columbus operates 31 elementary and secondary schools in Franklin County with approximately 12,583 students. The 77 additional nonpublic schools located in Franklin County have an estimated enrollment of 10,108.

Sources: Columbus Public Schools; Catholic Diocese of Columbus; Ohio Department of Education; Ohio Board of Regents; The Ohio State University; Columbus State Community College; Association of Independent Colleges and Universities of Ohio; State Board of Career Colleges and Schools.

Table 22

City of Columbus and Franklin County, Ohio Land Area December 31, 2003

<u>Jurisdiction</u>	Square Miles
Columbus  Less portion outside of Franklin County	222.5 (1) (7.1) (2)
Other incorporated areas in Franklin County excluding Columbus	134.5 (2)
Unincorporated Townships within  Franklin County	194.0 (2)
Total approximate area of Frankin County	543.9

Sources: (1) City of Columbus, Department of Public Service & Transportation - City Map Room

(2) Franklin County Engineer

# Exempted Real Property in Franklin County 1994—2003

	Amount
<u>Year</u>	<u>(in thousands)</u>
1994	\$ 2,724,979
1995	2,790,753
1996	2,237,768
1997	2,272,602
1998	2,295,563
1999	2,282,662
2000	2,733,229
2001	2,881,736
2002	2,809,079
2003	3,231,183

Exempted real property represents assessed value of certain real property owned by governmental entities (e.g., state, county, city, schools, etc.) or owned by religious or charitable organizations.

Source: Franklin County Auditor.

#### Salaries of Principal Officials December 31, 2003

	Annual Salary				
<u>Title</u>		<u>2003</u>		<u>2004</u>	
Mayor	\$	129,036	\$	132,907	
President of City Council		44,037		42,755	
Member of Council		36,607		35,541	
City Attorney		116,596		121,260	
City Auditor		116,596		121,260	
City Clerk		88,293		75,655	(1)
City Treasurer		85,718		85,818	(1)
Department Heads/Directors:					
Civil Service Executive Secretary		114,339		114,339	(1)
Health Commissioner		139,199		143,993	(1)
Recreation and Parks		120,418		120,608	(1)
Public Safety		121,742		121,742	(1)
Public Service		113,589		115,856	(1)
Community Relations		91,966		91,966	(1)
Development		113,589		113,589	(1)
Equal Business Opportunity		89,703		89,803	(1)
Education		75,733		75,733	(1)
Human Resources		102,960		102,960	(1)
Technology		129,542		129,542	(1)
Utilities		114,439		133,487	(1)
Finance		113,589		113,589	(1)

(1) Hourly rate at January, 2004 annualized X 2,080 hours.

Source: City of Columbus, Ohio, City Auditor.

Table 25

# City of Columbus, Ohio

#### Surety Bond Coverage December 31, 2003

<u>Position</u>	<u>Coverage</u>		<u>Amount</u>		
City Treasurer Deputy Treasurer Police through the rank of Sergeant All other employees and elected or appointed officials including all officially	Fidelity Bond Fidelity Bond Honesty Blanket Position Bond	\$ \$ \$	5,000,000 (1) 5,000,000 (1) 25,000 (2)		
appointed members of City Boards and/or Commissions	Faithful Performance Blanket Bond	\$	250,000 (1)		

- (1) Fidelity bonds are provided by The Cincinnati Insurance Company and expire on 12-31-04.
- (2) Honesty Blanket Position and Faithful Performance Blanket bonds are provided by the St. Paul Fire and Marine Insurance Company and expire on 12-31-04.

Source: City of Columbus, Ohio, City Auditor.

#### Miscellaneous Statistics December 31, 2003

Date of incorporation
Form of government
Area

March 3, 1834
Council/Mayor
222.5 square miles

Miles of streets, alleys
Number of traffic signals
Number of parking meters

Again 1834
Council/Mayor
222.5 square miles

2,001.18 miles (exclusive of 90.86 freeway miles)
953 (531 computerized)
4,623

City fleet (licensed on-road):

 Fire
 383

 Police
 1,180

 Refuse
 254

 Other
 1,638

Fire protection:

Number of stations 32

1—Administration Building 1—Training Academy 34 Engines / 16 Ladders

Number of fire companies 34 Engines / 16 Ladders

Number of firefighters & officers 1,532

Police protection:

Number of stations 1—Headquarters

1—Heliport

1—Training Academy 13—Substations

Number of precincts 19

Number of police officers 1,825 (exclusive of volunteers)

Municipal water division:

Number of customer accounts 260,875

Average daily pumpage 140.8 million gallons

Miles of water mains 2,495 owned - 3,334 maintained

Municipal sewer division:

Number of customer accounts - sanitary
Number of customer accounts - storm
Sanitary sewers
Storm sewers
Combined sanitary/storm sewers
256,647
192,005
2,363 miles
1,789 miles
205 miles

Municipal electric division:

Number of streetlights 46,322 Number of customers 13,449

Recreation & parks:

Recreation centers 27 Playgrounds 128

Parks/parkland 340 parks, 14,617.01 acres (land and water)

Swimming pools 11 Senior citizens centers 6 5 Athletic complexes 7 Specialized facilities Shelterhouses 8 Tennis courts 141 7 Golf courses 3 Reservoirs

Source: City of Columbus, City Auditor

# Comparison of Building Permits Issued 1994-2003

	New Co	New Construction Alterations & Additions		Alterations & Additions		Гotal
Year	Permits issued	Valuation (in thousands)	Permits issued	Valuation (in thousands)	Permits issued	Valuation (in thousands)
1994	3,298	\$ 471,540	6,081	\$ 207,546	9,379	\$ 679,086
1995	2,778	473,647	6,092	275,963	8,870	749,610
1996	3,473	532,599	5,497	330,900	8,970	863,499
1997	3,470	840,187	6,515	583,530	9,985	1,423,717
1998	4,324	1,189,922	6,466	570,222	10,790	1,760,144
1999	4,188	866,932	5,287	692,390	9,475	1,559,322
2000	3,880	1,287,368	5,058	723,754	8,938	2,011,122
2001	4,125	1,194,028	3,682	589,247	7,807	1,783,275
2002	4,179	831,872	3,200	421,685	7,379	1,253,557
2003	3,885	673,876	3,391	297,096	7,276	970,972

Source: City of Columbus, Ohio, Department of Development, Building and Development Services

# City of Columbus, Ohio Average Cost of Housing Construction 1994—2003

<u>Year</u>	Single-family average structure cost	% Change from previous year	% Change from 1993	Multi-family average unit o	•	% Change from 1993
1994	\$ 82,374	4.7 %	4.7 %	\$ 38,	078 19.4 %	19.4 %
1995	92,159	11.9	17.1	36,2	(4.7)	13.8
1996	90,597	(1.7)	15.1	36,1	73 (0.3)	13.4
1997	92,327	1.9	17.3	62,8	73.6	96.9
1998	89,561	(3.0)	13.8	46,1	.55 (26.5)	44.7
1999	102,377	14.3	30.1	36,1	29 (21.7)	13.3
2000	129,906	26.9	65.1	42,5	17.7	33.3
2001	130,403	0.4	65.7	45,8	7.7	43.6
2002	133,643	2.5	69.8	43,5	(5.0)	36.5
2003	137,895	3.2	75.2	41,8	(3.9)	31.2

Source: City of Columbus, Ohio, Department of Development, Building Services

Table 29

## Compliance Information Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12(b)(5)(i)(C) and (D)

In the spirit of full disclosure and in compliance with the above Rule, the City is pleased to disclose the following regarding its outstanding obligations.

#### **Description of Material Events:**

- 1. There were no delinquencies of principal and/or interest payments.
- 2. There were no non-payment related defaults.
- 3. There were no unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties.
- 4. There were no unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties.
- 5. There were no substitutions of credit or liquidity providers. No current provider failed to perform.
- 6. There have been no adverse tax opinions affecting the tax-exempt status of any of the City's outstanding obligations.
- 7. There have been no modifications to rights of the holders of the City's obligations.
- 8. The City currently refunded (not a defeasance) \$123,340,000 of various purpose bonds originally issued on February 15, 1993 and March 15, 1993. These bonds were refunded by the issuance of \$114,255,000 of General Obligation Refunding Bonds dated June 17, 2003. The Refunding Bonds consisted of two series: \$72,570,000 of unlimited (voted) bonds with a final maturity of July 1, 2018 and \$41,685,000 of limited (unvoted) bonds with a final maturity of July 1, 2011. The refunding was accomplished as follows:

Reacquisition price and net carrying amount of the refunded bonds	\$	125,672,850
	_	
Funds used to accomplish the refunding:		
<ul> <li>Principal amount of new bonds issued</li> </ul>	\$	114,255,000
<ul> <li>Plus: Premium received on new bonds issued</li> </ul>		11,417,850
Total	\$	125,672,850

- 9. There were no defeasances in 2003.
- 10. The City did not release, substitute, or sell any property (the City has not secured any of its obligations with any of its property) securing repayment of obligations.

Table 29 (Continued)

# Compliance Information Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12(b)(5)(i)(C) and (D)

11. Ratings of the City's bonds and any changes occurring since the City's 2002 CAFR are as follows.

	Moody's Investors Service		Standard and Poor's	
Bond Description	Prior Rating	Current Rating	Prior Rating	Current Rating
General Obligation Fixed Rate Bonds	Aaa	Aaa	AAA	AAA
General Obligation Variable Rate Demand Bonds	Aaa/VMIG1	Aaa/VMIG1	AAA/A1+	AAA/A1+
1999 Water System Revenue Refunding Bonds	Aa2	Aa2	AA	AA
1994 Sewer System Adjustable Rate Refunding Revenue Bonds	Aa2/VMIG1	Aa2/VMIG1	AA/A1+	AA/A1+
2002 Sewer System Revenue Refunding Bonds	Aa2	Aa2	AA	AA

12. The City will continue to provide all the necessary information, contained below under "Continuing Disclosure Undertaking", on an annual basis as is required by the Rule.

#### **Continuing Disclosure Undertaking:**

The following provides the Annual Information and/or indicates where in this report the Annual Information may be obtained.

- (1.) <u>Electricity System Electricity Enterprise Fund</u> see respective financial statements contained in this report.
- (2.) <u>Columbus Regional Airport Authority</u> see Notes A and Q contained in this report.
- (3.) Sewer System Sewer Enterprise Fund see respective financial statements contained in this report.
- (4.) <u>Summary of Financial Information Summary of Certain Financial Statements for General Fund and Debt Service Funds</u> see respective financial statements contained in this report.
- (5.) <u>Water System Water Enterprise Fund</u> see respective financial statements contained in this report.
- (6.) <u>Water System Outstanding Debt</u> see respective financial statements, Note G and Table 12 contained in this report.
- (7.) **Debt Summary Outstanding Debt** see Note G contained in this report.
- (8.) <u>**Debt Summary Conduit Type Debt</u>** see Note G contained in this report.</u>
- (9.) <u>Debt Summary Overlapping Debt</u> see Table 11 contained in this report.
- (10.) <u>Certain Municipal Income Tax Matters Historical City Income Tax Revenues</u> see Table 14 contained in this report.
- (11.) <u>Certain Property Tax Matters Ad Valorem Taxes Levied and Collected</u> see Table 3 contained in this report.
- (12.) Certain Property Tax Matters Principal Taxpayers see Table 6 contained in this report.

Table 29 (continued)

#### Compliance Information Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12(b)(5)(i)(C) and (D)

- (13.) Certain Property Tax Matters Tax Rates see Table 5 contained in this report.
- (14.) <u>Certain Property Tax Matters Assessed Value of Taxable Property</u> see Table 4 contained in this report.
- (15.) <u>Electricity System Rate Determination</u> see section entitled "Electricity" contained in the Transmittal Letter of this report.
- (16.) <u>Debt Summary Historical Debt Information</u> see section entitled "Debt Administration Bond and Note History" contained in the Transmittal Letter of this report.
- (17.) Water System Largest Customers see table below.

#### Water Enterprise - Ten Largest Customers

(Based upon 2003 Sales)

	Total Charges	% of Total
Customer	(in thousands)	Water Charges
City of Reynoldsburg	\$ 1,849	2.09%
City of Gahanna	1,838	2.07
Anheuser Busch Inc.	1,591	1.80
Franklin County Sanitation Engineer	931	1.05
OSU Physical Facilities	873	0.99
City of Bexley	870	0.98
Village of Obetz	620	0.70
Abbott Laboratories	272	0.31
Masterfoods Inc. (Kal Kan)	228	0.26
7 Up Columbus	<u>216</u>	<u>0.24</u>
Total	\$ 9,288	<u>10.49%</u>

Source: Department of Public Utilities, Division of Water

(18.) <u>Sewer System – Largest Customers</u> – see table below.

# **Sewer Enterprise – Ten Largest Customers**

(Based upon 2003 Sales)\*

	Total Charges	% of Total
Customer	(in thousands)	Sewer Charges
Anheuser Busch Inc.	\$ 5,183	4.92%
Ohio State University	1,885	1.79
Franklin County Sanitary Engineer	1,524	1.45
Abbott Laboratories	1,067	1.01
Columbus Metropolitan Housing Authority	661	0.63
Masterfoods Inc. (Kal Kan)	654	0.62
Coca Cola USA	653	0.62
T. Marzetti	636	0.60
Worthington Better Living	552	0.52
7 Up Columbus	<u>541</u>	<u>0.51</u>
Total	\$ 13,356	12.67%

Source: Department of Public Utilities, Division of Sewerage and Drainage

<sup>\*</sup> does not include information for storm water

Table 29 (continued)

# Compliance Information Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12(b)(5)(i)(C) and (D)

(19.) <u>Electricity System – Largest Customers</u> – see table below.

# **Electricity Enterprise – Ten Largest Customers**

(Based upon 2003 Sales)

	<b>Total Charges</b>	% of Total
Customer	(in thousands)	Electric Charges
City of Columbus – Division of Sewerage & Drains	\$ 6,754	12.32%
City of Columbus – Division of Water	3,931	7.17
Franklin County	1,580	2.88
Martin Marietta / Shelly Materials	1,301	2.37
Columbus State Community College	1,200	2.19
Columbus Public Schools	1,158	2.11
State Hilltop Properties	1,148	2.09
City of Columbus – Division of Facilities Management	910	1.66
Ohio Building Authority	901	1.64
Franklin International	802	<u>1.46</u>
Total	<u>\$ 19,685</u>	<u>35.89%</u>

Source: Department of Public Utilities, Division of Electricity

(20.) <u>Tax Increment Revenues – Easton</u> – The following is an update to the information provided in the Official Statement, dated June 3, 1999 and relating to the original issuance of \$30,050,000 City of Columbus, Ohio Tax Increment Financing Bonds, Series 1999 (Easton Project), under the caption "TAX INCREMENT REVENUES." (See Page 11 of the Official Statement.):

Based upon billing data for collection year 2003, the top ten obligors with respect to TIF Payments, and their respective percentages of the total TIF Payments for that collection year (\$2,057,592), are as follows:

		% of Total TIF
Rank	Name of Obligor	<u>Payments</u>
1	Easton Towne Center LLC	39.97%
2	Easton Market LLC	12.48
3	MORSO Holding Co.	7.69
4	Richs Department Stores	4.82
5	Easton Communities LLC	3.82
6	Nordstrom Inc.	3.60
7	Lowes Home Centers Inc.	2.62
8	Dayton Hudson Corp.	2.51
9	Robert Lindemann Tr.	2.41
10	Germain Real Estate Co.	1.25

Table 29 (continued)

Compliance Information Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c2-12(b)(5)(i)(C) and (D)

# (21.) Debt Summary – Projected Additional Debt

To be eligible for capital improvements funding (i.e., from issuance of debt), an asset must have a useful life of at least five years and be considered non-operational. Some examples of capital improvements projects include the purchase of major equipment items, street lighting, street improvements, land acquisition for recreational needs, building construction and facility rehabilitation. The City's current capital improvements program (CIP), for the period 2004 through 2009, provides for approximately \$1.7 billion in funding for various capital improvements. A copy of the current CIP may be obtained by contacting the Department of Finance, City Hall, 90 West Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215.

This Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Columbus, Ohio will be distributed to approximately 500 recipients including the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board, all nationally recognized municipal securities information repositories (NRMSIRS), and to the Ohio Municipal Advisory Council. This report is also available on the City's website. The Internet address is: <a href="http://www.cityofcolumbus.org">http://www.cityofcolumbus.org</a>.

# SINGLE AUDIT SECTION



Deloitte & Touche LLP 155 East Broad Street 18th Floor Columbus, OH 43215-3611 USA

Tel: 614-221-1000 Fax: 614-229-4647 www.deloitte.com

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED UPON THE AUDIT PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Hugh J. Dorrian City Auditor City of Columbus, Ohio and The Honorable Betty Montgomery Auditor of State of Ohio

We have audited the financial statements of the City of Columbus, Ohio (the "City") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2003, and have issued our report thereon dated April 16, 2004. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards. However, we noted certain immaterial instances of noncompliance that we have reported to the management and the City in a separate letter dated April 16, 2004.

## **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in

the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we noted certain matters involving the internal control over financial reporting, which we have presented to management and the City in a separate letter dated April 16, 2004.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the City's management, the Auditor of State of Ohio, federal, state and pass-through awarding agencies, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

April 16, 2004

Weleitte + Jonese LLP



Deloitte & Touche LLP 155 East Broad Street 18th Floor Columbus, OH 43215-3611 USA

Tel: 614-221-1000 Fax: 614-229-4647 www.deloitte.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE AND ON THE SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL, STATE AND COUNTY AWARDS

The Honorable Hugh J. Dorrian City Auditor City of Columbus, Ohio and The Honorable Betty Montgomery Auditor of State of Ohio

#### Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the City of Columbus, Ohio (the "City") with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget* ("OMB") *Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2003. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2003. However, the result of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance with those requirements that are required to be reported in accordance with OMB Circular A-133 and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 03-01, 03-02, 03-03, 03-04, 03-05, 03-06, 03-07, 03-08, 03-09, and 03-10.

#### **Internal Control Over Compliance**

The management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

#### **Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards**

Deloite + Jonese LLP

We have audited the basic financial statements of the City as of and for the year ended December 31, 2003, and have issued our report thereon dated April 16, 2004. Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by OMB Circular A-133 and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. This schedule is the responsibility of the management of the City of Columbus, Ohio. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

This report is intended solely for the information of the City's management, the Ohio Auditor of State, federal, state and pass-through awarding agencies and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

April 16, 2004

City of Columbus, Ohio Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal, State, and County Awards Year Ended December 31, 2003

Grant No. (1)	Fund	Grant Title	CFDA	Grant No. (2)	Grant Award (3)	Receipts	City Match and Miscellaneous Receipts	Expenditures
510216	<b>Federa</b> 286	Federal Grants Department of Agriculture 286 Wetlands Reserve Program	10.072	,	\$ 22,241 \$		•	4,206
513016 518309 511020	286 286 286	2003 Summer Food Service Program for Children Senior Farmers Market Nutrition Program Wildlife Habitat Incentive Program	10.559 10.576 10.914		1,204,967 100,000 24,000	779,646 100,000 24,000		760,218 132,153 5,200
		Total Department of Agriculture			₩"	903,646	1	901,777
502037 448298	251	From Ohio Environmental Protection Agency: Columbus Lead - Safe Yard Brownfields Assessment Project Total Environmental Protection Agency	66.707 66.811		150,000 350,000 = *	50,000 86,716 136,716	35	25,683 62,767 88,450
518019 518307 518317	286 286 286	Department of Health and Human Services Title VII, Prevention of Elder Abuse Title IIIE - Caregiver Support Title IIIE - Caregiver Support	93.041 93.052 93.052	90-88 90-88	15,681 696,236 4,200	15,681 557,638 4,200 561,838	100	15,681 710,634 4,575 715,700
518310 508317 518020 448220 502017	286 251 286 220 251	Title IV - Senior Medicare Preventive Health & Health Services Block Grant Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Social Services Block Grant 2002 Healthy Start Initiative 2003 Healthy Start Initiative 2003 Healthy Start Initiative	93.048 93.283 93.568 93.667 93.926	282-97-0038 HEAP-06 G-9501-04-ECUR 5H47MC00028-03	145,128 600,000 27,253 2,947,368 500,000	80,496 80,496 150,000 27,253 46,631 380,676		112,488 112,488 76,901 27,253 56,615 290,772 241,855
		Total Department of Health and Human Services				597,231 1,479,130	100	532,627 1,536,754
518318 518301 518303 518324	286 286 286 286	From the Ohio Department of Aging: Programs for the Aging-Title III, Part F-Preventive Health Serv Programs for the Aging-Title III, Part B-Senior Support Services Programs for the Aging-Title III, Part A-Nutrition Services Programs for the Aging-Title III, Part A-Nutrition Services Train for CFDA 93 Ad4 and CFDA 93 Ad5	93.043 93.044 93.045 93.045	90-88	88,914 1,883,255 2,363,257 356,670	77,104 1,579,900 2,363,257 338,354 4,781,511	3,031 5,564 246,174 254,769	78,978 1,759,757 2,225,340 488,222 4 473,319
518139	286	(4) Medical Assistance Program (PASSPORT)  Total Ohio Department of Aging	93.778		25,863,656	25,798,387 30,157,002	603,717 603,717 858,486	27,325,891 31,878,188

City of Columbus, Ohio Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal, State, and County Awards Year Ended December 31, 2003

	Expenditures	6,905 2,642,358 741,999 3,391,262	178,400 9,453 187,853	46,550 48,484 95,034	331,805 24,389 563 356,757	590,984 484	88,179 100,000 173,371 953,018	12,909 11,671 24,580	91,841 91,841	682,767 163,161 845,928	30,134 70,568 100,702	296,606 219,909 3,062 519,577	41,633
		3, 2,											
City Match	and Miscellaneous Receipts							1 1 1					1
	Receipts	2,589,191 876,555 3,465,746	184,731 - 184,731	45,000 47,000 92,000	302,665 30,324 - 332,989	426,713	95,942 100,000 369,173 991,828	17,884 12,582 30,466	99,672 99,672	691,764 127,287 819,051	25,901 116,997 142,898	295,203	70 684
	Grant Award (3)	3,124,776 3,324,301 3,506,045	184,731 223,753	90,000 94,000	362,963 355,963 10,000	668,186 280,000	191,885 100,000 844,572	31,000	136,975	883,568 762,107	120,702 120,702 —	400,773 516,919 108,000	77.70
	Grant No. (2)	3486 K033 K630	K091 J502	J797 K370	K095 J523 -	3321 3321	K342	142-AI 142-AI	1	K104 J524	142 142	K103 J568	
	CFDA	10.557 10.557 10.557	93.118 93.118	93.197 93.197	93.268 93.268 93.268	93.283 93.283	93.283 93.283 93.283	93.917 93.917	93.919	93.940 93.940	93.959 93.959	93.977 93.977 93.977	,
	Grant Title	From the Ohio Department of Health: 2001 Women, Infants, and Children Program 2002 Women, Infants, and Children Program 2003 Women, Infants, and Children Program Total for CFDA 10.557	TB Prevention Control TB Prevention Control Total for CFDA 93.118	2002 Childhood Lead Poisoning Prevention Program 2003 Childhood Lead Poisoning Prevention Program Total for CFDA 93.197	2003 Immunization Action Plan Childhood Immunization Grants Childhood Immunization Grants Total for CFDA 93.268	Public Health Infrastructure Metropolitan Medical Response	Cooperative Agreements-State based Comprenensive breast/Cervical Cancer Early Detection Programs 2003 Regional Medical Response System Public Health Infrastructure  Total for CFDA 93.283	HIV Care Formula Grants 2003 HIV Care Formula Grants 2002 Total for CFDA 93.917	Cooperative Agreements-State Based Comprehensive Breast/Cervical Cancer Early Detection Programs 2002 Total for CFDA 93.919	HIV Prevention Activities-Health Department Based HIV Prevention Activities-Health Department Based Total for CFDA 93.940	Health Delivery Services to Persons with AIDS 2003 Health Delivery Services to Persons with AIDS 2002 Total for CFDA 93.959	2003 STD Control Program 2002 STD Control Program STD Diagnostic & Treatment Services Total for CFDA 93.977	
!	Fund	251 251 251	251 251	251 251	251 251 251	251 251	251 251 251	251 251	251	251 251	251 251	251 251 251	
	Grant No. (1)	501016 502016 503016	503004	502022 503022	503006 502006 502007	502045 504051	503023 503051 504052	503009	502023	503005	503013 502013	503003 502003 508318	!

City of Columbus, Ohio Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal, State, and County Awards Year Ended December 31, 2003

Expenditures	16,559 861,947 204,728 3,546 122,997 23,010 1,232,787 7,840,972	8,831 192,604 102,820 125,907 120,889 32,673 135,263 748,987	1,121,732	346,221	12,687,994 1,159,760 13,847,754	5,433 84,024 89,457	246,394	723,550 34,918,252 35,641,802	398,894	5,768,622	429,054 17,614 446,668	1,756 551,835 99,552 122,094 775,237 58,682,781
City Match and Miscellaneous Receipts	94,391 49,751 - - 144,142	1,316 33,052 - - 34,368 - 1,037,096	,	117,301	2,407,965 2,354,216 4,762,181	- 44,732 44,732	,	124,871			- 115,491 115,491	5,164,576
Receipts	553,485 335,420 112,500 37,500 1,038,905 7,543,173	97,043 28,100 112,385 47,719 46,471 33,718		229,049	10,381,067		246,394	1,984,302 1,984,302	419,292	5,317,729	429,054	3,190 995,226 - - 998,416 20,005,303
Grant Award (3)	1,151,741 722,291 539,208 120,000 150,000 150,000	337,407 330,321 131,153 225,195 1158,500 67,736 70,871	,	354,000	1 1	6,000,000 1,000,000	1,210,779	18,130,483 18,130,483	1,821,611	8,791,163	429,054 3,000,000	3,190 2,157,343 1,124,223 4,687,684
Grant No. (2)	1364 1940 1940 1364 1940 1940	1 1 1 1 1 1	,	ı	B-96-MC-39-009 B-96-MC-39-009	B-81-AA-39-0110 B-81-AA-39-0111	ı	1 1	OH16H97-FO51	ı		OHLAG0055-95 OHLAG0055-95 OHLAG0055-95 OHLAG0055-95
CFDA	93.994 93.994 93.994 93.994 93.994	93.959 93.959 93.959 93.959 93.959 93.959	14.174	14.191	14.218 14.218	14.221 14.221	14.231	14.239 14.239	14.241	14.244	14.246 14.246	14.900 14.900 14.900 14.900
Grant Title	Maternal & Child Health Svs Block Grant to the States Maternal & Child Health Svs Block Grant to the States Maternal & Child Health Svs Block Grant to the States 2001 Ohio Infant Mortality Reduction 2002 Ohio Infant Mortality Reduction 2003 Ohio Infant Mortality Reduction Total for CFDA 93.994 Total Ohio Department of Health	From the Franklin County A.D.A.M.H. Board: 2001 HIV Early Intervention Services 2002 HIV Early Intervention Services 2002 Universely Risk Reduction/COA 2002 Women's Adrolon Recovery 2003 HIV Early Intervention Services 2003 Historyke Risk Reduction/COA 2003 Women's Alcohol Recovery Total Franklin County A.D.A.M.H Board Total Department of Health and Human Services	Total Department of Housing and Urban Development Housing Development Grant Program	Congregate Housing Services Program	Community Development Block Grant-Non-loan program Community Development Block Grant-Loan program Total for CFDA 14.218	Urban Development Action Grant Urban Development Action Grant Total for CFDA 14.221	Emergency Shelter Grants Program	HOME Investment Partnerships Program-Non-loan program HOME Investment Partnerships Program-Loan program Total for CFDA 14.239	Housing for People with AIDS (HOPWA)	Empowerment Zones Program	Economic Development Initiative Central City Loan Total for CFDA 14.246	Lead-Based paint Hazard Control in Priority Housing Total for CFDA 14,900 Total Department of Housing and Urban Development
_ I	Matemal & C Matemal & C Matemal & C 2001 Ohio Ir 2002 Ohio Ir 2003 Ohio Ir	2001 HIV E 2002 HIV E 2002 Lifest 2002 Wom 2003 HIV E 2003 Lifest 2003 Wom	<b>Tot</b> a Housing I	Congrega	Commur	Urban D Urban D	Emerger	HOME I	Housing	Empow	Econom Central	Lead-Be Lead-Be Lead-Be Lead-Be
Fund	251 Maternal & C 251 Maternal & C 251 Maternal & C 251 2001 Ohio Ir. 251 2002 Ohio Ir. 251 2003 Ohio Ir.	251 2001 HIV I 251 2002 HIV I 251 2002 Lifest 251 2003 HIV I 251 2003 HIV I 251 2003 Hiest 251 2003 Wom	<b>Tot</b> : 201 Housing I	286 Congrega	248 Commur 248 Commur	243 Urban D 243 Urban D	220 Emerger	201 HOME II 201 HOME II	220 Housing	220 Empow	220 Econom 204 Central	220 Lead-Be 220 Lead-Be 220 Lead-Be 220 Lead-Be

City of Columbus, Ohio Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal, State, and County Awards Year Ended December 31, 2003

Expenditures	10,803 829,916 840,719	16,222	10,422 4,987 74,131 16,586 95,704	2,856 516,548 503,747 1,023,151	39,566	165,781 51,797 217,578	49,705	50,275 36,213 129,224 99,735 111,368 4,637 21,088	2,430	77,080	104,211 70,603 26,960 201,774 2,175,750
City Match and Miscellaneous Receiots	 		9,412	3,190 90,020 3,132 96,342	•	4,000				· [	55,000 55,000 164,754
Receipts	8,062 825,705 833,767	34,690	34,120 34,120 31,703 16,586 82,409	538,821 538,821	1	99,859 14,264 114,123	32,965	44,591 52,496 140,255 105,455 112,436 1,499 22,331 479,063		172,200	123,274 35,459 14,184 172,917 1,627,188
Grant Award	1,500,000	59,786 41,846	114,238 95,061 16,586	1,042,719 910,916 701,568 538,821	73,207	378,540 100,000	75,000	28,429 56,470 398,534 267,679 439,333 19,050 46,416	8,330	210,000	136,912 47,279 42,550
Grant No. (2)		99-JJ-OP2-0209	01-JB-007-F130 02-JB-007-F130 00-JB-013-A049	00-LB-BX-1632 01-LB-BX-1435 02-LB-BX-0949 03-LB-BX-1654		DG-E01-7721 02-DG-A01-7206	ı	96-WF-VA2-8758 96-WF-VA2-8757 96-WF-VA2-8758 96-WF-VA5-8757 99-VA-DSC-E317 02-WF-VA3-8752			DG-E02-B515 03VADSCE478 03VADSCE478
CFDA	15.914	16.540 16.540	16.523 16.523 16.523	16.592 16.592 16.592 16.592	16.607	16.579 16.579	16.609	16.588 16.588 16.588 16.588 16.588 16.588	16.560	16.564	16.575 16.575 16.575
Grant Title	Department of Interior From the Ohio Historical Society: Cultural Arts Center Beatty Park & Recreation Center Total Department of Interior	Department of Justice Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Project Smart - Student Mediation	Operation Nite Light (01 JAJBG) Operation Nite Light (02 JAJBG) S.T.O.P. Teenage Opportunity to Purchase Total for CFDA 16.523	Local Law Enforcement Block Grant (LLEBG) Total for CFDA 16.592	Bulletproof Vest Partnership	From the Alliance for Cooperative Justice: Byrne Formula Grant Central Ohio Reg Drug Task Force Total Alliance for Cooperative Justice	2002 Planning In Community Prosecution	From the Alliance for Cooperative Justice: Violence Against Women Formula Grants	From the Ohio Attorney General's Office: Justice Research, Development, and Evaluation Project Grants	Crime Laboratory Improvements	Telecomm Harrasment Grant. 2002 Probation Svcs - Victim Advocates 2003 Probation Svcs - Victim Advocates Total for CFDA 16.575 Total Department of Justice
Fund	220	220 220	220 220 220	222 222 222 222	220	220 220	220	220 220 220 220 220 220 220	220	220	220 220 220
Grant No. (1)	512021	240002 243008	332005 333005 332010	338005 338006 338007 338008	331003	240001	252004	241004 241005 248270 248271 248295 333007	333017	332012	240003 252003 253003

City of Columbus, Ohio Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal, State, and County Awards Year Ended December 31, 2003

Expenditures	106,596 151,771 - 258,367	53,237 31,443 23,256 9,242 2,913 14,117 10,978 12,711 3,168 79,216 62,996 62,996 62,996 3,112,672 624,759 624,759 676,130 7,650 4,056 4,056 4,056	43,289 264,555 307,844 109,427,489	10,000
and Miscellaneous Receipts	1 1 1	6,275 6,275 6,275 8,190 8,190 8,190 452,942 452,942 - 94,728 - 94,728 - 273,500 - 821,170	7,195,821	- 16,203,365
Receipts	110,068 128,910 - 238,978	53,237 32,808 9,242 - 94,626 68,541 44,358 302,812 541,790 - 1,421,062 - 1,421,062	30,303 264,555 294,858 65,275,353	10,000
Grant Award (3)	315,000 630,838 550,000	53,237 66,169 35,425 9,242 13,550 117,500 68,667 34,215 71,339 101,000 68,667 68,431 13,459,945 4,760,000 68,619,202 7,027,226 89,301 3,198,867	500,000	10,000
Grant No. (2)	PF-FRA-189	- - 4166.2 4082.0 4083.0 1691.1 3025.1 3011.1 3009.2		,
CFDA	20.205 20.205 20.205	20.600 20.600 20.600 20.600 20.600 20.600 20.600 20.600 20.600 20.600 20.600 20.600 20.205 20.205 20.205 20.205 20.205 20.205	83.554	45.024
Grant Title	Department of Transportation From Ohio Public Safety Highway Planning & Construction Highway Planning & Construction Highway Planning & Construction	2003 Selective Traffic Enforcement 2003 CPD-Ohio Safe Commute 2003 EMS Grant 2004 EMS Grant 2004 EMS Grant 2003 Selfo Communities 2003 Occupant Protection Program 2005 Safe Communities 2000 Csafe Communities 2002 Safe Communities 2002 Coclapant Protection Program 2002 Coclapant Protection Program 2002 Child Passenger Van Grant 2002 Child Passenger Van Grant 2004 Safe Communities 2005 Child Passenger Van Grant 2006 Child Passenger Van Grant 2007 Child Passenger Van Grant 2007 Child Passenger Van Grant 2008 Child Passenger Van Grant 2009 Child Passenger Van Grant 2009 From the Ohio Department of Transportation: Highway Planning & Construction - Hard Road - Phase C 2009 Highway Planning & Construction - Spring-Sandusky Inter. Highway Planning & Construction - Spring-Sandusky Inter. Highway Planning & Construction - Central Ohio Mgt Based 2009 Highway Planning & Construction - Central Ohio Mgt Based 2019 Fransportation 2019 Fransportati	Federal Emergency Management Agency FEMA - Assistance to Firefighters FEMA - Public Assistance/Emergency Relief Total Federal Assistance - Primary Government	Other Federal Agencies Emerson Burkhart Mural Other Federal Assistance - Loans US EPA/OWDA Water Pollution Control Loan
Fund	220 220 220	220 220 220 220 220 221 221 221 251 251 251 251 251 251 251	220 220	220
Grant No. (1)	540002 548077 549001	333013 333019 343008 343008 343008 343005 503025 502024 502025 502026 50	343004 593005	442003

130,056,215

23,399,186

65,285,353

Total Federal Assistance - Reporting Entity

City of Columbus, Ohio Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal, State, and County Awards Year Ended December 31, 2003

Expenditures		48,798 22,284 460,841 174,758 1,013,884 1,720,565	1,684	200,000 75,000 52,500 30,191 357,691	- 4,775 274 5,049	478,725	68,215 104,880 10,209 49,203 36,959 144,969 36,399 167,505 20,048 275 1,011 11,637 316,196 7,323
City Match and Miscellaneous Receipts			'		1,000	'	40,706
Receipts		47,590 22,996 359,637 174,569 1,015,806 1,620,598	'	170,268 - 52,500 43,910 266,678	4,983 - 1,000 5,983	'	133,860 64,326 12,033 11,000 27,163 135,369 38,549 27,434 27,200 - 27,200 - - 216,767
Grant Award (3)		47,590 23,646 454,936 174,569 1,024,315	54,166 =	466,666 150,000 6,800 43,910 *=	4,983 5,000 1,000	487,603	216,000 105,561 46,900 66,916 1158,000 1156,500 51,713 438,670 34,850 52,800 10,935 15,0042 66,800
Grant No. (2)		GRF-490-412 GRF-490-506 GRF-490-512 GRF-490-411			03М-031 - -		- 1991 K314 1940 K680
CFDA							
Grant Title		Bepartment of Aging RSS/Assisted Living Senior Volunteer Program Alzheimer's Respite Home Care Ombudsman Senior Block Grant Total Department of Aging	Ohio Department of Alcohol and Drug Addiction Services 2001 ADA - Prevention	Ohio Empowerment Ohio Empowerment Frank Road/Harmon Road Improvements Housing Trust Fund Program Service Coordination Program Total Department of Development	Ohio Environmental Protection Agency Columbus Environmental Asthma 2002 Ohio Bio-Biltz - Bio Diversity Program 2003 Ohio Bio-Biltz - Bio Diversity Program Total Ohio Environmental Protection Agency	Ohio Department of Transportation CAD/FMS Improvements	Ohio Department of Health TB Enhancement/Tobacco Settlement 2002 Community Access Program 2002 State AIDS Care 2002 ADA Prevention Services 2002 Cardiovascular Health 2003 Cardiovascular Health 2003 State AIDS Care Maternal & Child Health Svs Block Grant to the States 2003 State AIDS Care Maternal & Child Health Svs Block Grant to the States 2003 ADA Prevention Services 2003 Community Access Program Ohio Childhood Automobile State Health Subsidy 1999 Ohio Immunization Action Plan Total Ohio Department of Health
Fund	State	286 286 286 286 286	251	220 220 286 286	251 286 286	220	251 251 251 251 251 251 251 251 251 251
Grant No. (1)		518006 518025 518047 518308 518315	501029	440003 593003 518082 518482	504053 512024 513024	313001	501032 502035 502014 502040 502040 503018 503018 503029 503029 503029 503020 503020 503020 503020 503020

City of Columbus, Ohio Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal, State, and County Awards Year Ended December 31, 2003

Expenditures	656,561 2,986 - 7,929 21,372 182,255 8,031 879,134	67,801 53,668 121,469	2,984,346 18,034 16,162 149,736 4,517,311	85,000	42,785	7,426 3,006,107 116,292 696,114 40,202 291,598 2,306,912 4,753,578 133,142 11,351,371	2,250 18,587 1,729 691 23,257	20,558,870
City Match and Miscellaneous Receipts	120,805			.	'	7,502,660		7,844,833
Receipts	26,1094 1,102 26,136 57,600 11,820	68,590 36,100 104,690	22,031 1,176,552 1,8625 1,924,509 15,907	85,000	42,785	513,560 72,487 1,092,635 9,139 44,878 1,175,224 597,496 106,935 4,015,334	2,250 11,612 1,729 5,000 20,591	10,977,361
Grant Award (3)	12,000,000 3,352 1,102 420,000 140,960 141,500 1,1,820 \$	= 144,400 140,790 = \$	22,031 4,750,000 18,625 7,750,000 20,635 15,907 12,310 *=	= \$ 000 \$	42,785 \$	7,426 2,425,740 1,166,459 3,495,131 671,507 469,666 5,297,824 4,389,627 1,690,848	2,250 21,769 2,000 5,000	<b>\$</b>
Grant No. (2)			1.1.1.1.1.1	,			02-JJ-DP2-J106 MHN03-82 MGS03-02	
CFDA								
ָבֿ								
	Resources	Department of Rehabilitation and Corrections 2002 Misdemeanor Diversion 2003 Misdemeanor Diversion Total Department of Rehabilitation and Corrections	Ohio Arts Council PAINT 2002 2002 Scioto Peninsula 2002 Festival Latino - OAC Spring 2003 2003 Festival Latino - OAC Music in the Air-Donations/Grants Total Ohio Arts Council	Ohio Attorney General's Offce DARE Law Enforcement Program	Ohio Public Safety FEMA Project PW 691	Ohio Public Works Commission Cherry Bottom Park Lane Avenue Group 9 Intersection Improvements Chatterton Road Improvement Chatterton Road Improvements ADA Curb Ramps Greenlawn Avenue Improvements ADA Curb Ramps Group 8 Intersection Improvements	Other Agency 2003 PUCO Hazardous Material Training 2003 Truancy Deterrence Program 2003 Minority Health Month 2003 Community Chats Total Other Agency	Total State Assistance
	Department of Natural Resources Scioto Peninsula 2002 Angler Education Alum Creek Trail 2002 Recycle Ohio Grant 2003 Recycle Ohio Grant State Marine Patrol Total Department of Natural Resources	<b>sha</b> par	hio Arts Council			Ohio Public Works Commission  764 Cherry Bottom Park 764 Lane Avenue 764 Group 9 Intersection Improvements 763 Chatterton Road Improvement 764 Group 10 Intersection Improvements 764 ADA Curb Ramps 764 ADA Curb Ramps 763 Greenlawn Avenue Improvements 763 ADA Curb Ramps 763 Group 8 Intersection Improvements 763 Group 8 Intersection Improvements	220 2003 PUCO Hazardous Material Training 220 2003 Truancy Deterrence Program 251 2003 Minority Health Month 251 2003 Community Chats Total Other Agency	Total State Assistance

City of Columbus, Ohio Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal, State, and County Awards Year Ended December 31, 2003

Expenditures		25,331 255,534 - 233,148 112,373 626,386		54,169 867 55,036	164,984	68,781 18,331	86,716	31,477 153,193 10,200	153,056	21 1/1 50	2,266,192 5,565 2,271,757		- 60 80		3,5	824,987		130,056,215	
City Match and Miscellaneous Receipts		57,147 - 74,881 5,340 137,368		45,821 1,185 47,006	'		•				520			15,000	199,894	605,179	7,844,833	\$37,399,186	
Receipts		185,095 13,178 107,852 78,791 384,916		1 1 1	131.401	63,765	- 000	105,688	152,174	((1,00)	2,233,565		10,184	45,000	3,537,485	669'658	10,977,361	65,285,353	6,332,097 86,991,995
Grant Award (3)		472,744 357,896 18,583 183,093 89,148		60,078 62,278 *	131.401	73,188 33,221	300,000	202,265	401,096	÷	2,291,253 9,984		10,184	120,000	* Total County Assistance	Total Private Assistance, net	Total State Assistance (See above)	Intity (See above)	rued Grant and Contract Revenue
Grant No. (2)		1 1 1 1 1			,										Total	Total Priva	Total State Assist	Total Federal Assistance - Reporting Entity (See above) Total Assistance	Increase (decrease) in Accrued Grant and Contract Revenue Total Grant and Contract Revenue
CFDA																		otal Federal A	se (decrease)
Grant Title	County Grants A.D.A.M.H. Board		Board of Health	2003 Comprehensive Antidumping Enforcement 2002 Comprehensive Antidumping Enforcement Total Board of Health	Franklin County Department of Jobs and Family Services 2001 FCCS Intake & Investigations	Teen Pregnancy Prevention 2001 In-Home Parenting	2001 Welcome Home	2003 Ir-Ponne Parentung Help Me Grow - Oversight & Planning Help Me Grow - Consince	help he grow blied. Services Help Me Grow Diedet Services Total Diede Services Tatal Franklin County Department of John and Eamily Services	rotal mannin County Department of Jobs and raining 3ervices	Franklin County Seniors Options Franklin County Seniors Options Franklin County Seniors Options Total Franklin County Commissioners	Other Agency	2003 Health and Wellness Chamical Emergency Preparedness	CMHA Homebuyer Assistance	לכוופן אפפור אפרוכן			F	Increa
Fund	Count	251 251 251 251 286		220	251	251 251	251	251	251		286 286		220	220					
Grant No. (1)		501031 502031 502042 503031 518018		593002 592002	501021	501034	501208	502044	503046		518335 512005		513005	441008					

Notes to Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal, State, and County Awards

December 31, 2003

# Note A-General

The accompanying Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal, State, and County Awards (the Schedule) presents the activity of all federal, state and county award programs of the City of Columbus, Ohio (the City). The City's reporting entity is defined in Note A to the City's basic financial statements. All federal awards received directly from federal agencies as well as federal awards passed through other government agencies are included on the Schedule.

# Note B-Basis of Accounting

The accompanying Schedule is presented using the cash basis of accounting in which revenues are recognized when received and expenditures are recognized when paid.

# Note C-Relationship to Basic Financial Statements

Grant revenues are reported in the City's special revenue and capital projects funds. See the Schedule for the reconciliation between the fund financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and the Schedule prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

## Note D-Schedule References

- 1. Grant No. represents the City's Performance Accounting System classification structure and is used for internal purposes only.
- 2. Grant number for pass-through grants is the State of Ohio's grant number.
- 3. Grant award amounts represent grantor's share only.
- 4. The P.A.S.S.P.O.R.T. program is funded by both federal and state Medicaid. The amount presented is the federal portion only.

# Note E-Loans Outstanding

The City administers loan programs with funding received from the Department of Housing and Urban Development. Following are the loan balances outstanding for these programs as of December 31, 2003:

	Federal	
	CFDA	Amount
Program Title	Number	Outstanding
Community Development Block Grant	14.218	\$38,884,511
HOME Investment Partnership	14.239	34,918,252
Housing Development Grant Program	14.174	1,121,732
Homeownership Opportunities For	14.185	104,700
People Everywhere		
Rental Rehabilitation	14.230	3,278,674
Section 108	14.246	822,708
Urban Development Action Grant	14.221	2,530,509

Notes to Schedule to Receipts and Expenditures of Federal, State, and County Awards December 31, 2003

# Note F - Subrecipients

Of the federal expenditures presented in the schedule, the City provided federal awards to subrecipients as follows:

to subrecipients as follows:	Federal CFDA Number	Amount Provided to
Children's Hospital, Inc.	10.557	Subrecipients \$ 193,705
Children's Research Institute	10.557	73,436
Total CFDA 10.557	10.557	267,141
Lifecare Alliance	10.572	132,153
Catholic Social Services, Inc.	14.218	24,661
Center For New Directions	14.218	30,067
Central Community House Of Columbus Inc	14.218	142,692
Columbus Compact, Inc.	14.218	154,063
Columbus Housing Partnership	14.218	192,470
Columbus Literacy Council	14.218	80,343
Columbus Urban Growth Corp.	14.218 14.218	290,101 159,915
Columbus Urban League Community Shelter Board	14.218	450,481
First Night Columbus, Inc.	14.218	5,000
Southside Community Action Network Association	14.218	29,990
Total CFDA 14.218	111210	1,559,783
Community Shelter Board	14.231	246,394
Columbus Aids Task Force	14.241	309,416
Licking County Coalition For Housing	14.241	74,216
Total CFDA 14.241		383,632
Columbus Compact, Inc.	14.244	5,556,645
Columbus/Franklin County Affordable Trust Authority	14.246	429,054
Columbus Urban Growth Corp	66.811	62,767
Catholic Social Services, Inc.	93.041	15,681
Alzheimer's Association	93.044	13,890
American Red Cross Of Greater Columbus	93.044	76,381
American Red Cross-Central Ohio Region	93.044	5,050
Catholic Social Services, Inc.	93.044	275,922
Columbus Neighborhood Health Center	93.044	23,857
Community Action Agency Of Fayette County	93.044	29,407
Elder Choices Of Central Ohio	93.044	132,368
Hospice & Health Services Of Fairfield County	93.044	46,454
L.E.A.D.S. Community Action Agency	93.044	3,905
Legal Aid Society Of Columbus  Lifecare Alliance	93.044 93.044	55,558 423,946
Meals On Wheels-Older Adult Alternatives	93.044	30,052
Pickaway County Commission On Aging	93.044	33,425
Salvation Army	93.044	6,395
Total CFDA 93.044	20.0.1	1,156,610

# Notes to Schedule to Receipts and Expenditures of Federal, State, and County Awards December 31, 2003

	_	Federal CFDA Number	Amount Provided to Subrecipients
Council For Older Adults		93.045	152,014
Lifecare Alliance		93.045	1,275,455
Meals On Wheels-Older Adult Alternatives		93.045	205,609
Pickaway County Commission On Aging		93.045	117,133
	Total CFDA 93.045		1,750,211
Council For Older Adults		93.048	16,129
Meals On Wheels-Older Adult Alternatives		93.048	16,215
	Total CFDA 93.048		32,344
Community Action Agency Of Fayette Cour	nty	93.052	38,115
Council For Older Adults		93.052	38,626
Meals On Wheels-Older Adult Alternatives		93.052	56,786
Pickaway County Commission On Aging		93.052	53,226
	Total CFDA 93.052		186,753
Catholic Social Services, Inc.		93.568	3,800
Council For Older Adults		93.568	2,400
Elder Choices Of Central Ohio		93.568	1,900
Meals On Wheels-Older Adult Alternatives		93.568	1,900
Pickaway County Commission On Aging		93.568	2,400
	Total CFDA 93.568		12,400
Columbus Compact, Inc.		93.667	56,615
Ohio Aids Coalition		93.917	12,232
Neighborhood House, Inc.		93.926	268,259
Children's Hospital, Inc.		93.940	28,807
Children's Research Institute		93.940	13,218
Columbus Aids Task Force		93.940	142,745
Columbus Urban League		93.940	8,618
Ohio Aids Coalition		93.940	5,469
Ohio State University		93.940	18,285
The Tobias Project, Inc.		93.940	63,082
	Total CFDA 93.940		280,224
CMACAO		93.977	3,335
Southside Community Action Network Asso	ciation	93.977	5,000
Stonewall Columbus		93.977	61,291
The Tobias Project, Inc.		93.977	3,333
	Total CFDA 93.977		72,959
Children's Hospital, Inc.		93.994	579,766
Ohio State University		93.994	99,893
	Total CFDA 93.994		679,659

# Notes to Schedule to Receipts and Expenditures of Federal, State, and County Awards December 31, 2003

	Federal CFDA	Amount Provided to
	Number	Subrecipients
Alzheimer's Association	97.999	133,328
Catholic Social Services, Inc.	97.999	190,453
Columbus Compact, Inc.	97.999	200,000
Community Action Agency Of Fayette County	97.999	9,013
Council For Older Adults	97.999	14,378
Elder Choices Of Central Ohio	97.999	38,737
Hospice & Health Services Of Fairfield County	97.999	9,295
L.E.A.D.S. Community Action Agency	97.999	15,121
Lifecare Alliance	97.999	368,676
Meals On Wheels-Older Adult Alternatives	97.999	78,228
Pickaway County Commission On Aging	97.999	57,855
Salvation Army	97.999	11,400
Franklin County	97.999	24,000
Total CFDA 97.999		1,150,484
Total federal awards provided to subrecipients		\$ 14,312,000

# **CITY OF COLUMBUS**

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003

# PART I—SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

- 1. The independent auditors' report on the financial statements expressed an unqualified opinion.
- 2. No reportable conditions in internal control over financial reporting were identified.
- 3. No instance of noncompliance considered material to the financial statements was disclosed by the audit.
- 4. No reportable conditions in internal control over compliance with requirements applicable to major federal awards programs were identified.
- 5. The independent auditors' report on compliance with requirements applicable to major federal award programs expressed an unqualified opinion.
- 6. The audit disclosed findings which are required to be reported by OMB Circular A-133.
- 7. The organization's major programs were: Community Development Block Grant (CFDA# 14.218), Highway Planning and Construction Program (CFDA# 20.205), US EPA/OWDA Water Pollution Control Loan (CFDA# 66.458).
- 8. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$2,167,132.
- 9. The Auditee did qualify as a low-risk auditee as that term is defined in OMB Circular A-133.

#### PART II—FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS SECTION

No matters are reportable.

## PART III—FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

## #03-01 Allowable Costs

Grantor: U.S. Department of Transportation – Highway Planning and Construction, CFDA 20.205

**Project Number:** #540002 – "Freeway Management System" and #548077 – "Paving the Way"

# Criteria:

The A-133 OMB Compliance Supplement Part 3 Compliance Requirement, *Allowable Cost Requirements* states: "(1) Cost must be given consistent treatment through application of those generally accepted accounting principles appropriate to the circumstances. A cost may not be assigned to a Federal award as a direct cost if any other cost incurred for the same purpose in like circumstances was allocated to the Federal award as an indirect cost and (2) Costs must conform to any limitations or exclusions set forth in the circulars, Federal laws, State or local laws, sponsored agreements or other governing regulations as to types or amounts of cost items."

# **Finding:**

The City of Columbus submitted invoices to the Ohio Department of Transportation at a different overhead rate than the overhead rate established by the Ohio Department of Transportation of 82.6%. We noted in 17 of 19 transactions tested that the City requested reimbursement for overhead at a rate different than 82.6%, which resulted in an over-reimbursement to the City of Columbus of \$4,019, offset by \$4,287 of costs not reimbursed by the Ohio Department of Transportation, for a net amount of \$268.

#### **Effect:**

Inconsistency in overhead rates utilized in the calculation of eligible reimbursable costs could result in the reimbursement of unallowed costs.

# **Questioned Cost:**

This resulted in an over-reimbursement to the City of Columbus of \$4,019, offset by \$4,287 of costs not reimbursed by the Ohio Department of Transportation, for a net amount of \$268.

## **Recommendation:**

We recommend that the City (1) implement a process of reviewing the invoice before it is billed to the State for reimbursement to ensure that programs are charged at the correct rate and (2) institute policies and procedures that establish responsibility and provide for periodic monitoring, verification, and reporting of program progress and accomplishments. This will ensure that management/supervisors are involved in the process and are knowledgeable of issues that may arise within the project.

#### #03-02 Allowable Costs

**Grantor:** U.S. Department of Transportation – Highway Planning and Construction Program, CFDA 20.205

**Project Number:** #540002 – "Freeway Management System" and #548077 – "Paving the Way"

#### Criteria:

The A-133 OMB Compliance Supplement Part 3, Compliance Requirement, Allowable Cost Requirements, "(1) Cost must be given consistent treatment through application of those generally accepted accounting principles appropriate to the circumstances. A cost may not be assigned to a Federal award as a direct cost if any other cost incurred for the same purpose in like circumstances was allocated to the Federal award as an indirect cost and (2) Costs must conform to any limitations or exclusions set forth in the circulars, Federal laws, State or local laws, sponsored agreements or other governing regulations as to types or amounts of cost items." Additionally, Part 6 Internal Control – Activities Allowed or Unallowed and Allowable Costs/Cost Principles states, "management should review supporting documentation or allowable cost information."

## **Finding:**

Project expenditures including vacation and sick days and overtime were not properly approved by a project supervisor in accordance with the Department of Transportation's policy. We noted 5 incidents out of 19 transactions tested in which vacation and sick or overtime hours were paid without proper signature of supervisor.

## **Effect:**

Unallowed expenditures might be charged to Highway Planning and Construction Planning Program.

# **Questioned Cost:**

N/A.

# **Recommendation:**

We recommend that the City (1) implement a process of reviewing and approving sick and vacation days paid, as well as, overtime approval sheets and compare this data to the Department of Transportation payroll system to ensure hours to be paid were properly approved by a supervisor and, (2) institute policies and procedures that establish responsibility and provide for periodic monitoring, verification, and report of program progress and accomplishments. This will ensure that management/supervisors are involved in the process and are knowledgeable of any issues that may arise within the project.

## #03-03 Allowable Costs

**Grantor:** U.S. Department of Transportation – Highway Planning and Construction Program,

CFDA 20.205

**Project Number:** #561119 - "I-670, I-71, I-270 Project"

#### Criteria:

The A-133 OMB Compliance Supplement Part 3 Compliance Requirement, A133 Compliance Supplement, 3-B-1 states, "The general criteria affecting the allowability of the costs under Federal Awards are: Costs must be reasonable and necessary for the performance and administration of the Federal Awards; Costs must be allocable to the Federal awards under the provisions of the cost principles per GASB standards, as applicable. A cost is allocable to a particular cost objective [...]if the goods or services involved are charged or assigned to such cost objectives in accordance with relative benefits received."

# **Finding:**

Included in the schedule of federal awards was \$4,056 in expenditures relating to project 561119, the "I-670, I-71, I-270 Project," for which the Department of Transportation could not provide supporting contractual information.

#### **Effect:**

Unallowed expenditures might be charged to Highway Planning and Construction Program.

## **Questioned Cost:**

The 2003 expenditures under project 561119 – "I-670, I-71, I-270 Project" were \$4,056. We were unable to obtain appropriate supporting contractual information to determine allowability of these expenditures. Consequently, the total amount of \$4,056 is considered to be a questioned cost.

# **Recommendation:**

We recommend that the City maintain the agreements for all federally funded project and institute policies and procedures to establish responsibility and provide for periodic monitoring, verification, and report of program progress and accomplishments. This will ensure that management/supervisors are involved in the process and are knowledgeable of any issues that may arise within the project.

## #03-04 Allowable Costs—Control

**Grantor:** U.S. Department of Transportation – Highway Planning and Construction Program, CFDA 20.205

**Project Number**: Various

#### Criteria:

The A-102 Common Rule and OMB Circular A-110 require that "entities that receive Federal Awards establish and maintain internal controls designed to reasonably ensure compliance with Federal laws, regulations, and program compliance requirements."

# Finding:

Based on discussions with the City Transportation Department personnel they are not fully aware of the requirements of the A-133 Compliance Supplement.

## Effect:

The Department of Transportation did not have policies and procedures in place that include supervisory reviews of tasks and management did not have full knowledge of requirements of the A-133 Compliance Supplement. Consequently the possibility of unallowed costs being processed for reimbursement or non-compliance with grant requirements occurring and not being detected exists.

# **Questioned Cost:**

N/A

#### **Recommendation:**

We recommend the City implement policies and procedures that establish responsibility and provide for periodic monitoring, verification, and report of program progress and accomplishments. This will ensure that management/supervisors are involved in the process and are knowledgeable of any issues that may arise within the project.

# #03-05 Cash Management

**Grantor:** U.S. Department of Transportation – Highway Planning and Construction Program, CFDA 20.205

**Sponsor Identification Number:** Various

**Project Number:** #561034 – "Spring Sandusky A-1 Bikeway" Project

# Criteria:

The A-133 OMB Compliance Supplement Part 3, Compliance Requirement, A133 Compliance Supplement – Cash Management, "When entities are funded on a reimbursement basis, program costs must be paid for by entity funds before reimbursement is requested from the Federal Government. Pass-through entities must establish reasonable procedures to ensure receipt of reports on subrecipients' cash balances and cash disbursements in sufficient time to enable the pass-through entities to submit complete and accurate cash transactions reports to the Federal awarding agency or pass-through entity. Pass-through entities must monitor cash drawdowns by their subrecipients to assure that subrecipients conform substantially to the same standards of timing and amount as apply to the pass-through entity."

#### Finding:

We noted one incident out of one selection in the amount of \$300 that the City didn't request for reimbursement. Upon further inquiry we noted, the total expenditures of \$7,650 in the current year were not requested for reimbursement.

# **Effect:**

The time elapsing between the disbursement of funds by the City and the corresponding transfer of funds from the State for reimbursement increases, resulting in poor cash management.

#### **Ouestioned Cost:**

N/A

#### **Recommendation:**

We recommend the City implement policies and procedures that establish responsibility and provide for periodic monitoring, verification, and report of program progress and accomplishments. This will ensure that management/supervisors are involved in the process and are knowledgeable of any issues that may arise within the project.

# #03-06 Cash Management

Grantor: U.S. Department of Transportation - Highway Planning and Construction Program,

CFDA 20.205

**Project Number:** #561001 – "Hard Road B"

#### Criteria:

The A-133 OMB Compliance Supplement Part 3 Compliance Requirement, A133 Compliance Supplement – Cash Management, "When entities are funded on a reimbursement basis, program costs must be paid for by entity funds before reimbursement is requested from the Federal Government. Pass-through entities must establish reasonable procedures to ensure receipt of reports on subrecipients' cash balances and cash disbursements in sufficient time to enable the pass-through entities to submit complete and accurate cash transactions reports to the Federal awarding agency or pass-through entity. Pass-through entities must monitor cash drawdowns by their subrecipients to assure that subrecipients conform substantially to the same standards of timing and amount as apply to the pass-through entity."

# Finding:

We noted in three of four transactions the City did not submit a request for reimbursement from the Ohio Department of Transportation within a reasonable period of time. Expenditures incurred in April, June and August 2003 have not been submitted for reimbursement as of December 31, 2003.

## **Effect:**

The time elapsing between the disbursement of funds by the City and the corresponding transfer of funds from the State for reimbursement increases, resulting in poor cash management.

# **Ouestioned Cost:**

N/A

# **Recommendation:**

We recommend the City implement policies and procedures that establish responsibility and provide for periodic monitoring, verification, and reporting of program progress and accomplishments. This will ensure that management/supervisors are involved in the process and are knowledgeable of any issues that may arise within the project.

# #03-07 Cash Management

**Grantor:** U.S. Department of Transportation – Highway Planning and Construction Program, CFDA 20.205

**Project Number:** #548077 – "Paving the Way"

#### Criteria:

The A-133 OMB Compliance Supplement Part 3, Compliance Requirement, A133 Compliance Supplement – Cash Management, "When entities are funded on a reimbursement basis, program costs must be paid for by entity funds before reimbursement is requested from the Federal Government. Pass-through entities must establish reasonable procedures to ensure receipt of reports on subrecipients' cash balances and cash disbursements in sufficient time to enable the pass-through entities to submit complete and accurate cash transactions reports to the Federal awarding agency or pass-through entity. Pass-through entities must monitor cash drawdowns by their subrecipients to assure that subrecipients conform substantially to the same standards of timing and amount as apply to the pass-through entity." Additionally, OMB Circular A-133, Subpart C, §\_\_\_.310 (b) (3) states "the auditee shall also prepare a schedule of expenditures of federal awards for the period covered by the auditee's financial statements. At a minimum, the schedule shall...provide total Federal awards expended for each individual Federal program and the CFDA number or other identifying number when the CFDA information is not available."

# Finding:

In 7 of 25 transactions tested, we noted the City had submitted for reimbursements on vehicle usage, telephone, office supplies, etc., however, these expenditures were not coded in the general ledger as grant funds but were instead coded as operating funds. Total expenditures on 7 incidents were \$3,397.

#### Effect:

The total Federal expenditures included in the schedule of federal awards are understated.

# **Questioned Cost:**

N/A

## **Recommendation:**

We recommend that the City implement policies and procedures that establish responsibility and provide for periodic monitoring, verification, and report of program progress and accomplishments. This will ensure that management/supervisors are involved in the process and are knowledgeable of any issues that may arise within the project.

# #03-08 Reporting

Grantor: U.S. Department of Transportation – Highway Planning and Construction Program,

CFDA 20.205

**Project Number:** #561001 – "Hard Road B" and #530152 – "I-71/Morse Road"

#### Criteria:

OMB Circular A-133, Subpart C, §\_\_\_.310 (b) (3) states "the auditee shall also prepare a schedule of expenditures of federal awards for the period covered by the auditee's financial statements. At a minimum, the schedule shall…provide total Federal awards expended for each individual Federal program and the CFDA number or other identifying number when the CFDA information is not available."

# **Finding:**

We noted expenditures in two projects funded by Federal grants were coded under either an incorrect grant number or coded to a non-grant fund. \$2,378,437 in expenditures for Hard Road B project was included in an incorrect grant number and \$676,130 in expenditures was included in a non-grant fund. The City made coding corrections at year-end.

## **Effect:**

This could cause an understatement of expenditures in the schedule of federal awards.

## **Ouestioned Cost:**

N/A

#### **Recommendation:**

We recommend that the City implement policies and procedures that establish responsibility and provide for periodic monitoring, verification, and report of program progress and accomplishments. This will ensure that management/supervisors are involved in the process and are knowledgeable of any issues that may arise within the project.

# #03-09 Preparation of the Schedule of Federal Awards

**Grantor:** U.S. Department of Transportation – Highway Planning and Construction Program, CFDA 20.205

**Project Number:** #561101 – "Hard Road C"

## Criteria:

OMB Circular A-133, Subpart C, §\_\_\_.310 (b) (3) states "the auditee shall also prepare a schedule of expenditures of federal awards for the period covered by the auditee's financial statements. At a minimum, the schedule shall...provide total Federal awards expended for each individual Federal program and the CFDA number or other identifying number when the CFDA information is not available."

# Finding:

We noted for the fiscal years ended December 31, 1998 through 2001 expenditures under this project were not coded in the general ledger as grant funds and therefore were not reflected in the schedule of federal awards.

# **Effect:**

This caused an understatement of expenditures for this program in the schedule of federal awards for the years ending December 31, 1998 through 2001 as follows:

\$501,755

\$532,684

\$3,065

\$577,324

# **Questioned Cost:**

N/A

#### **Recommendation:**

We recommend that the City implement policies and procedures that establish responsibility and provide for periodic monitoring, verification, and report of program coding and reporting. This will ensure that all expenditures are properly captured.

# #03-10 Allowable Costs/Cost Principles

**Grantor:** US Department of Housing and Urban Development, CFDA 14.218

**Project Number:** N/A

#### **Criteria:**

According to the A-133 OMB Compliance Supplement Part 3, Allowable Cost Requirements, "the general criteria affecting allowability of costs under Federal awards are: Costs must be reasonable and necessary for the performance and administration of Federal awards. Costs must be allocable to the Federal awards under the provisions of the cost principles or GASB Standards, as applicable. A cost is allocable to a particular cost objective (e.g., a specific function, program, project, department, or the like) if the goods or services involved are charged or assigned to such cost objective in accordance with relative benefits received."

# **Finding:**

The City has drawn down Federal funds related to the CDBG grant for reimbursement of a cost that is not related to a Federal program. The cost was for snacks relating to a City summer program that was not a program eligible for Federal cost reimbursement.

# **Effect:**

Unallowable expense is being charged to the CDBG program.

# **Questioned Cost:**

There was a charge for \$30.57 that was not related to the CDBG program.

# **Recommendation:**

We recommend that the Recreation and Parks Division implement stricter controls over the review and authorization of expenses paid with Federal funds. Each expenditure should be authorized by a single project manager who is held accountable for determining what is an allowable cost under the applicable Federal program.

# PART IV—SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

No matters are reportable.